Your Global Automation Partner



BL ident[®] RFID System Planning and Engineering

User Manual



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About this Manual 1

This manual describes the setup, the functions and use of the system and helps you to plan and design the system for its intended purpose.

Read this manual carefully before using the system. This will prevent the risk of personal injury or damage to property or equipment. Keep this manual safe during the service life of the system. If the system is passed on, hand over this manual as well.

1.1 Target Groups

This manual is designed for use by suitably gualified and trained personnel and must be read by anyone entrusted with commissioning, operation, maintenance, disassembly or disposal.

1.2 **Explanation of Symbols**

Warnings related to actions are placed in front of potentially dangerous operating steps and are indicated with graphical symbols. Each warning is introduced with a warning symbol and a key word expressing the severity of the danger. The instructions must be observed in all cases:



DANGER

DANGER indicates an immediate hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a possible hazardous situation with the risk of death or serious injury if it is not prevented.



NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a situation that may cause possible damage to property if it is not prevented.



NOTE

NOTE indicates tips, recommendations and important information. The notes simplify work, contain information on particular operating steps and help to avoid additional work resulting from incorrect procedures.

MANDATORY ACTION

This symbol denotes actions that the user must carry out.

RESULT OF ACTION

This symbol denotes the relevant results of actions and procedures.

1.3 Other Documents

Besides this document the following material can be found on the Internet at www.turck.com:

- D101578 Commissioning in PROFIBUS-DP
- D101639 Commissioning in CODESYS for programmable gateways
- D101641 Commissioning in DeviceNet[™]
- D101643 Commissioning in EtherNet/IP[™]
- D101647 Commissioning in PROFINET
- D101762 Commissioning in CANopen
- D500032 BL ident[®] Software TA-HF
- D500050 BL ident[®] Software TA-HF
- D500034 PD-IDENT...TA BL ident® handheld
- D500037 Commissioning in Modbus TCP
- D500063 Operating instructions TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP
- D500070 Operating instructions TBEN-L...-4RFID-8DXP-CDS
- Product-specific data sheets

The free Turck BL ident[®] Simulator for optimizing and simulating an application is available at www.turck.com.

1.4 Naming Convention

Common synonyms for "tags" are "data carriers", "transponders" and "mobile data memory". Read/write heads are also called "transceivers".

1.5 Feedback about These Instructions

We make every effort to ensure that these instructions are as informative and as clear as possible. If you have any suggestions for improving the design or if some information is missing in the document, please send your suggestions to **techdoc@turck.com**.

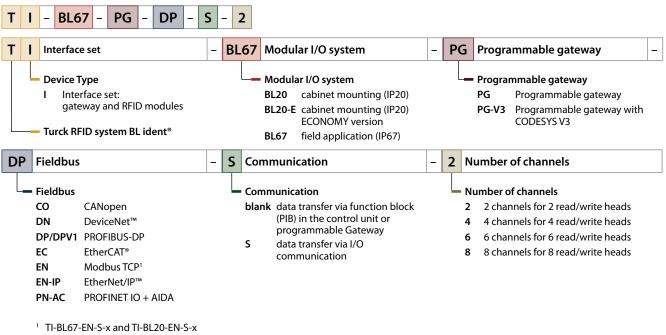


2 About the Product

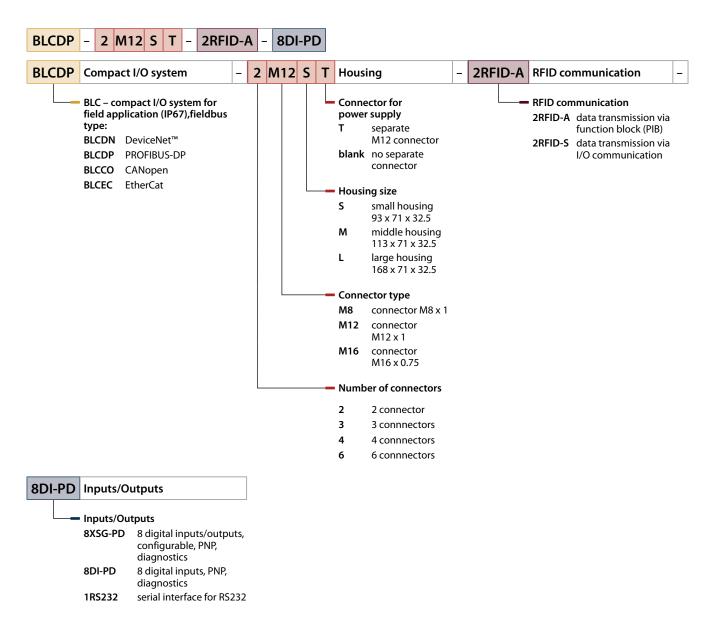
BL ident[®] is a modular RFID system for use in industrial environments. The system allows HF technology (13.56 MHz) and UHF technology (865...928 MHz) to be run in parallel. The system consists of several components and levels that can be flexibly combined:

- Interfaces for connecting the fieldbus and RFID level
- Read/write heads for the HF and UHF range
- Tags for the HF and UHF range
- Connection cables
- Handhelds for the mobile writing and reading of data (optional)
- 2.1 Identification of Components
- 2.1.1 Interface Type Codes

Modular Interface Sets in IP20 and IP67 – BL Series



with multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™ and PROFINET Compact Interfaces – BL compact for BL ident®





Compact Multiprotocol Interfaces – TBEN Series

TB EN - L5 - 4RFID - 8DX	P - CDS	
TB EN Product Series	- L5 Design/Connection -	4 RFID Channels/Signal Type 1 –
 Product series TB Compact block I/O module in IP67/IP69K Fieldbus system EN Ethernet Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, Ethernet/IP™, PROFINET 	 Design/Connection L4 Long version, 7/8" Power supply connection (4-pin), 8 M12 connections, 2 M12 Ethernet connections (4-pin) L5 Long version, 7/8" Power supply connection (5-pin), 8 x M12 connection, 2 x M12 Ethernet connection (4-pin) Short version, M8 Power supply connection (4-pin), 4 M12 connections, 2 M8 Ethernet connections, 2 M8 Ethernet connections (4-pin) 	Signal type 1 RFID RFID Number of channels Number of channels
8 DXP Channels/Signal Type 2	- CDS Programming Interface]
Signal type 2 DXP DXP Number of channels Number of channels	 Programming interface CDS CODESYS 3 CDS-WV CODESYS 3 with WebVisu OPC-UA OPC-UA WIN Windows Embedded Compact 2013 LNX Linux blank Not programmable 	

2.1.2 Read/Write Heads – Type Code

	N	LR		•	- Q	<mark>80</mark> – H1147	' -	*	/ C53						
	N	LR		•	Read	/write head	-	Q80	Housing	-	-	H1	147	Connector t	уре
						ng frequency 13.56 MHz 865868 MHz 902928 MHz 840.5844.5 MH 920.5924.5 MH 902907,5 MHz 915928 MHz	z		Housing CK40 EM18WD EM30WD M18	rectangular 40 x 40 x 65 mm, variable orientation of active face thread M18, stainless stee wash down (IP69K) thread M30, stainless stee wash down (IP69K) thread M18				Connector 0.15-RS4.47T H1147 H1147L	pigtail (150 mm) with male connector M12 connector M12 x 1 connector M12 x 1, lateral
					917	917920.8 MHz			M30 Q08	thread M30 rectangular,					
					Specia LR SLR	al range long range super long range			Q14	32 x 20 x 8 mm rectangular 55.5 x 30 x 14 mm					
				-	moun	write heads, ting condition			Q42TWD	rectangular, 68 x 42,5 x 42,5 mm, active face on top, wash down (IP69K)					
					B N	flush mountable non-flush mountable			Q80	rectangular, 114 x 80 x 40 mm					
					Turck BL ide	RFID-System			Q80L400 Q80WD	rectangular, 400 x 80 x 25 mm rectangular, 83 x 102 x 40 mm, wash down (IP69K)					
									Q120L130	rectangular, 120 x 130 x 60 mm					
									Q175L200	rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm					
									Q175	rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm					
									Q350 S32XL	rectangular, 370 x 350 x 20 mm ring shaped,					
1										180 x 120 x 32 mm					
	Арр	٥ro	/als				1	C53	Special Ver	sion					
	•••			•	ional) r Ex-Are	ea			with TE	i on pable, setup of line topolog 3EN possible s mode)	ју				



2.1.3 Tags – Type Code

V Data ca	arrier – C	251 Housing		- M Features
blank 865-868 865-928 860-960 902-928 Data car W R	g frequency 13.56 MHz 8 865868 MHz 8 865928 MHz 9 860960 MHz 9 902928 MHz rrier,memory access read/write read only	BS10X1.5-19	screw housing, plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm screw housing, metal/ plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm screw housing, stainless steel/plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm inlay & dimensions label & dimensions rectangular & diameter rectangular & lateral length: 51 mm round & diameter	 Features C cheque card format F foil data carrier M for direct mounting on metal MF for direct mounting on metal, foil shielded P paper data carrier
High temperat	ture (optional) – B	128 Memory ca	pacity total -	- Ex Approvals

K... ... kByte

13

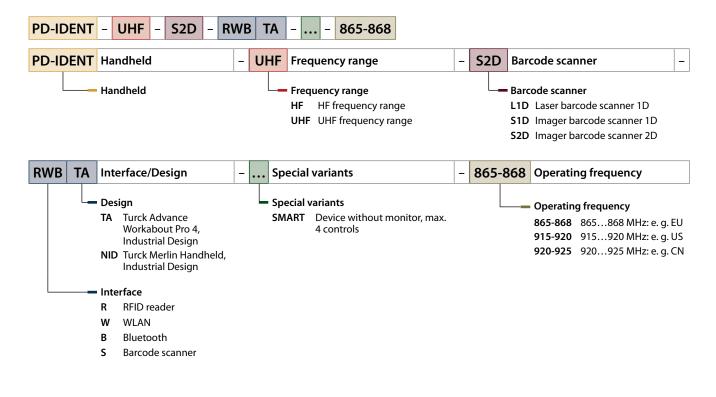
2.1.4 Connection Technology – Type Code

RK4.5T - 5 / S2503								
RK4.5T Connector type	-	5	Cable length	1		S2503	Connector quality	
Connector type			Cable length				Connector quality	
RK4.5T female straight; 5-pin			0.3 0.3 m				S2503 economic version:	
WK4.5T female angled; 5-pin			2 2 m				cable: UL 20549; cable jacket: PUR, black; gualified for drag	
			5 5 m				chain use, oil-resistant, flexible	
			10 10 m					
			25 25 m					
			50 50 m					

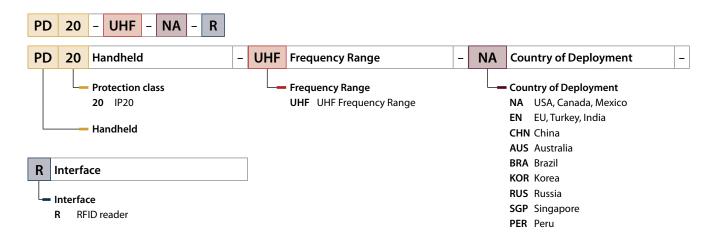


2.1.5 Handhelds – Type Codes

PD ident Handhelds



PD20 Handhelds



2.2 Legal Requirements

The system is subject to the following EU Directives:

- = 2014/30/EC (EMC Directive)
- 2014/35/EC (Low-Voltage Directive)
- 2014/34/EC (ATEX Directive)
- 2014/53/EC (RED Directive)
- 2011/65/EC (RoHS Directive)

The system consists of different components which do not all comply with the same directives and which are also developed and manufactured according to different standards. Refer to the relevant EC declarations of conformity to find the relevant directives and standards for individual components. The EC declarations of conformity are available for download from the Turck product database at www.turck.com.

2.3 Manufacturer and Service

Turck supports you in your projects – from the initial analysis right through to the commissioning of your application. The Turck product database offers you several software tools for programming, configuring or commissioning, as well as data sheets and CAD files in many export formats. You can access the product database directly via the following address: www.turck.de/products For further inquiries in Germany contact the Sales and Service Team on: Sales: +49 208 4952-380 Technical: +49 208 4952-390 Internet: www.turck.com/support For overseas inquiries contact your national Turck representative.

Hans Turck GmbH & Co. KG Witzlebenstraße 7 45472 Mülheim an der Ruhr Germany



3 For Your Safety

The product is designed according to the latest state-of-the-art technology. Residual hazards, however, still exist. Safety instructions and warnings must be observed in order to prevent injury to persons and possible damage. Turck accepts no liability for damage caused by failure to observe these safety instructions and warnings.

3.1 Intended Use

The system is designed exclusively for use in industrial areas. The Turck BL ident[®] system is used for the contactless exchange of data between a tag and a read/write head in order to identify objects in industrial environments. Any other use is not in accordance with the intended use and may cause injury to persons and possible damage. Turck is not liable for damage arising from improper use of the system.

3.2 Obvious Misuse

The system is not suitable for the protection of persons and property and must not be used in safety-related applications.

3.3 General Safety Instructions

Any incorrect use of the system may cause accidents.

- The system must only be fitted, installed, operated and maintained by trained and qualified personnel. When using the device in Ex circuits, the user must also have an additional knowledge of explosion protection (EN 60079-14 etc.).
- Only use the system in compliance with the applicable national and international regulations, standards and laws.

Faulty repairs may cause device failure and accidents.

- Do not intervene in system components or convert them.
- Send the devices to Turck for repair.

Any extended stay within the area of radiation of the HF read/write heads may be harmful to health.

Observe minimum distances from the actively radiating surface of the HF read/write head:

Device	Safety distance
TB-M18-H1147	6.8 cm
TNM18 L200-H1147	6.8 cm
TB-M30-H1147	8.3 cm
TN-M30-H1147	8.3 cm
TN-Q80-H1147	19.9 cm
TNLR-Q80-H1147	19.9 cm
TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T	1.3 cm
TN-CK40-H1147	3.8 cm
TNLR-Q80L400-H1147	15.2 cm
TNLR-Q80L800-H1147	44.7 cm
TNSLR-Q350-H1147	42.4 cm
TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T	1.0 cm
TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147	9.2 cm
TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147	8.7 cm

Any extended stay within the area of radiation of the UHF read/write heads may be harmful to health.

Observe minimum distances from the actively radiating surface of the UHF read/write head:

Region	Max. permissible total radiant output power	Safety distance		
Europe, Russia	2 W ERP (according to ETSI)	24 cm		
USA/Canada, Brazil	4 W EIRP	> 30 cm		

The radiation of the UHF read/write heads may have an adverse effect on the operation of electrically controlled medical equipment.

Keep an additional distance from active radiation sources up to the maximum transmission distance.



3.4 Notes on Ex Protection

If protection measures are not implemented in Ex applications, there is a direct risk of explosion.

- Observe national and international regulations for explosion protection.
- Only use the device within the stated operating and ambient conditions (see technical data and Ex approval specifications).

4 System Description

BL ident[®] is a modular RFID system for use in industrial environments. The system allows HF technology (13.56 MHz) and UHF technology (865...928 MHz) to be run in parallel. The system consists of several components and levels that can be flexibly combined:

- Interfaces for connecting the fieldbus and RFID level
- Read/write heads for the HF and UHF range
- Tags for the HF and UHF range
- Connection cables
- Handhelds for the mobile writing and reading of data (optional)

4.1 System Features

- Can be used flexibly in different application areas
- Multiple combination options for tags, read/write heads and interface sets
- HF systems (13.56 MHz) and UHF systems (860...960 MHz) can be used in parallel
- Compatible with different fieldbus controller systems
- Tags and read/write heads with a high degree of protection (IP67/IP69K) available
- Interfaces in IP20, IP67 and IP69K



4.2 System Setup

The Turck RFID system has a modular design and consists of at least one interface for communication with the higher-level controller, one read/write head and one tag. Different variations are possible on each level, for example, in terms of the fieldbus system used, the design of the interfaces, or in terms of protection degree. This enables the BL ident[®] to be adapted easily to the particular requirements of an application and integrated into existing plant configurations. Standard software modules are available to ensure straightforward system integration and startup.

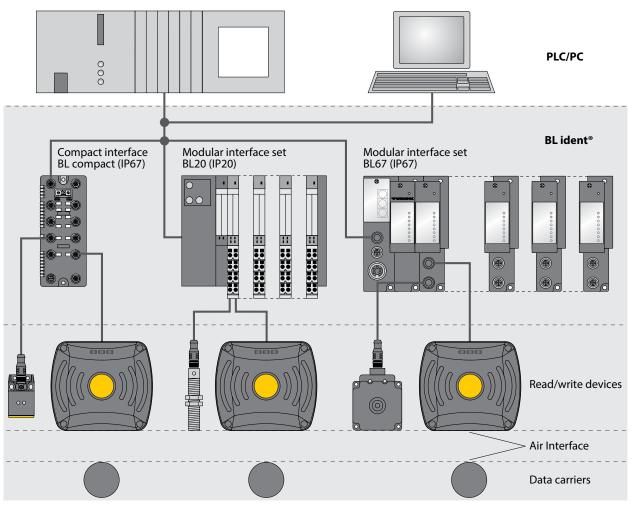


Fig. 1: BL ident[®] – System setup in different levels with modular interfaces (BL Series)

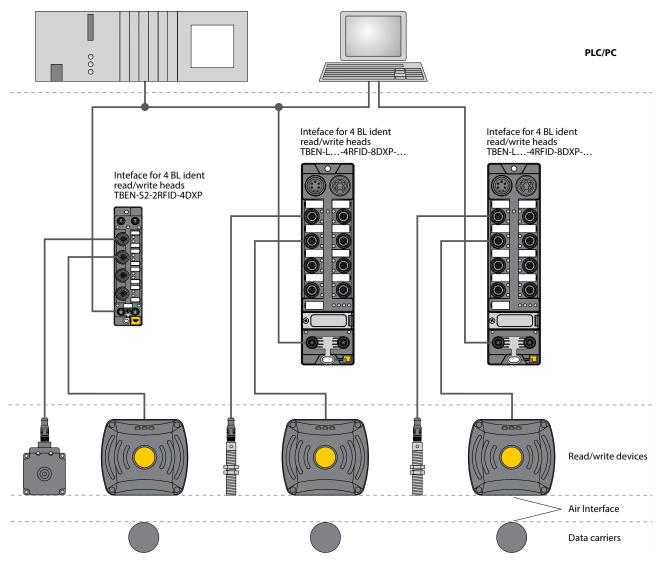


Fig. 2: System setup in different levels with compact interfaces (TBEN Series)



4.3 Operating Principle

RFID (radio frequency identification) is a contactless process for the automatic identification of static or moving objects by means of alternating electromagnetic fields. It uses, for example, the serial number of the object, which is stored on a mobile tag (transponder) and is read without contact by a read/write head (transceiver) over a distance of up to several meters. The RFID technology also enables multiple objects to be identified simultaneously; a direct line of sight connection between the tag and the read/write head is not necessary.

The interface translates the commands of a higher-level controller (e.g. reading the serial numbers of the tags in the field) for the read/write head and forwards the commands via RS 485 to the connected read/write heads. The read/write head codes the commands, sends them via the air interface to the tag and supplies the tag with power. The tag contains information which is transferred to the read/write head. The data is transferred back to the controller via the interface. The Turck RFID system allows HF technology (13.56 MHz) and UHF technology (865...928 MHz) to be run in parallel on one interface.

4.4 Typical Application Areas

The BL ident[®] system can be used in different industrial sectors:

- Automotive industry
- Transport
- Machine building
- Food and beverage
- Chemical industry
- Pharmaceutical industry
- Petrochemical industry

The following applications are possible:

- Following of production processes
- Assembly lines
- Materials handling
- Industrial production
- Warehouse management
- Logistics
- Distribution
- Control of goods flow
- Component picking
- Transport logistics
- Container management
- Coupling stations
- Tool and format change
- Product protection
- Automatic identification of vehicles, systems, tools, workpieces and products

4.5 TBEN and BL Series – Interfaces Compared

Different criteria must be taken into account for the interface selection. These are different for the compact TBEN block modules and the modular BL interface sets. The following table shows some important factors.

some important i	actors.	
Selection criterion	TBEN Series	BL Series
Fieldbus interface	Ethernet multiprotocol – PROFINET – EtherNet/IP™ – Modbus TCP	PROFIBUS PROFINET Modbus TCP EtherNet/IP™ CANopen EtherCat® DeviceNet™
Function block	not required	BL2RFID-A: Proxy Ident Block (PIB) available for Siemens controllers and CODESYS-based BL systems BL67-2RFID-S: not required
Transferred data volume	up to 128 bytes of user data per write or read cycle per channel, larger data vol- umes transferrable with fragmentation	RFID-A module: 8 Kbytes with a com- mand, data consistency with function block RFID-S module: 8 bytes per write or read cycle
Degree of protection	IP67/IP69K for direct field mounting	interface sets in IP20 for mounting in the control cabinet and in IP67 for direct field mounting
HF bus mode	HF: Up to 32 bus-capable read/write heads can be connected per channel	not available
Web server	web server for extensive parameter set- ting and execution of RFID commands	Ethernet gateways from hardware V03.00: web server for simple parameter setting of the RFID module
Automatic, repeated execution of com- mands such as Inventory, Read and Write (Continuous mode)	available	not available
Self triggering of UHF read/write heads	available in Presence Sensing mode	not available
Grouping of tags	tags with the same EPC can be grouped	not available
Automatic reading of UID	The UID is automatically written to the read data of the interface if a tag is lo- cated within the detection range of the read/write head	Inventory command required
Command timeout	defining the time in which a command is to be active	not available
Loop counter for fast command execution	available	not available
Transfer of EPC length	actual length is transferred	transfer of 8 bytes
Direct read/write head to execute special commands from the read/write head protocol	available	restricted availability
Transfer of additional information such as RSSI, phase and time stamp (UHF)	available	not available
Automatic control of written data	possible with "Write with validation" command	not available



Selection criterion	TBEN Series	BL Series
Tag counter	available for single tag and multitag applications	not available
Password function and setting of permanent tag locks (Lock)	available for HF and UHF applications	available for HF applications
Permanently deactivate UHF tags (Kill)	available	not available
Backup and restore function	available for UHF read/write heads	not available
Tunnel for parameter setting of read/ write heads	TBEN as an interface for enhanced parameter setting of the UHF read/write heads via FDT/DTM	separate interface converter for en- hanced parameter setting of UHF read/ write heads required

The BL Series interfaces have different functions depending on the combination of gateway and electronic modules. Further information on different functions in section "Selection Aid for the Interface Sets" on p. 56.

4.6 BL ident[®] – System Levels and Programming Environments

Fiel	dbus		RFID Level	
	RFID Interface			
Control	Gateway	RFID Electronic module	Read/write head	Data carrier
Direct access by user via PC	Direct access by user via PC	Direct access by user via PC		
Siemens control: Create program, configure system and connect gateway via software/programming environment: TIA-Portal V13 (S7-1500) TIA-Portal V12 (S7-1200) STEP7 V5.5 (S7-300/400) TX500/TBEN-PLC: Create program via software/programming environment: CODESYS 3 Allen-Bradley: Create program, configure system and connect gateway via software/programming environment: Rockwell RSLogix 5000 Further manufacturers: Create program, configure system and connect gateway via software/programming environment: Rockwell RSLogix 5000	BLxx-PG: Create a program for control tasks and configure system via software/programming environment CODESYS 2 (PG VN < 03.00) or CODESYS 3 (PG VN ≥ 03.00) Assign IP address via Turck Service Tool PACTware [™] BLxx-GW: Programming not possible Assign IP address using Turck Service Tool PACTware [™] , Webserver PROFINET Set device name via software/programming environment: TIA-Portal V13 (S7-1500) TIA-Portal V12 (S7-1200) STEP7 V5.5 (S7-300/400)	BLxx-2RFID-A (acyclic services with function module PIB) Depending on the fieldbus system: testing and/or parameter adjustment via: Control or programmable gateway (PG) BLxx-2RFID-S (only cyclical services) Depending on the system: testing and/or parameter adjustment: PACTware™ + DTM	HF Parameterization via RFID electronic module UHF Configure basic settings via RFID electronic module Advanced parameteriza- tion via read/write head DTM	Adjust any existing functions via read/write head or RFID electronic module

Fig. 3: Modular interfaces: Overview of BL ident® system levels and programming environments



Fieldbus		RFID Level	
Control	RFID Interface	Read/write head	Data carrier
Direct access by user via PC	Direct access by user via PC		
Siemens control: Create program, configure system and connect gateway via software/programming environment: TIA-Portal V13 (S7-1500) TIA-Portal V12 (S7-1200) STEP7 V5.5 (S7-300/400) TX500/TBEN-PLC: Create program via software/programming environment: CODESYS 3	TBEN-S: Programming not possible Assign IP address using Turck Service Tool PACTware™, Webserver TBEN-L: Create a program for control tasks using different programming interfaces PROFINET	HF Parameterization via RFID electronic module UHF Configure basic settings via RFID electronic module Advanced parameteriza- tion via read/write head DTM	Adjust any existing functions via read/write head or RFID electronic module
Allen-Bradley: Create program, configure system and connect gateway via software/programming environment: Rockwell RSLogix 5000	Set device name via software/programming environment: TIA-Portal V13 (S7-1500) TIA-Portal V12 (S7-1200) STEP7 V5.5 (S7-300/400)		

Fig. 4: Compact interfaces: Overview of system levels and programming environments

4.7 HF RFID and UHF RFID Compared

Different factors must be taken into consideration for the use of RFID systems. These are different for HF systems and UHF systems. The following table shows some important factors.

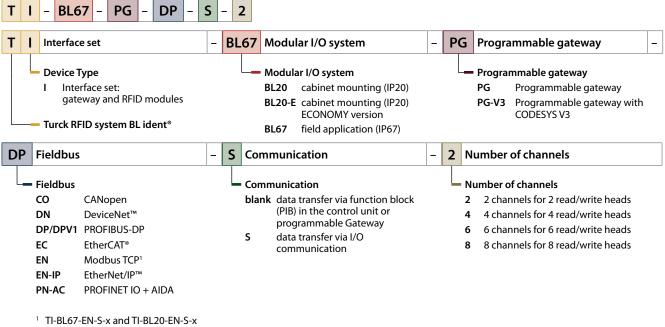
	HF	UHF
Transmission frequency	13.56 MHz (worldwide standard)	860960 MHz (country specific)
International standards	ISO 15639	ISO 18000-6C/Gen2 ETSI EN 302208
Transmission principle	inductive coupling in the electromag- netic near field	radiated electromagnetic wave in the far field
Range	average, up to approx. 1 m	high, up to several meters
Transmission zone of the read/write head	fixed	adjustable
Field distribution in the operating range	homogeneous magnetic field	normally inhomogeneous electromag- netic field
Speed of data transmission	high	very high
Detection of multiple tags per second (bulk capability)	up to approx. 20 tags	up to approx. 200 tags
Effects and interference from materials	through metal	through metal and liquid (depending on the dielectric constant and liquid content)
Effect of physical environmental condi- tions (e.g. shielding, reflection, absorp- tion, interruption)	low	high
Memory size of the tags	128 bytes9 Kbytes	24 bytes1 Kbytes
Typical air interface		



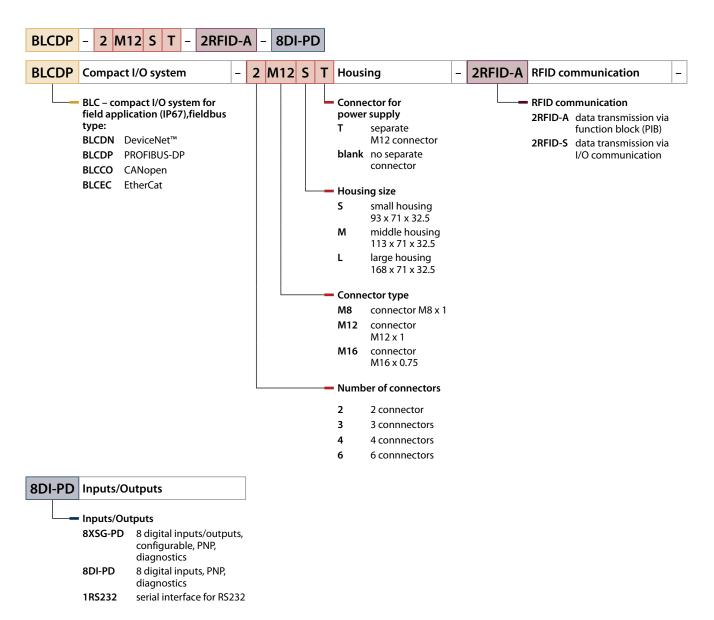
5 System Components

- 5.1 Modular Interfaces BL Series
- 5.1.1 Type Code

Modular Interface Sets in IP20 and IP67



¹ TI-BL67-EN-S-x and TI-BL20-EN-S-> with multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP[™] and PROFINET Compact Interfaces in IP67 – BL compact for BL ident®





5.1.2 Features

- Interface sets for mounting in the control cabinet (BL20)
- Modular interface sets for mounting directly in the field (BL67)
- Compact interfaces (fieldbus interfaces) with RFID interface and I/Os for mounting in the field (BL compact)
- Interface sets for Ex applications (BL20)
- Fieldbus interface for PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet[™], CANopen, PROFINET, Modbus TCP, Ether-Net/IP[™], EtherCAT[®]
- BL20 and BL67: Up to 16 channels per interface
- CODESYS programmable gateways
- Cable length to the read/write head up to 50 m

5.1.3 Design of BL ident[®] Interfaces

The BL20 (IP20) and BL67 (IP67) modular interfaces as well as the BL compact (IP67) interfaces are available for the BL ident[®] system.

The modular interface sets consist of a gateway and one or several RFID modules, which can also be expanded at a later time. Depending on the type of fieldbus up to 16 channels can be fitted. One RFID module each with an electronic module and a base module are required for every two channels.

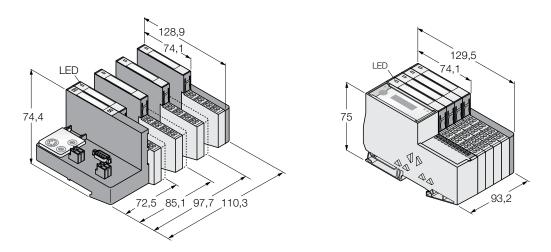


Fig. 5: BL ident[®] interface sets in IP20 as standard and ECO version (BL20)

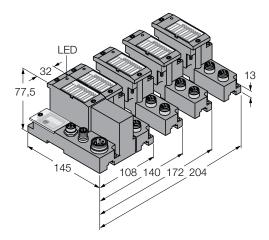


Fig. 6: BL ident[®] interfaces in IP67 (BL67)

The compact BL compact interfaces combine the functions of gateway and I/O electronics in a fully encapsulated IP67 housing. Interfaces designed exclusively for connecting read/write heads and also for the additional connection of field devices such as sensors or actuators are available.



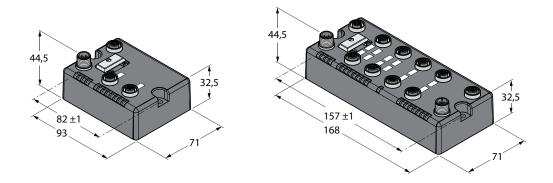


Fig. 7: Compact BL ident[®] interfaces in IP67 (BL compact)

5.1.4 Operating Principle

The BL ident[®] interfaces connect the RFID system with the higher-level controller system (PLC or industrial PC). The interfaces are provided with a gateway with a fieldbus interface and fieldbus-independent I/O electronics with an RFID interface. The RFID system is connected to the (existing) fieldbus system via the fieldbus interface; the read/write heads are connected to the interface via the RFID interfaces. Modular expandable interfaces (interface sets) with protection to IP67 (BL67) and IP20 (BL20), as well as compact, non-modular stations with protection to IP67 (BL compact) can be selected.

The gateways are equipped with fieldbus interfaces such as for PROFIBUS-DP, EtherNet/IP[™], Modbus TCP, DeviceNet[™], PROFINET, CANopen and EtherCAT[®]. The gateways exchange the process data between the fieldbus and RFID system and also generate diagnostics information for the controller. To relieve the load on the controller, programmable gateways can also be used, which autonomously perform control and diagnostic tasks locally. In this case, the function block required for the control tasks is run in the programmable gateway.

5.1.5 Interface Sets – Gateways (BL20 and BL67)

The gateway connects the RFID modules with the fieldbus and varies according to the fieldbus system used. It handles the entire process data traffic and generates diagnostic information for the higher-level controller as well as for the parameter software.

Programmable gateways can also take over autonomous control tasks.

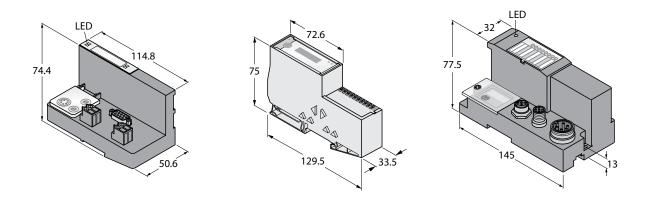


Fig. 8: Gateways for BL20 (standard and ECO version) and BL67, e.g. for PROFIBUS-DP

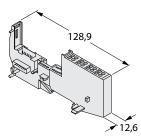


5.1.6 Interface Sets – RFID Modules (BL20 and BL67)

The RFID modules of the modular BL ident[®] interface each consist of a passive base module and an RFID electronic module.

The base modules contain the connection technology for field devices such as read/write heads, sensors and actuators. The following base modules are available:

- BL20 system (degree of protection IP20)
 - BL20-S4T-SBBS (cage clamp terminal): for standard and ECO gateways contained as standard in the BL20 interface sets
 - BL20-S4S-SBBS (screw terminal): only for standard gateways
- BL67 system (degree of protection IP67)
 - BL67-B-2M12 (M12 male connector terminal)



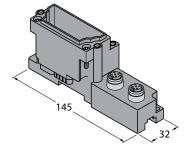


Fig. 9: Base module for BL20 (left) and BL67 (right)

The RFID electronic modules are used as I/O modules. The electronic modules are fitted to the base modules and are independent of the field wiring. During commissioning or maintenance, the electronic modules can be fitted without having to disconnect the field wiring. The BL ident[®] system comprises two types of electronic module:

- BLxx-2RFID-S modules (Simple RFID) for simple I/O communication
- BL...-2RFID-A modules (Advanced RFID) for use with function blocks and with programmable gateways

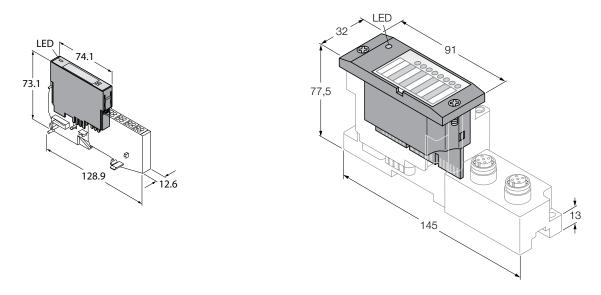


Fig. 10: Electronic module for BL20 (left) and BL67 (right)

5.1.7 Compact Interface – BL compact

The BL compact range includes compact modules with RFID interfaces for connecting read/ write heads to the automation infrastructure. The modules are available either as pure 2 or 4-channel RFID blocks or as a combination of a signal group with two RFID channels with a second signal group, e.g. with digital I/O channels for detecting trigger signals or controlling ports (8XSG-PD module).

Functions of BL compact Modules

Compact BL ide	nt® interfaces in IP67 (BL compact)			
Fieldbus	BL ident [®] interface – type (Gateway + I/O communication)	Function	Type 2RFID-A:	Type 2RFID-S:
PROFIBUS-DP	BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-A BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-S	$2 \times read/write head$	Х	х
	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8DI-PD BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8DI-PD	$2 \times read/write head + 2 \times digital input$	Х	х
	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8XSG-PD BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	2 × read/write head + 8 × digital input/output (configurable)	х	х
DeviceNet™	BLCDN-2M12S-2RFID-S	$2 \times read/write head$		x
	BLCDN-4M12L-2RFID-S-2RFID-S	$4 \times read/write head$		х
	BLCDN-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	2 × read/write head + 8 × digital input/output (configurable)		х
CANopen	BLCCO-2M12S-2RFID-S	$2 \times read/write head$		х
	BLCCO-2M12T-2RFID-S-8XSG	2 × read/write head + 8 × digital input/output (configurable)		х
Multiprotocol: – Modbus TCP – EtherNet/IP™	BLCEN-2M12LT-2RFID-S	$2 \times read/write head$		Х
EtherCAT	BLCEC-2M12MT-2RFID-S	$2 \times read/write head$		х

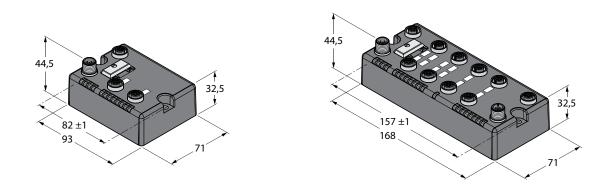


Fig. 11: BL compact modules (example PROFIBUS-DP): only for read/write heads (left) and with additional digital channels (right)

5.1.8 Functions and Operating Modes

BL...-2RFID-S Modules

- Read and write 8 bytes per channel
- Integration possible in any network as the data is treated like I/Os
- Fast processing speed due to low complexity

BL...-2RFID-A Modules

- 16 Kbyte memory per channel for processing large data volumes
- Read and write commands are saved in the module to shorten the reaction time.
- PIB function block for integrating PROFIBUS and PROFINET networks with Siemens CPUs as well as for use with programmable gateways
- Processing of tags up to 9 Kbytes (8 Kbyte user memory)

Firmware Status

The following table describes the current firmware versions of the interfaces (As at: 2017/04)

Device	Firmware version
BL67-2RFID-S	SR51 (available on request)
BL67-2RFID-A	SR51 (available on request)
BL20-2RFID-S	SR51 (available on request)
BL20-2RFID-A	SR51 (available on request)
BL20-GW-DPV1	FW1.28 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-E-GW-DP	FW V1.28 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-GWBR-DNET	FW V7.18 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-E-GW-DN	FW V2.16 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-E-GW-CO	FW V5.02 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-GW-EN	FW 2.0.5.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-PG-EN	FW V2.1.3.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-PG-EN-IP	FW V2.10.0.3 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-E-GW-PN	V1.0.0.2 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL20-E-GW-EC	FW V1.1.1.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-GW-DPV1	FW V1.29 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-GW-DN	FW-V7.18 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-GW-EN	V3.1.4.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-PG-EN	FW V2.1.3.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-PG-EN-IP	FW V2.10.0.3 (available online at www.turck.com)
BL67-GW-EN-PN	FW 1.0.0.7 (available online at www.turck.com)
BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-A	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-S	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8DI-PD	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8DI-PD	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8XSG-PD	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	V1.01 (available on request)



Device	Firmware version
BLCDN-2M12S-2RFID-S	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDN-4M12L-2RFID-S-2RFID-S	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCDN-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCCO-2M12S-2RFID-S	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCCO-2M12T-2RFID-S-8XSG	V1.01 (available on request)
BLCEN-1MT12LT-2RFID-S	V1.01 (available on request)

5.1.9 Operating and Indication Elements

The interfaces feature the following indication elements:

LED	Gateways (BL20 and BL67)	RFID electronic mod- ules (BL20 and BL67)	Compact interfaces (BL compact)
Supply voltage	х		
Group and bus fault	х		
Status	х	х	x
Diagnostics	х	х	х

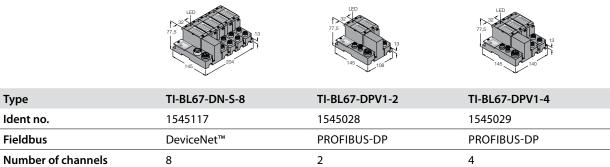
5.1.10 Available Device Types

Other gateways can be combined with RFID electronic modules in addition to the pre-assembled interface sets (see section "Compatible Gateways").

BL67 Interface Sets

Dimension drawing	20 77.5 145 106		13 77.5 146 172
Туре	TI-BL67-DN-S-2	TI-BL67-DN-S-4	TI-BL67-DN-S-6
ldent no.	1545114	1545115	1545116
Fieldbus	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing



	LED 177.5 145 172		77.5 145 108
Туре	TI-BL67-DPV1-6	TI-BL67-DPV1-8	TI-BL67-DPV1-S-2
ldent no.	1545030	1545031	1545106
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	6	8	2



~

Туре	TI-BL67-DPV1-S-4	TI-BL67-DPV1-S-6	TI-BL67-DPV1-S-8
ldent no.	1545107	1545108	1545109
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension drawing			
	77.5 71.5 145 108		
Туре	TI-BL67-EN-2	TI-BL67-EN-4	TI-BL67-EN-6
ldent no.	7030610	7030611	7030612
Fieldbus	PROFINET	PROFINET	PROFINET
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing			
			145 140
Туре	TI-BL67-EN-8	TI-BL67-EN-S-2	TI-BL67-EN-S-4
ldent no.	7030613	1545150	1545151
Fieldbus	PROFINET	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing





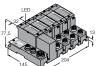


Туре	TI-BL67-EN-S-6	TI-BL67-EN-S-8	TI-BL67-PG-DP-2
ldent no.	1545152	1545153	1545061
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	6	8	2

Dimension drawing







Туре	TI-BL67-PG-DP-4	TI-BL67-PG-DP-6	TI-BL67-PG-DP-8
ldent no.	1545062	1545063	1545064
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension	drawing







ldent no.	1545094	1545095	1545096
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension	drawing	







Туре	TI-BL67-PG-DP-S-8	TI-BL67-PG-EIP-S-2	TI-BL67-PG-EIP-S-4
ldent no.	1545097	1545102	1545103
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	8	2	4







Туре	TI-BL67-PG-EIP-S-6	TI-BL67-PG-EIP-S-8	TI-BL67-PG-EN-2
ldent no.	1545104	1545105	1545065
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	6	8	2



Туре	TI-BL67-PG-EN-4	TI-BL67-PG-EN-6	TI-BL67-PG-EN-8
ldent no.	1545066	1545067	1545068
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension drawing

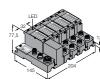






Туре	TI-BL67-PG-EN-IP-2	TI-BL67-PG-EN-IP-4	TI-BL67-PG-EN-IP-6
ldent no.	1545069	1545070	1545071
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing

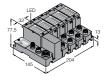






Туре	TI-BL67-PG-EN-IP-8	TI-BL67-PG-EN-S-2	TI-BL67-PG-EN-S-4
ldent no.	1545072	1545098	1545099
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	8	2	4



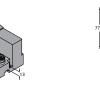


Туре	TI-BL67-PG-EN-S-6	TI-BL67-PG-EN-S-8
ldent no.	1545100	1545101
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	6	8

BL67 Interfaces – Compatible Gateways

Dimension drawing	775 145 13	77.5 145 13	
Туре	BL67-PG-EN-V3	BL67-PG-EN-V3-WV	BL67-GW-EN-DN
ldent no.	6827394	10000041	6827313
Fieldbus	Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP
Applications	PLC systems with Modbus TCP master or PC-based so- lutions with Modbus driver software, PLC systems with EtherNet/ IP™ Scanner (master), PLC systems with PROFINET master	PLC systems with Modbus TCP master or PC-based so- lutions with Modbus driver software, PLC systems with EtherNet/ IP™ Scanner (master), PLC systems with PROFI- NET master, with WebVisu license	PLC systems with Modbus TCP master or PC-based so- lutions with Modbus driver software, the gateway is also pro- vided with a DeviceNet [™] Scanner (master) for creat- ing a DeviceNet [™] sub-bus







Туре	BL67-GW-EN-IP-DN	BL67-GW-CO
ldent no.	6827299	6827200
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	CANopen
Applications	PLC systems with EtherNet/ IP [™] master, the gateway is also provided with a De- viceNet [™] Scanner (master) for creating a DeviceNet [™] sub bus	PLC systems with CANopen master



BL20 Interface Sets

Dimension drawing	72,5	7.4 65.1	72.4 72.1 72.1 97.7
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-S-2	TI-BL20-PG-EN-S-4	TI-BL20-PG-EN-S-6
ldent no.	1545086	1545087	1545088
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing		128.0 74.1 72.5	74.4 86,1
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-S-8	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-S-2	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-S-4
ldent no.	1545089	1545090	1545091
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing	74.4 77.4 77.7		LED 128.9 74.1 72.5
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-S-6	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-S-8	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-2
ldent no.	1545092	1545093	1545057
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	6	8	2

Dimension drawing	LED 128.9 74.1 85.1	74.4 97.7	
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-4	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-6	TI-BL20-PG-EN-IP-8
ldent no.	1545058	1545059	1545060
Fieldbus	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™	EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension drawing	74.4 72.5	74.4 74.1 85.1	74.4 97.7
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-2	TI-BL20-PG-EN-4	TI-BL20-PG-EN-6
ldent no.	1545053	1545054	1545055
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP	Modbus TCP
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing		LED 1293 741 75 76 74 74 75 75 75	
Туре	TI-BL20-PG-EN-8	TI-BL20-E-PN-S-2	TI-BL20-E-PN-S-4
ldent no.	1545056	7030471	7030472
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP	PROFINET	PROFINET
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing	129.5 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	1925 75 741 75 952 952	1295 741 75 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74
Туре	TI-BL20-E-PN-S-6	TI-BL20-E-PN-S-8	TI-BL20-E-PN-8
ldent no.	7030473	7030474	7030470
Fieldbus	PROFINET	PROFINET	PROFINET
Number of channels	6	8	8

Dimension drawing	LED 74.1 74.1 75 4 6 4 5 5 6	123.5 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	129.5 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76
Туре	TI-BL20-E-EN-S-2	TI-BL20-E-EN-S-4	TI-BL20-E-EN-S-6
ldent no.	7030630	7030631	7030632
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET
Number of channels	2	4	6

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Dimension drawing	129.5 75 75 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 74 74 75 75 75 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	LED 129.5 74.1 75 75 75 75 75,4	LED 129.5 75 75 76 76 76 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75
Туре	TI-BL20-E-EN-S-8	TI-BL20-E-EN-2	TI-BL20-E-EN-4
ldent no.	7030633	7030614	7030615
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	PROFINET	PROFINET
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing			LED 129.5 75 74.1 75 75 75 75 75 75
Туре	TI-BL20-E-EN-6	TI-BL20-E-EN-8	TI-BL20-E-EC-S-2
ldent no.	7030616	7030617	7030479
Fieldbus	PROFINET	PROFINET	EtherCAT
Number of channels	6	8	2

Dimension drawing	LED 7215 741 75 46 66		
Туре	TI-BL20-E-EC-S-4	TI-BL20-E-EC-S-6	TI-BL20-E-EC-S-8
ldent no.	7030480	7030481	7030482
Fieldbus	EtherCAT	EtherCAT	EtherCAT
Number of channels	4	6	8

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Туре	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-S-2	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-S-4	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-S-6
ldent no.	1545126	1545127	1545128
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing			
Туре	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-S-8	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-2	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-4
ldent no.	1545129	1545122	1545123
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing	LED 72.1 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	129.5 74.1 75 48 49 93.2	75 75 76 74,1 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	
Туре	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-6	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-8	TI-BL20-E-DN-S-2	
ldent no.	1545124	1545125	1545130	
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	DeviceNet™	
Number of channels	6	8	2	

Dimension drawing	120.5 74.1 75 75 75 75 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	LED 74.1 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 76 76 74.1 76 70.5 70.5 70.5 70.5 70.5 70.5 70.5	75 75 74 74 75 75 75 74 74 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 74 74 74 74 74 75 75 75 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74
Туре	TI-BL20-E-DN-S-4	TI-BL20-E-DN-S-6	TI-BL20-E-DN-S-8
ldent no.	1545131	1545132	1545133
Fieldbus	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension drawing	129.5 74.1 75 65.4	129.5 75 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 70 75 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70
Туре	TI-BL20-E-CO-S-2	TI-BL20-E-CO-S-4	TI-BL20-E-CO-S-6
ldent no.	1545134	1545135	1545136
Fieldbus	CANopen	CANopen	CANopen
Number of channels	2	4	6



Dimension drawing	75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	T4.4 72.5	74.4 76.1 65.1
Туре	TI-BL20-E-CO-S-8	TI-BL20-DPV1-S-2	TI-BL20-DPV1-S-4
ldent no.	1545137	1545074	1545075
Fieldbus	CANopen	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	8	2	4

Dimension drawing	128.9 70.4 97.7		LED 1289 74.4 72.5
Туре	TI-BL20-DPV1-S-6	TI-BL20-DPV1-S-8	TI-BL20-DPV1-2
ldent no.	1545076	1545077	1545004
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	6	8	2

Dimension drawing	74.4 76.4 85.1	74.4 77.4 97.7	
Туре	TI-BL20-DPV1-4	TI-BL20-DPV1-6	TI-BL20-DPV1-8
ldent no.	1545005	1545006	1545007
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	4	6	8

Dimension drawing	74.4 74.1 72.5	LED 178.9 74.4 75.4 65.1	74.4 77.7
Туре	TI-BL20-DN-S-2	TI-BL20-DN-S-4	TI-BL20-DN-S-6
ldent no.	1545078	1545079	1545080
Fieldbus	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™
Number of channels	2	4	6

Dimension drawing	74.4 71.1 71.1 71.1 110.3	74.4 72.5	LED 128.9 74.1 85.1
Туре	TI-BL20-DN-S-8	TI-BL20-EN-PN-S-2	TI-BL20-EN-PN-S-4
ldent no.	1545081	1545146	1545147
Fieldbus	DeviceNet™	PROFINET	PROFINET
Number of channels	8	2	4
Dimension drawing	74.4 77.1 97.7	1039 744 1103	
Туре	TI-BL20-EN-PN-S-6	TI-BL20-EN-PN-S-8	
ldent no.	1545148	1545149	
Fieldbus	PROFINET	PROFINET	
Number of channels	6	8	



BL20 Interfaces – Compatible Gateways

Dimension drawing			
	74.4 50.6		75 75 1293 33.5
Туре	BL20-PG-EN-V3	BL20-PG-EN-V3-WV	BL20-E-GW-RS-MB/ET
ldent no.	6827393	6827398	6827381
Fieldbus	Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	Modbus TCP/ASCII
Applications	PLC systems with Modbus TCP master or PC-based so- lutions with Modbus driver software, PLC systems with EtherNet/ IP™ Scanner (master), PLC systems with PROFINET master	PLC systems with Modbus TCP master or PC-based so- lutions with Modbus driver software, PLC systems with EtherNet/ IP™ Scanner (master), PLC systems with PROFI- NET master, with WebVisu license	PLC systems with Mod- bus RTU/ASCII master



Туре	BL20-GWBR-CANOPEN	
ldent no.	6827167	
Fieldbus	CANopen	
Applications	PLC systems with CANopen master	

BL compact Interfaces

Dimension drawing			
Туре	BLCDN-2M12S-2RFID-S	BLCDN-6M12LT-2RFID-S- 8XSG-PD	BLCDN-4M12L-2RFID-S- 2RFID-S
ldent no.	6811002	6811049	6811055
Fieldbus	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™	DeviceNet™
Number of channels	2	2/8	2/2

Dimension drawing			
Туре	BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-A	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A- 8DI-PD	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A- 8XSG-PD
ldent no.	6811166	6811173	6811174
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	2	2/8	2/8

Dimension drawing	45		
Туре	BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-S	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S- 8DI-PD	BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S- 8XSG-PD
ldent no.	6811177	6811178	6811179
Fieldbus	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP	PROFIBUS-DP
Number of channels	2	2/8	2/8



Dimension drawing			
Туре	BLCCO-2M12S-2RFID-S	BLCCO-6M12LT-2RFID-S- 8XSG-P	BLCEN-2M12MT-2RFID-S
ldent no.	6811300	6811303	6811450
Fieldbus	CANopen	CANopen	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET
Number of channels	2	2/8	2
Dimension drawing			_

Туре	BLCEN-2M12MT-2RFID-A	BLCEC-2M12MT-2RFID-S
ldent no.	6811484	6811630
Fieldbus	Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP™, PROFINET	EtherCAT
Number of channels	2	2

5.1.11 Possible Combination of Interfaces/Gateways and RFID Modules

The modular design of BL ident[®] enables a combination of gateways and RFID electronic modules to suit the application. Different functions can be used depending on the combination selected. The following combinations are possible:

Gateway	RFID electronic module	PIB function block
BLGW	BL2RFID-A	for Siemens-CPU S7-300/400, S7-1200. S7-1500, PIB in the controller
BLPG	BL2RFID-A	programmable with CODESYS, PIB in the programmable gateway
BLGW	BL2RFID-S	PIB not necessary, due to simple 8-byte I/O communication

The following tables show the possible combinations of BL20 and BL67 gateways with the relevant RFID modules. Turck offers interface sets with cage clamp terminals or 2, 4, 6 or 8 read/ write heads for all combination options.

Com	bination of BL20 Ga	ateways and RFID Mc	odules		
BL ident® Interf	ace (set): Gateway and e	electronic modules (each	with base module	e) – degree of protect	ion IP20
Fieldbus	Interface (set)	Gateway		Electronic modules	
	Type x = Number of channels	Туре	Gateway programmable	BL20-2RFID-A PIB function block	BL20-2RFID-S 8-byte I/O communication
PROFIBUS-DP	TI-BL20-DPV1-x	BL20-GW-DPV1		x	
	TI-BL20-DPV1-S-x TI-BL20-E-DPV1-x	BL20-GW-DPV1 BL20-E-GW-DP		Y	х
	TI-BL20-E-DPV1-S-x	BL20-E-GW-DP BL20-E-GW-DP		x	х
DeviceNet™	TI-BL20-DN-S-x	BL20-GWBR-DNET			х
	TI-BL20-E-DN-S-x	BL20-E-GW-DN			х
CANopen	TI-BL20-E-CO-S-x	BL20-E-GW-CO			х
		BL20-GWBR-CANOPEN			x
Modbus TCP	TI-BL20-E-EN-x	BL20-E-GW-EN			x
	TI-BL20-PG-EN-x	BL20-PG-EN	х	x	
	TI-BL20-PG-EN-S-x	BL20-PG-EN	x		Х
EtherNet/IP™	TI-BL20-PG-EIP-x	BL20-PG-EN-IP	х	х	
	TI-BL20-PG-EIP-S-x	BL20-PG-EN-IP	x		Х
PROFINET IRT	TI-BL20-E-PN-x	BL20-E-GW-PN		х	
	TI-BL20-E-PN-S-x	BL20-E-GW-PN			X
EtherCAT®	TI-BL20-E-EC-S-x	BL20-E-GW-EC			X
Multiprotocol:	TI-BL20-E-EN-x	BL20-E-GW-EN			
PROFINET, Modbus TCP,	TI-BL20-E-EN-S-x			(only PROFINET)	x
EtherNet/IP™		BL20-PG-EN-V3	x	X	x
		BL20-PG-EN-V3-WV	x	x	x
Modbus RTU/ ASCII		BL20-E-GW-RS-MB/ET			х



BL ident® Inter	face (set): Gateway and	electronic modules (eacl	h with base modul	e) – degree of protect	tion IP67
Fieldbus	Interface (set)	Gateway		Electronic modules	
	Type x = Number of channels	Туре	Gateway programmable	BL67-2RFID-A PIB function block	BL67-2RFID-S 8-byte I/O communication
Profibus-DP	TI-BL67-DPV1-x TI-BL67-DPV1-S-x TI-BL67-PG-DP-x TI-BL67-PG-DP-S-x	BL67-GW-DPV1 BL67-GW-DPV1 BL67-PG-DP BL67-PG-DP	x x	x x	x x
DeviceNet™	TI-BL67-DN-S-x	BL67-GW-DN	~		X X
CANopen		BL67-GW-CO			X
Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP,	TI-BL67-EN-S-x TI-BL67-EN-x	BL67-GW-EN BL67-GW-EN		x (only PROFINET)	x
EtherNet/IP™		BL67-PG-EN-V3 BL67-PG-EN-V3-WV	x x	x	x x
Modbus TCP	TI-BL67-PG-EN-x TI-BL67-PG-EN-S-x	BL67-PG-EN BL67-PG-EN	x x	х	x
Modbus TCP slave with integrated DeviceNet [™] master		BL67-GW-EN-DN			x
EtherNet/IP™	TI-BL67-PG-EIP-x TI-BL67-PG-EIP-S-x	BL67-PG-EN-IP BL67-PG-EN-IP	x x	х	x
EtherNet/IP [™] slave with integrated DeviceNet [™] master		BL67-GW-EN-IP-DN			x
PROFINET + AIDA connection technology	TI-BL67-PN-AC-x TI-BL67-PN-AC-S-x	BL67-GW-EN-AC BL67-GW-EN-AC		x	x

Combination of BL67 Gateways and RFID Modules

PIB Function Block – Variants and Programming Environment

Software	CODESYS V2	CODESYS V3	STEP7 V5.5	S7-TIA Portal V12	S7-TIA Portal V13	S7-TIA Portal V14
Hardware	RFID-A	RFID-A	RFID-A	RFID-A	RFID-A	RFID
BLPG-xx	х	-	_	-	-	-
BL	-	x	_	-	-	-
S7-300/400 CPU	-	-	x	х	х	x
S7-1200 CPU	-	-	_	х	х	х
S7-1500 CPU	_	-	_	x	х	x

Criterion	Combination			
	BLGW BL2RFID-A	BLGW BL2RFID-S	BLPG BL2RFID-A	BLPG BL2RFID-S
Siemens CPU	recommended	possible with ≤ 8 bytes per command (alternatively: several commands for trans- ferring all data)	possible (for relieving the cen- tral controller)	possible
CPU of other manufacturers	not possible	possible with ≤ 8 bytes per command (alternatively: several commands for trans- ferring all data)	possible	possible
fast data transmission in movement	possible depending on parameters	recommended depending on parameters	possible	recommended
≤ 8 bytes per command	only recommended with Siemens CPU	recommended	possible	possible
> 8 bytes per command	only possible with Siemens CPU	possible with suf- ficient dwell time (multiple commands required for data transmission)	recommended	possible
Single tag (single detection)	only possible with Siemens CPU	possible	possible	possible
Multitag (bulk reading)	only possible with Siemens CPU	not possible	possible	not possible
Lock block (write protection of a spe- cific block on the tag)	only possible with Siemens CPU	possible	possible	possible
Tune transmitter (Tune read/write head to ambient conditions)	only possible with Siemens CPU	possible	possible	possible
Password function	only possible with Siemens CPU	possible	possible	possible

Selection Aid for the Interface Sets



Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
120 72.1 117.5 117.5 128.9 134.3	BL20-2RFID-S	6827306	BL ident® RFID electronic module
	BL67-2RFID-S	6827305	BL ident® RFID electronic module
117. 117. 117. 117. 117. 117. 112.6	BL20-2RFID-A	6827233	BL ident® RFID electronic module
	BL67-2RFID-A	6827225	BL ident® RFID electronic module
	BL67-B-2M12	6827186	Used for RFID, 4 DI, 4 DO, AI and AO with 2 × M12 connections
128.9	BL20-S4T-SBBS	6827046	Used for RFID electronic module 4DI, AI (apart from Thermo), 2DO-R and 1CNT, with cage clamp terminal

5.1.12 Accessories

5.2 Compact Multiprotocol Interfaces – TBEN Series

5.2.1 Type Code

Compact Multiprotocol Interfaces

TB EN - L5 - 4RFID - 8DX	- CDS	
TB EN Product Series	- L5 Design/Connection	- 4 RFID Channels/Signal Type 1 -
 Product series TB Compact block I/O module in IP67/IP69K Fieldbus system EN Ethernet Multiprotocol: Modbus TCP, Ethernet/IP™, PROFINET 	 Design/Connection L4 Long version, 7/8" Power supply connection (4-pin), 8 M12 connections, 2 M12 Ethernet connections (4-pin) L5 Long version, 7/8" Power supply connection (5-pin), 8 x M12 connection, 2 x M12 Ethernet connection (4-pin) Short version, M8 Power supply connection (4-pin), 4 M12 connections, 2 M8 Ethernet connections, 2 M8 Ethernet connections (4-pin) 	Signal type 1 RFID RFID Number of channels Number of channels
8 DXP Channels/Signal Type 2	- CDS Programming Interface	
Signal type 2 DXP DXP Number of channels Number of channels	 Programming interface CDS CODESYS 3 CDS-WV CODESYS 3 with WebVisu OPC-UA OPC-UA WIN Windows Embedded Compact 2013 LNX Linux blank Not programmable 	



5.2.2 Features

TBEN-S Modules (TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP)

- Glass fiber reinforced housing
- Shock and vibration proof
- Fully encapsulated module electronics
- Degree of protection IP65/IP67/IP69K
- Multiprotocol: EtherNet/IP[™] Device, Modbus TCP Slave or PROFINET Device
- Integration in the PLC systems without function block
- Up to 128 bytes of user data per write or read cycle per channel, as well as use of fragmentation for larger data volumes
- Data interface for convenient use of RFID functions
- 4-pin M8 plug connector for the power supply
- Two 4-pin M8 connections for Ethernet
- Two channels with M12 connection for RFID
- Four configurable digital channels as 0.5 A pnp inputs or outputs
- Integrated Ethernet switch enables linear topology
- Transmission rate 10 Mbps/100 Mbps
- Integrated web server
- LED indication and diagnostics

TBEN-L Modules (TBEN-L...-4RFID-8DXP-CDS)

- Glass fiber reinforced housing
- Shock and vibration proof
- Fully encapsulated module electronics
- Degree of protection IP65/IP67/IP69K
- Multiprotocol: EtherNet/IP[™] Device, Modbus TCP Master, Modbus TCP Slave or PROFINET-RT Device
- Programmable according to IEC 61131-3 with CODESYS V3 to execute controller operations and data prefiltering
- Up to 128 bytes of user data per write or read cycle per channel, as well as use of fragmentation for larger data volumes
- Data interface for convenient use of RFID functions
- 4 or 5-pin 7/8" plug connector for the power supply
- Two 4-pin M12 connections for Ethernet
- Four channels with M12 connection for RFID
- Eight configurable digital channels as 2 A pnp inputs or outputs
- Integrated Ethernet switch enables linear topology
- Transmission rate 10 Mbps/100 Mbps
- Integrated web server
- LED indication and diagnostics

5.2.3 Design of TBEN Interfaces

The TBEN-S... (short design) and TBEN-L... (long design) compact multiprotocol interfaces are available for the BL ident[®] system.

The compact interfaces are implemented in a fully encapsulated plastic housing with degree of protection IP65/IP67/IP69K. Depending on the type of interface, up to four RFID channels and eight digital channels can be used.

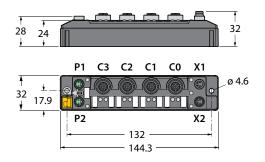


Fig. 12: TBEN-S... compact block module

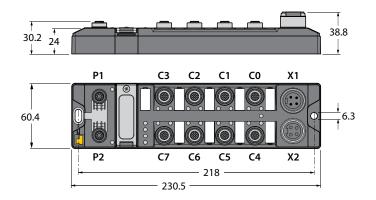


Fig. 13: TBEN-L... compact block module



5.2.4 Operating Principle

The BL ident[®] interfaces connect the RFID system with the higher-level controller system. The interfaces are provided with a fieldbus interface and fieldbus-independent I/O electronics with an RFID interface. The interfaces can also process sensor and actuator signals via configurable digital channels.

The TBEN interfaces are equipped with a multiprotocol fieldbus interface for Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP[™] and PROFINET. The fieldbus links the RFID system to an (existing) fieldbus system as an EtherNet/IP[™] device, Modbus TCP slave or PROFINET device. During operation, the process data is exchanged between the fieldbus and RFID system and diagnostics information is also generated for the controller. The read/write heads are connected to the interfaces via the RFID interfaces.

5.2.5 Functions and Operating Modes

TBEN-S Modules

The compact RFID interfaces transfer data between the RFID level (read/write head and tag)and the controller level. HF and UHF read/write heads can be connected to the RFID channels. Parallel operation of HF and UHF read/write heads on the same device is also possible. The devices can be used as slaves in the PROFINET, EtherNet/IP[™] and Modbus TCP fieldbus systems.

The device enables different commands, such as Inventory (single tag and multitag applications), Read, Write and Password protection to be executed. Additional functions are provided for optimizing the speed, the self triggering of the system, as well as for backup and restore operations. With each write or read cycle, 128 bytes can be transferred to the controller for each channel. The module fragments the data in order to transfer more than 128 bytes.

Sensors and actuators can be connected to the configurable digital channels. In all, up to four 3-wire PNP sensors or four PNP DC actuators with a maximum output current of 0.5 A per input or output can be connected.

TBEN-L Modules

The compact RFID interfaces transfer data between the RFID level (read/write head and tag)and the controller level. HF and UHF read/write heads can be connected to the four RFID channels. Parallel operation of HF and UHF read/write heads on the same device is also possible. The devices can be used as slaves in the PROFINET, EtherNet/IP[™] and Modbus TCP fieldbus systems. The devices can also be used as masters in the Modbus TCP fieldbus system.

The device enables different commands, such as Inventory (single tag and multitag applications), Read, Write and Password protection to be executed. Additional functions are provided for optimizing the speed, the self triggering of the system, as well as for backup and restore operations. With each write or read cycle, 128 bytes can be transferred to the controller for each channel. The module fragments the data in order to transfer more than 128 bytes.

Sensors and actuators can be connected to the configurable digital channels. Up to eight 3-wire PNP sensors or four PNP DC actuators with a maximum output current of 2 A per output can be connected.

The device can perform autonomous controller and diagnostics functions in order to reduce the workload of the controller. The devices can be programmed with CODESYS 3 according to IEC 61131-3.

HF Bus Mode for TBEN Modules

The compact TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP and TBEN-L...-4RFID-8DXP multiprotocol interfaces can be operated in HF bus mode.

Up to 32 bus-capable read/write heads can be run on the device in HF bus mode. An additional power supply is required depending on the number of connected read/write heads. It is therefore necessary to carry out a power consumption analysis of the connected read/write heads. Every connected read/write head supplies a "tag present" signal in HF bus mode. HF bus mode can only be used for static applications because a command can only be processed by one read/write head.

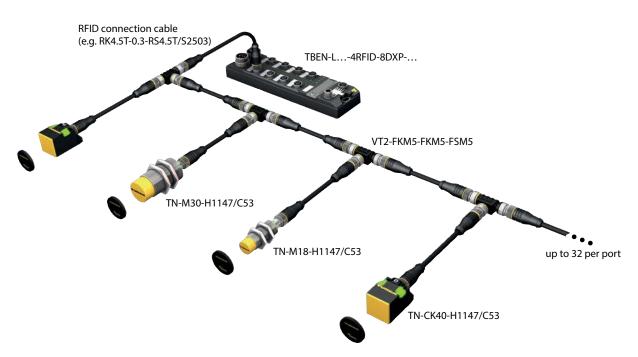


Fig. 14: HF bus mode setup

The following read/write heads can be used for HF bus mode:

- TN-M18-H1147/C53
- TB-M18-H1147/C53
- TN-M30-H1147/C53
- TB-M30-H1147/C53
- TN-CK40-H1147/C53
- TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147/C53
- TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T/C53
- TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T/C53

HF bus mode supports the HF read/write heads from firmware version Vx.90.



TBEN-L Modules for System Integrators

The compact TBEN-L...-WIN and TBEN-L...-LNX RFID interfaces are designed for commissioning through system integrators. The interfaces are based on the Windows Embedded Compact 2013 (TBEN-...-WIN) or Linux (TBEN-...-LNX) operating systems. The interfaces are freely programmable; middleware functions can be integrated on the devices. This enables the devices to carry out functions such as filtering and data processing. The data is transferred to higher-level ERP or MES systems via TCP/IP.

For example, the freely programmable interfaces can be used to fully replace IPCs in applications.

Functions of TBEN Modules

Compact multiprotocol interfaces

Fieldbus	Interface – Type	Function	Operating system or programming interface	Connec- tion for the power supply voltage	Ethernet terminals
	TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP	$2 \times read/write head$ $4 \times digital sensors oractuators$	-	M8 × 1	M8 × 1
Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP™	TBEN-L4-4RFID-8DXP-CDS	$4 \times$ read/write head $8 \times$ digital sensors or actuators	CODESYS 3	7/8″, 4-pin	M12 × 1
	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-CDS	$4 \times$ read/write head $8 \times$ digital sensors or actuators	CODESYS 3	7/8″, 5-pin	M12 × 1
	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-CDS-WV	$4 \times$ read/write head $8 \times$ digital sensors or actuators	CODESYS 3 with WebVisu	7/8″, 5-pin	M12 × 1
	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-LNX (in development)	4 × read/write head 8 × digital sensors or actuators	Linux	7/8″, 5-pin	M12 × 1
	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-OPC-UA (in development)	4 × read/write head 8 × digital sensors or actuators	platform- independent (OPC-UA)	7/8″, 5-pin	M12 × 1
	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-WIN	$4 \times$ read/write head $8 \times$ digital sensors or actuators	Windows Embedded	7/8″, 5-pin	M12 × 1

Firmware Status

The following table describes the current firmware versions of the interfaces (as at: 2017/04).

Device	Firmware version
TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP	3.2.2.0 (available online at www.turck.com)
TBEN-L	1.0.1.0 (available online at www.turck.com)

5.2.6 Operating and Indication Elements

The devices are provided with multi-color LEDs for displaying information:

- Supply voltage
- Group and bus fault
- Status
- Diagnostics



5.2.7 Available Device Types

	21		
Dimension drawing	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		PI 2 C C C XI PI 2 C C C C XI PI 2 C C C C C XI PI 2 C C C C C C XI PI 2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Туре	TBEN-S2-2RFID-4DXP	TBEN-L4-4RFID-8DXP-CDS	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-CDS
ldent no.	6814029	6814121	6814120
Fieldbus	Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP™	Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP™	Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP™
Number of channels	2 RFID channels 4 digital channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels
Programmable	no	Yes	Yes
Dimension drawing	922 24 P1 C3 C2 C1 C2 X1 C4 C3 C2 C1 C2 X1 C5 C3 C4 C2 C1 C2 X1 C5 C4	232 2 24 P1 C1 C2 C1 C0 X1 C4 C1 C2 C1 C0 X1 P2 C7 C4 C2 C1 C0 X1 P2 C1	
Туре	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-CDS-WV	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-LNX	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-OPC-UA
ldent no.	100000960	6814124	6814126
Fieldbus	Multiprotocol: PROFINET, Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP™		
Number of channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels
Programmable	Yes	Yes	Yes
Special features	For system integrators	For system integrators	
Dimension drawing		-	
Туре	TBEN-L5-4RFID-8DXP-WIN		
ldent no.	6814122	_	
Fieldbus		_	
Number of channels	4 RFID channels 8 digital channels	_	

Programmable

Special features

Yes

For system integrators

5.3 HF Read/Write Heads

5.3.1 Type Codes

Ν	LR	•••	Read	/write head –	Q80	Housing	-	- [H1 ⁻	147	Connector t	уре
			Worki	ng frequency		- Housing					Connector	
			blank 865 866	13.56 MHz 865868 MHz 866868 MHz		СК40	rectangular 40 x 40 x 65 mm, variable orientation of active face				0.15-RS4.47T H1147	pigtail (150 mm) with male connector M12 connector
			902 840/	902928 MHz 840.5844.5 MHz 8	L	EM18WD	thread M18, stainless stee wash down (IP69K)	el,			H1147L	M12 x 1 connector
			920 902/	920.5924.5 MHz 902907,5 MHz &		EM30WD	thread M30, stainless stee wash down (IP69K)	el,				M12 x 1, lateral
			915	915928 MHz		M18	thread M18					
			917	917920.8 MHz		M30	thread M30					
				l range		Q08	rectangular, 32 x 20 x 8 mm					
			LR SLR	long range super long range		Q14	rectangular 55.5 x 30 x 14 mm					
			moun	write heads, ting condition		Q42TWD	rectangular, 68 x 42,5 x 42,5 mm, active face on top, wash down (IP69K)					
			B N	flush mountable non-flush		Q80	rectangular, 114 x 80 x 40 mm					
				mountable		Q80L400	rectangular, 400 x 80 x 25 mm					
			Turck BL ide	RFID-System nt®		Q80WD	rectangular, 83 x 102 x 40 mm, wash down (IP69K)					
						Q120L130	rectangular, 120 x 130 x 60 mm					
						Q175L200	rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm					
						Q175	rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm					
						Q350	rectangular, 370 x 350 x 20 mm					
						S32XL	ring shaped, 180 x 120 x 32 mm					
Ap	prov	als		1	C53	Special Ver	sion					

Ex approval for Ex-Area

C53 Bus-capable, setup of line topology with TBEN possible (HF Bus mode)



5.3.2 Features of the HF Read/Write Heads

- Fully encapsulated and robust read/write heads
- Variants in rectangular and cylindrical designs
- Read/write heads also for Ex applications (ATEX) and food applications (wash-down, IP69K)
- Read/write distances depending on ambient conditions up to 1000 mm

5.3.3 Setup of the HF Read/Write Heads

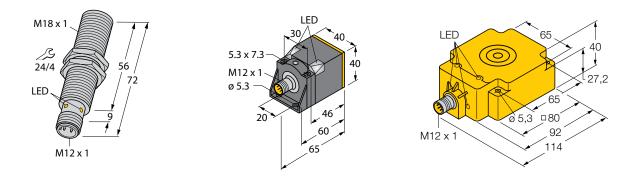


Fig. 15: Setup of HF read/write heads (examples: M18, CK40, Q80 designs)

5.3.4 Operating Principle

The read/write heads are used for contactless data exchange with tags. For this the controller sends commands and data via the interface to the read/write head and receives the corresponding response data from the read/write head. The reading of the IDs of all RFID tags in the read area or the writing of an RFID tag with a specific production date are examples of typical commands. To communicate with the tag, the data of the read/write head is coded and transferred via an electromagnetic field, which at the same time supplies the tags with power.

A read/write head contains a transmitter and a receiver, an interface to the interface and a coupling element (coil and dipole antenna) for communicating with the tag. Inductive coupling is used with devices for the HF range and electromagnetic wave propagation is used for the UHF range as the transmission procedure between read/write head and tag.



Fig. 16: HF RFID (left) and UHF RFID (right) operating principles

The coupling element of the read/write head generates an alternating electromagnetic field (HF) and electromagnetic waves (UHF). This produces a transmission window as a so-called air interface in which the data exchange with the tag takes place. The size of the transmission window depends on the combination of read/write head and tags, and with UHF on the relevant ambient conditions.

Each BL ident[®] read/write head can communicate with a number of BL ident[®] tags. This requires the read/write head and the tag to operate in the same frequency range. The detection ranges of the devices – depending on power and frequency – vary from a few millimeters to several meters. The specified maximum read/write distances only represent typical values under laboratory conditions without allowing for the effect of materials. The achievable distances may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids).



5.3.5 Functions and Operating Modes

Special Function – Automatic Tuning (only with TNLR-... and TNSLR-...)

Type TNLR-... and TNSLR-... read/write heads feature the "Automatic tuning" function. After power up, the read/write head checks whether its resonance frequency is affected by metal in the environment. If there is an effect caused by metal, the oscillating circuit adjusts its frequency to restore the optimum resonance frequency. If the effect caused by metal is too high, the read/write head can no longer tune the resonance frequency. The metal takes too much energy from the field; due to the reduce range communication between the read/write head and the tag is no longer possible.

Firmware Status

The following table describes the current firmware versions of the HF read/write heads (as at: 2016/02).

H1147 read/write head	Firmware version (available on request)
TB-M18-H1147	1v90
TN-M18-H1147	
TB-M30-H1147	
TN-M30-H1147	
TN-CK40-H1147	
TN-S32XL-H1147	
TN-Q80-H1147	
TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T	
TB-EM18WD-H1147	
TN-EM18WD-H1147	
TB-EM30WD-H1147	
TN-EM30WD-H1147	
TN-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T	
HT-IDENT-H1147	
TN-Q80-H1147-EX	
TB-EM18WD-H1147-EX	
TN-EM18WD-H1147-EX	
TB-EM30WD-H1147-EX	
TN-EM30WD-H1147-EX	
TNLR-Q80-H1147	3v90
TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX	
TNLR-Q80L400-H1147	5v90
TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L	
TNSLR-Q42-H1147	7v90_SLR-Q42
TNSLR-Q350-H1147	7v90_SLR-Q350

5.3.6 Operating and Indication Elements

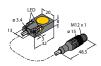
Depending on the device type, the HF read/write heads are provided with different LEDs, e.g. to indicate the operating voltage and the operating state.

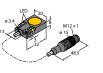
LED 1	LED 2	Function
continuously lit		Operating voltage switched on
flashing (1 Hz)		HF field switched off
flashing (2 Hz)		Tag within the detection range
	lit yellow (with read/write heads with automatic tuning)	less than 50 % range, too much metal in the environment



5.3.7 Available Device Types

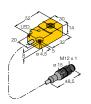
Dimension drawing







Туре	TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T	TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T/C53	TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T
ldent no.	7030553	7030778	7030235
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	flush	flush	non-flush
Housing material	metal	metal	Plastic
Housing length [mm]	32	32	56
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	very flat design	very flat design, bus-capable	flat design
Approvals	-	-	-







Туре	TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T/C53	TB-M18-H1147	TB-EM18WD-H1147
ldent no.	7030779	7030001	7030224
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	flush	flush
Housing material	Plastic	metal	Stainless steel
Housing length [mm]	56	72	72
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP68/IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	flat design, bus-capable	-	Wash-down (IP69K)

Dimension drawing







Туре	TB-EM18WD-H1147-Ex	TB-M18-H1147/C53	TN-M18-H1147
ldent no.	7030381	7030729	7030002
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	flush	flush	non-flush
Housing material	Stainless steel	metal	metal
Housing length [mm]	72	72	72
Degree of protection	IP68/IP69K	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	ATEX	bus-capable	-
Approvals	ATEX category II 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category II 3 D, Ex Zone 22	-	-







Туре	TN-EM18WD-H1147	TN-EM18WD-H1147-Ex	TN-M18-H1147/C53
ldent no.	7030223	7030382	7030728
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	metal
Housing length [mm]	72	72	72
Degree of protection	IP68/IP69K	IP68/IP69K	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	Wash-down (IP69K)	ATEX	bus-capable
Approvals	-	ATEX category ll 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category ll 3 D, Ex Zone 22	_









Туре	TB-M30-H1147	TB-EM30WD-H1147	TB-EM30WD-H1147-Ex
ldent no.	7030003	7030221	7030385
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	flush	flush	flush
Housing material	metal	Stainless steel	Stainless steel
Housing length [mm]	62	62	62
Degree of protection	IP67	IP68 / IP69K	IP68 / IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	-	Wash-down (IP69K)	ATEX
Approvals	_	_	ATEX category II 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category II 3 D, Ex Zone 22







Туре	TB-M30-H1147/C53	TN-M30-H1147	TN-EM30WD-H1147					
ldent no.	7030731	7030004	7030222					
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56					
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic					
Mounting conditions	flush	non-flush	non-flush					
Housing material	metal	metal	Stainless steel					
Housing length [mm]	62	62	62					
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP68 / IP69K					
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70					
Special features	bus-capable	-	Wash-down (IP69K)					
Approvals	_	-	_					

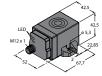






Туре	TN-EM30WD-H1147-Ex	TN-M30-H1147/C53	TN-CK40-H1147			
ldent no.	7030386	7030730	7030006			
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56			
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic			
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush			
Housing material	Stainless steel	metal	Plastic			
Housing length [mm]	62	62	65			
Degree of protection	IP68 / IP69K	IP67	IP67			
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70			
Special features	ATEX	bus-capable	-			
Approvals	ATEX category II 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category II 3 D, Ex Zone 22	-	-			







Туре	TN-CK40-H1147/C53	TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147	TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147/ C53
ldent no.	7030732	7030424	7030733
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing length [mm]	65	68	68
Degree of protection	IP67	IP68 / IP69K	IP68 / IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70
Special features	bus-capable	Wash-down (IP69K), very large range	Wash-down (IP69K), very large range, bus-capable





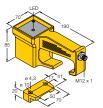




Туре	TN-Q80-H1147	TN-Q80-H1147-EX	TNLR-Q80-H1147			
ldent no.	7030007	7030302	7030230			
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56			
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic			
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush			
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic			
Housing length [mm]	92	92	92			
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67			
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70			
Special features	-	ATEX	-			
Approvals	_	ATEX category II 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category II 3 D, Ex Zone 22	-			

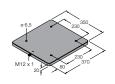






Туре	TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX	TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147	HT-IDENT-H1147					
ldent no.	7030303	7030418	7030236					
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56					
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic					
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush					
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	-					
Housing length [mm]	92	102	190					
Degree of protection	IP67	IP68 / IP69K	IP67					
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70	-25+70	-25+70					
Special features	ATEX	Wash-down (IP69K), very large range	Flexible use					
Approvals	ATEX category II 3 G, Ex Zone 2 ATEX category II 3 D, Ex Zone 22	-	-					

Dimension drawing ø 6,5 ø 6,5 LED M12 M12 x 1 Туре TN-S32XL-H1147 TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L 7030008 Ident no. 7030204 7030234 Operating frequency [MHz] 13.56 13.56 13.56 Material of active face Plastic Plastic _ **Mounting conditions** non-flush non-flush non-flush **Housing material** Plastic Plastic Plastic Housing length [mm] 180 400 400 Degree of protection IP67 IP67 IP67 Ambient temperature [°C] -25...+70 -25...+70 -25...+70 **Special features** suitable for roller conveyor suitable for roller conveyor _ applications (longitudinal applications (longitudinal or transverse alignment or transverse alignment possible) possible), plug connector at side



Туре	TNSLR-Q350-H1147
ldent no.	7030454
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush
Housing material	Plastic
Housing length [mm]	370
Degree of protection	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+70
Special features	very large range



5.3.8 Combination of HF Read/Write Heads and HF Tags

Notes on Operating Data

All operating data is stated in mm. The operating data is sufficient for a basic specification of the system. The relevant passing routes can be used for a more precise examination of the combination of read/write heads and tags. The passing routes can be obtained from Turck on request.



For greater simplicity, basic parameters such as the effect of metal are not included in the operating data. Appropriate tests must be carried out before startup.

Operating Data – Tags and Read/Write Heads

operating Data	lugsu											
 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	HT-IDENT-H1147 7030236	TB-EM18WD-H1147 7030224	TB-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030381	TB-EM30WD-H1147 7030221	TB-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030385	TB-M18-H1147 7030001	TB-M30-H1147 7030003	TB-Q08-0.15-R54.47T 7030553	TN-CK40-H1147 7030006	TN-EM18WD-H1147 7030223	TN-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030382
TW-BD10X1.5-19-B128 6901384	R M L	28 55 58	7 15 19		14.5 28 27		7 15 19	14.5 28 27	8 16.75 15.5	28 55 58	15.5 30 30	
TW-BS10X1.5-19-K2 6901380	R M L	8.5 24 30	5 10.25 13		7.5 15 17	7.5 15 17	5 10.25 13	7.5 15 17	5 10 11	8.5 24 30	6.5 15 18.5	6.5 15 18.5
TW-BS8X1.25-19-K2 7030638	R M L	7 23 31	5 10.5 13		6.5 15.75 21	6.5 15.75 21	5 10.5 13	6.5 15.75 21	5 10.25 12.5	7 23 31	6.5 15.25 19	6.5 15.25 19
TW-BS8X1.25-19-K9 7030647	R M L	9 24 30	5 10.5 13		6.5 15.75 21	6.5 15.75 21	5 10.5 13	6.5 15.75 21	5 10.25 12.5	9 24 30	6.5 15.25 19	6.5 15.25 19
TW-BV10X1.5-19-K2 6901382	R M L	8.5 24 30	5 10.25 13		7.5 15 17	7.5 15 17	5 10.25 13	7.5 15 17	5 10 11	8.5 24 30	6.5 15 18.5	6.5 15 18.5
TW-L18-18-F-B128 7030634	R M L	29 56 52	8.25 16.75 16		16 29.5 16	16 29.5 16	8.25 16.75 16	16 29.5 16	7 13.75 14	29 56 52	15 30.25 29	15 30.25 29
TW-L36-18-F-B128 7030659	R M L	32 64 70	6 19.5 33		13.5 32 41	13.5 32 41	6 19.5 33	13.5 32 41	6 12.5 25	32 64 70	13 32 42	13 32 42
TW-L40-P-B128 7030658	R M L	45 87 88	9.5 25.5 33		22 42 46	22 42 46	9.5 25.5 33	22 42 46	8 16.50 23	45 87 88	22 45 47	22 45 47
TW-L50-50-P-B128 7030635	R M L	52 98 100	10 26 40		23 46 54	23 46 54	10 26 40	23 46 54	5	52 98 100	20 44 56	20 44 56
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	42 81 93	12 20 54		17 36 64		12 20 54	17 36 64		42 81 93	17 34 61	
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	52 104 116	10 23 60		13 32 80	13 32 80	10 23 60	13 32 80	3	52 104 116	13 37 76	13 37 76
TW-L86-54-C-B128 6900479	R M L	40 88 94	7		14 32 40		7	14 32 40	3.5	40 88 94	8.5 32 65	
TW-Q51WH-HT-B128 7030661	R M L	52 100 104	10 23 31		20 44 52	20 44 52	10 23 31	20 44 52	16.5	52 100 104	25 51 70	25 51 70
											-	



 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	HT-IDENT-H1147 7030236	TB-EM18WD-H1147 7030224	TB-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030381	TB-EM30WD-H1147 7030221	TB-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030385	TB-M18-H1147 7030001	TB-M30-H1147 7030003	TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T 7030553	TN-CK40-H1147 7030006	TN-EM18WD-H1147 7030223	TN-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030382
Tag TW-R10-M-B146	R	7	5		6		5	6	5	7	5	
7030545	M L	18 30	7 7 7		15 18		7 7 7	15 18	7 7 7	, 18 30	12 14	
TW-R12-M-B146	R	7	5		6		5	6	5	7	5	
7030500	M L	18 30	7 7		15 18		7 7	15 18	7 7	18 30	12 14	
TW-R16-B128	R	25	7.5		14		7.5	14	8	25	14.75	
6900501	M L	50.5 53	16.75 20		28.5 27		16.75 20	28.5 27	16.75 18	50.5 53	30.5 33	
TW-R16-K2	R	17	3.5		8		3.5	8	4	17	8.25	
7030410	M L	37 42	11 14.5		19 21		11 14.5	19 21	10.75 14	37 42	19.25 23	
TW-R20-B128	R	28	9.75		15		9.75	15	8	28	15	
6900502	M L	55 54	19.5 18.5		29.5 29		19.5 18.5	29.5 29	16.5 18	55 54	29.5 28	
TW-R20-B128-EX 7030242	R M L			9.75 19.5 18.5		15 29.5 29						15 29.5 28
TW-R20-K2 6900505	R M L	20 41 46	7.5 16.5 17.5		12.5 26 27		7.5 16.5 17.5	12.5 26 27	6 14.75 15.5	20 41 46	13.25 27 30	
TW-R20-K2-EX 7030245	R M L			7.5 16.5 17.5		12.5 26 27			6 14.75 15.5			13.25 27 30
TW-R30-B128 6900503	R M L	38 72 72	10 21 25		17 35.5 36		10 21 25	17 35.5 36	8 18.5 25.5	38 72 72	18.75 37.5 44	
TW-R30-B128-EX 7030243	R M L			10 21 25		17 35.5 36			8 18.5 25.5			18.75 37.5 44
TW-R30-K2	R	30	6		10.5		6	10.5	11.5	30	11	
6900506	M L	59 62	13.75 20		25.5 33		13.75 20	25.5 33		59 62	26 34	
TW-R30-K2-EX	R	02	20	6		10.5	20			02	54	11
7030246	M L			13.75 20		25.5 33						26 34
TW-R30-K9	R	31	6.5		14.5		6.5	14.5		31	15	
7030565	M L	62 64	17.25 22		30.5 34		17.25 22	30.5 34	13.5	62 64	32 38	
TW-R30-M-B128	R	8.5	9.5		J 4		9.5	J 4		8.5	5.5	
7030210	к М	8.5 22	J.J				כ.ב			8.5 22	5.5 14	
	L	27	-	-				-	-	27	20	

 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	HT-IDENT-H1147 7030236	TB-EM18WD-H1147 7030224	TB-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030381	TB-EM30WD-H1147 7030221	TB-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030385	TB-M18-H1147 7030001	TB-M30-H1147 7030003	TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T 7030553	TN-CK40-H1147 7030006	TN-EM18WD-H1147 7030223	TN-EM18WD-H1147-EX 7030382
TW-R30-M-K2 7030206	R M L	12 27.5 31	7 10 18				7 10 18			12 27.5 31	7 17 22.5	
TW-R4-22-B128 7030237	R M L	19 44.5 51	3.25 11.5 16.5		8.5 21.5 26		3.25 11.5 16.5	8.5 21.5 26	2.5 9.5 15.5	19 44.5 51	8 21 27	
TW-R50-B128 6900504	R M L	47 92 94	19.5		17 41 48		19.5	17 41 48	11.5	47 92 94	20 45 58	
TW-R50-B128-EX 7030244	R M L			19.5		17 41 48						20 45 58
TW-R50-K2 6900507	R M L	43 84 88	17.5		13 37 48		17.5	13 37 48	8	43 84 88	17 40.5 52	
TW-R50-K2-EX 7030247	R M L			17.5		13 37 48						17 40.5 52
TW-R50-M-B128 7030209	R M L	21 43 46	8 18 22		15 27 22		8 18 22	15 27 22		21 43 46	10 22 22	
TW-R50-M-K2 7030229	R M L	11 30 36	7 15 24		10 21 26		7 15 24	10 21 26		11 30 36	10 22 32	
TW-R7.5-B128 7030231	R M L	13 29.5 34	6.25 13 14.5		9 20 20		6.25 13 14.5	9 20 20	6.25 12.5 13.5	13 29.5 34	10 20.5 23.5	
TW-R80-M-B128 7030207	R M L	22 47.5 50								22 47.5 50		
TW-R80-M-K2 7030205	R M L	18 43 50								18 43 50		
TW-R9.5-B128 7030252	R M L	18 37.5 42	5.5 13 14		10 20.5 21		5.5 13 14	10 20.5 21	5.5 11.75 13	18 37.5 42	10 20.5 22	
TW-R9.5-K2 7030558	R M L	18 38.5 42	5.5 13 12.5		9 20.5 22		5.5 13 12.5	9 20.5 22	5.5 12 13.5	18 38.5 42	9.75 20.5 23.5	



 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-EM30WD-H1147 7030222	TN-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030386	TNLR-Q80-H1147 7030230	TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX 7030303	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 longitudinal 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 traverse 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L longitudinal 7030234	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L traverse 7030234	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 longitudinal 7030522	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 traverse 7030522	TN-M18-H1147 7030002
TW-BD10X1.5-19-B128 6901384	R M L	21 40.5 44		52 97 100		42 136 408		42 136 408		35 130 810		15.5 30 30
TW-BS10X1.5-19-K2 6901380	R M L	8.5 20.5 23	8.5 20.5 23	18 41 56		16		16		5 20 780		6.5 15 18.5
TW-B58X1.25-19-K2 7030638	R M L	8.5 21 28	8.5 21 28	18 44 54						5 20 770		6.5 15.25 19
TW-BS8X1.25-19-K9 7030647	R M L	8.5 21 28	8.5 21 28	18 44 54						5 20 770		6.5 15.25 19
TW-BV10X1.5-19-K2 6901382	R M L	8.5 20.5 23	8.5 20.5 23	18 41 56		16		16		5 20 780		6.5 15 18.5
TW-L18-18-F-B128 7030634	R M L	22 41.5 41	22 41.5 41	47 90 86		40 130 416	60 128 116	40 130 416	60 128 116	42 155 820	60 128 116	15 30.25 29
TW-L36-18-F-B128 7030659	R M L	22 47 54	22 47 54	58 112 112		46 152 432	81 152 156	46 152 432	81 152 156		81 152 156	13 32 42
TW-L40-P-B128 7030658	R M L	36 65 74	36 65 74	84 152 148		93 250 460	145 255 230	93 250 460	145 255 230	100 305 860	145 255 230	22 45 47
TW-L50-50-P-B128 7030635	R M L	35 68 72	35 68 72	94 170 164		100 250 470	145 255 250	100 250 470	145 255 250	105 325 860	145 255 250	20 44 56
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	25 55 71		76 142 144		270 100 488	270 150 238	270 100 488	270 150 238		270 150 238	17 34 61
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	27 66 92	27 66 92	94 180 184		100 265 480	145 270 240	100 265 480	145 270 240	110 355 900	145 270 240	13 37 76
TW-L86-54-C-B128 6900479	R M L	25 62 96		89 170 164		75 240 480	200 345 306	75 240 480	200 345 306	75 280 860	200 345 306	8.5 32 65
TW-Q51WH-HT-B128 7030661	R M L	39 76 78	39 76 78	105 190 188		127 315 500		127 315 500		115 360 890		25 51 70
TW-R10-M-B146 7030545	R M L	7 17 30		15 36 68								5 12 14

 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-EM30WD-H1147 7030222	TN-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030386	TNLR-Q80-H1147 7030230	TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX 7030303	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 longitudinal 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 traverse 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L longitudinal 7030234	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L traverse 7030234	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 longitudinal 7030522	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 traverse 7030522	TN-M18-H1147 7030002
Tag	Re l	E K	Ĩ ₹ X	É K	Ĩ ₹ X	μĒ	Ĩ ₹ X	ÉŌ	1 F K	ÉŌ	ΪX	ĔΧ
TW-R12-M-B146 7030500	R M L	7 17 30		15 36 68								5 12 14
TW-R16-B128 6900501	R M L	21 42 43		51 100 104		48 148 420	50 95 74	48 148 420	50 95 74	40 145 810	50 95 74	14.75 30.5 33
TW-R16-K2 7030410	R M L	13 28.5 32		34 71 76		16 76 392		16 76 392		20 80 800		8.25 19.25 23
TW-R20-B128 6900502	R M L	21.5 42.5 43		54 99 106		48 140 416	60 102 86	48 140 416	60 102 86	35 135 810	60 102 86	15 29.5 28
TW-R20-B128-EX 7030242	R M L		21.5 42.5 43		54 99 106							
TW-R20-K2 6900505	R M L	19 40 42		51 96 98		36 124 408	15 64 70	36 124 408	15 64 70	40 135 810	15 64 70	13.25 27 30
TW-R20-K2-EX 7030245	R M L		19 40 42		51 96 98							
TW-R30-B128 6900503	R M L	28.5 56 59		76 140 136		88 232 448	90 152 132	88 232 448	90 152 132	70 240 850	90 152 132	18.75 37.5 44
TW-R30-B128-EX 7030243	R M L		28.5 56 59		76 140 136							
TW-R30-K2 6900506	R M L	19.5 41 50		54 102 104		40 136 416	70 122 100	40 136 416	70 122 100	40 155 820	70 122 100	11 26 34
TW-R30-K2-EX 7030246	R M L		19.5 41 50		54 102 104							
TW-R30-K9 7030565	R M L	24 48.5 53		65 120 124		50 152 424		50 152 424		50 185 830		15 32 38
TW-R30-M-B128 7030210	R M L							10		0		5.5 14 20
TW-R30-M-K2 7030206	R M L							10		5 15 770		7 17 22.5



 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-EM30WD-H1147 7030222	TN-EM30WD-H1147-EX 7030386	TNLR-Q80-H1147 7030230	TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX 7030303	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 longitudinal 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147 traverse 7030204	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L longitudinal 7030234	TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L traverse 7030234	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 longitudinal 7030522	TNLR-Q80L800-H1147 traverse 7030522	TN-M18-H1147 7030002
TW-R4-22-B128 7030237	R M L	13 33.5 42		40 86 98		32 116 408	40 78 68	32 116 408	40 78 68	22 114 812	40 78 68	8 21 27
TW-R50-B128 6900504	R M L	35 70 72		98 178 176		108 280 484	150 256 230	108 280 484	150 256 230	105 345 880	150 256 230	20 45 58
TW-R50-B128-EX 7030244	R M L		35 70 72		98 178 176							
TW-R50-K2 6900507	R M L	30 63 68		88 162 160		92 248 468	120 216 190	92 248 468	120 216 190	95 300 870	120 216 190	17 40.5 52
TW-R50-K2-EX 7030247	R M L		30 63 68		88 162 160							
TW-R50-M-B128 7030209	R M L	20 36 34		35 58 64				10 30 380		5 40 780		10 22 22
TW-R50-M-K2 7030229	R M L	15 30 32		30 58 76				10 20 370		5 20 760		10 22 32
TW-R7.5-B128 7030231	R M L	13.5 28 28		30 64 70		18 50 376		18 50 376		12 64 804		10 20.5 23.5
TW-R80-M-B128 7030207	R M L			50 90 90		30 77 398	40 77 56	25 70 390	40 77 56	20 75 780	40 77 56	
TW-R80-M-K2 7030205	R M L			35 78 80		30 68 390	30 77 64	25 70 380	30 77 64	15 60 780	30 77 64	
TW-R9.5-B128 7030252	R M L	14.5 30.5 30		36 74 82		36 76 384		36 76 384		25 80 800		10 20.5 22
TW-R9.5-K2 7030558	R M L	14 29 29		34 71 76		26 72 384		26 72 384		20 75 800		9.75 20.5 23.5

 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-M30-H1147 7030004	TN-Q14-0.15-R54.47T 7030235	TN-Q80-H1147 7030007	TN-Q80-H1147-EX 7030302	TN-S32XL-H1147 7030008	TNSLR-Q350-H1147 7030545	TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147 7030424	TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147 7030418
TW-BD10X1.5-19-B128 6901384	R M L	21 40.5 44	20 39 41	36 73 78			100 250 390	53 96 100	73 137 132
TW-BS10X1.5-19-K2 6901380	R M L	8.5 20.5 23	6.5 18 25	10 23.5 41				20 42 44	26 52 68
TW-BS8X1.25-19-K2 7030638	R M L	8.5 21 28	7 19 25					23 45 46	22 56 72
TW-BS8X1.25-19-K9 7030647	R M L	8.5 21 28	7 19 25					23 45 46	22 56 72
TW-BV10X1.5-19-K2 6901382	R M L	8.5 20.5 23	6.5 18 25	10 23.5 41				20 42 44	26 52 68
TW-L18-18-F-B128 7030634	R M L	22 41.5 41	19.5 38.5 40	35 71 78			122 284 408	55 103 100	73 136 132
TW-L36-18-F-B128 7030659	R M L	22 47 54	20 44 52	41 85 94				69 128 124	80 150 144
TW-L40-P-B128 7030658	R M L	36 65 74	31 60 56	68 128 124			260 505 560	97 174 168	122 216 196
TW-L50-50-P-B128 7030635	R M L	35 68 72	35 70 76	75 142 132			280 540 590	110 200 190	125 225 210
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	25 55 71	25 55 71	55 108 115		68 136 161			
TW-L81-49-P-B128 7030260	R M L	27 66 92	28 70 94	68 138 148			290 565 620		125 230 220
TW-L86-54-C-B128 6900479	R M L	25 62 96	21 58 96	57 120 124		90 180 206	230 470 540	90 166 180	117 216 230
TW-Q51WH-HT-B128 7030661	R M L	39 76 78	34 68 74	71 134 136			300 600 640	108 194 192	147 261 252
TW-R10-M-B146 7030545	R M L	7 17 30	5 14 24	10 24 52				20 42 75	25 52 80



 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-M30-H1147 7030004	TN-Q14-0.15-R54.47T 7030235	TN-Q80-H1147 7030007	TN-Q80-H1147-EX 7030302	TN-S32XL-H1147 7030008	TNSLR-Q350-H1147 7030545	TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147 7030424	TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147 7030418
TW-R12-M-B146 7030500	R M L	7 17 30	5 14 24	10 24 52				20 42 75	25 52 80
TW-R16-B128 6900501	R M L	21 42 43	17.5 39.5 42	40 82 84		20 67 125	105 250 380	60 110 112	76 146 158
TW-R16-K2 7030410	R M L	13 28.5 32	11.5 26 33	16 45 60			35 135 330	36 71 78	50 97 106
TW-R20-B128 6900502	R M L	21.5 42.5 43	18.5 37.5 40	41 82 92		36 72 103	95 235 380	60 114 110	76 140 140
TW-R20-B128-EX 7030242	R M L		18.5 37.5 40		41 82 92			60 114 110	76 140 140
TW-R20-K2 6900505	R M L	19 40 42	18 37 41	30 65.5 72		20 60 130	50 170 340	53 98 102	70 130 132
TW-R20-K2-EX 7030245	R M L		18 37 41		30 65.5 72			53 98 102	70 130 132
TW-R30-B128 6900503	R M L	28.5 56 59	25 50.5 52	48 96 96		30 80 120	185 385 470	76 142 144	110 186 176
TW-R30-B128-EX 7030243	R M L		25 50.5 52		48 96 96			76 142 144	110 186 176
TW-R30-K2 6900506	R M L	19.5 41 50	16.5 36.5 42	31 69 78		30 82 132	105 255 390	54 104 104	74 138 136
TW-R30-K2-EX 7030246	R M L				31 69 78				
TW-R30-K9 7030565	R M L	24 48.5 53	21 44 50	41 83 92			150 325 430	66 120 120	90 164 152
TW-R30-M-B128 7030210	R M L						0	16 34 30	20 40 56
TW-R30-M-K2 7030206	R M L						0	23 34 40	30 58 64

 R Recommended distance M max. distance L Length of the transmission zone at the recommended distance 	Read/write head	TN-M30-H1147 7030004	TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T 7030235	TN-Q80-H1147 7030007	TN-Q80-H1147-EX 7030302	TN-532XL-H1147 7030008	TNSLR-Q350-H1147 7030545	TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147 7030424	TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147 7030418
TW-R4-22-B128 7030237	R M L	13 33.5 42	10.5 28.5 40	32 72 84		10 42 118	80 225 380	51 101 104	63 128 130
TW-R50-B128 6900504	R M L	35 70 72	30 63 70	63 122 124		80 150 160	280 540 610	100 182 180	134 240 228
TW-R50-B128-EX 7030244	R M L				63 122 124				
TW-R50-K2 6900507	R M L	30 63 68	26 56 70	57 110 112		60 28 160	235 460 540	88 162 164	120 218 208
TW-R50-K2-EX 7030247	R M L				57 110 112				
TW-R50-M-B128 7030209	R M L	20 36 34	20 36 34	25 53 66			5	41 72 64	36 75 80
TW-R50-M-K2 7030229	R M L	15 30 32	15 30 32	15 41 58			0	27 50 50	30 67 78
TW-R7.5-B128 7030231	R M L	13.5 28 28	11 26 30.5	20 50 62			35 125 330	36 71 74	48 96 104
TW-R80-M-B128 7030207	R M L			40 76 76			5	46 84 76	62 114 108
TW-R80-M-K2 7030205	R M L			20 55 64			5	42 79 74	51 99 94
TW-R9.5-B128 7030252	R M L	14.5 30.5 30	12 27 32	19 47 60			40 145 330	38 74 76	50 100 106
TW-R9.5-K2 7030558	R M L	14 29 29	11.5 26 31.5	17 46 62			35 130 350	36 71 74	48 97 106



5.3.9 Accessories – HF Read/Write Heads

Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
e 18.2 40 7.5 7.5 22 45 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.	BS 18	69471	Fixing clamp for threaded barrel devices; Material: PA66-GF
20 52 52 6 15 6 6	BSN 18	69472	Fixing clamp; Material: PA66-GF
	BST-18B	6947214	Fixing clamp for threaded barrel devices; with dead stop; Material: PA6
	BST-18N	6947215	Fixing clamp for threaded barrel devices; without dead stop; Material: PA6
M24 x 15 0 18 205 36	QM-18	6945102	Quick-mount bracket with dead stop; Material: Chrome-plated brass. Male thread $M24 \times 1.5$. Note: The switching distance of the proximity switches can be reduced by using quick-mount brackets.
a 18 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5 aU.5	BSS-18	6901320	Fixing clamp for smooth and threaded bar- rel devices; Material: Polypropylene
€24 MI8 x 1 = 0 26	PN-M18	6905310	Protective nut for M18x1 threaded barrel devices; Material: Stainless steel A2 1.4305 (AISI 303)

19.7 15.9 15.9 15.1 15.1 15.1 15.1 15.1 15.1	MW-18	6945004	Mounting bracket for threaded barrel devices; Material: Stainless steel A2 1.4301 (AISI 304)
7 22 MI8x1	SKN/M18	69663	PTFE protective caps; Material PTFE; For use in welding plants and cutting ma- chines with flying sparks
N5 00 00 000	BST-30B	6947216	Fixing clamp for threaded barrel devices; with dead stop; Material: PA6
	BST-30N	6947217	Mounting bracket for threaded barrel de- vices; without dead stop; Material: PA6
	QM-30	6945103	Quick-mount bracket with dead stop; Material: Chrome-plated brass. Male thread M36 x 1.5. Note: The switching distance of the proximity switches can be reduced by using quick-mount brackets.
	BSS-30	6901319	Fixing clamp for smooth and threaded bar- rel devices; Material: Polypropylene
M30 × 1.5	PN-M30	6905308	Protective nut for M30x1 threaded barrel devices; Material: Stainless steel A2 1.4305 (AISI 303)
55 55 572 22 505 45 45 45 45	MW-30	6945005	Mounting bracket for threaded barrel devices; Material: Stainless steel A2 1.4301 (AISI 304)



7 34 NSD x 1.5	SKN/M30	69664	PTFE protective caps; Material PTFE; For use in welding plants and cutting ma- chines with flying sparks
97 80 98 98 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	BSS-SPV2	6901316	Welding plate for BSS fixing clamp, long
M6 10.5 20.5	BSS-TSM (2 pcs.)	6901323	DIN rail nut for BSS fixing clamp, for stan- dard rail mounting
13 40 54	BST-UV	6947218	Base for BST-12 and BST-18 fixing clamps
	MW-Q14/Q20	6945006	Mounting bracket for rectangular Q14 or Q20; Material VA 1.4301
	BSS-CP40	6901318	Fixing clamp for rectangular devices; Mate rial: Polypropylene
5.3 (10)	MF-CK40-3S	6900483	Protective frame (U profile) for rectangular CK40
	MF-CK40-2S	6900482	Protective frame (bracket) for rectangular CK40

	MF-CK40-1S	6900481	Protective frame (one-sided) for rectangu- lar CK40
75 50 19 13.2 190	PROTECTIVE HOUSING SG40/2 (ULTEM)	69497	Protective housing for rectangular CP40; Material housing/cover: ULTEM; Temp. resistant up to +170 °C, particularly UV and ozone resistant; Degree of protection IP68, 5 m ws



5.4 HF Tags

5.4.1 Type Code

Dat	a car	rier				-	Q51	Housing		-	Μ	Fea	atures
		freque	•					Housing					tures
865 860	-868 -928 -960	13.56 865 865 860 902	868 N 928 N 960 N	1Hz 1Hz					screw housing, plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm screw housing, metal/ plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm			C F M MF	cheque card format foil data carrier for direct mounting on metal for direct mounting on metal foil shielded
		ier,me read/v read c	mory write		ess			BV10X1.5-19	screw housing, stainless steel/plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm inlay & dimensions			Ρ	paper data carrier
——— — Ture	ck RFI	D-Syst	em Bl	_ ide	ent®			L QL Q51	label & dimensions rectangular & diameter rectangular & lateral length: 51 mm				
								R	round & diameter				

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	High temperature (optional)	-	B128	Memory capacity total	-	Ex	Approvals
-	High temperature			Memory capacity total (size)			Approvals
	HT High temperature			B Byte			Ex Approval for Ex-Area
				K kByte			

5.4.2 Features of the HF Tags

- EEPROM tags with 128 byte memory, FRAM tags with 2 Kbytes or 8 Kbytes for high speeds
- High temperature tags for use at -40...+240 °C, depending on ambient conditions, time and cycle dependent
- Autoclave tags for use in pressurized hot water vapor
- Open and globally applicable standards (ISO 15693)
- Tags for Ex applications
- Round, flat tags with 16, 20, 30 and 50 mm diameters
- Inlays and stickers in foil thickness
- Designs for installation in and on metal
- Tags in glass cylindrical housing
- Tags in check card format
- Tags with fixing holes

Memory

Tags are available with EEPROM and FRAM memory. The memory size is 128 bytes (user data area 112 bytes), 2 Kbytes (user data area 2000 bytes) or 9 Kbytes (user data area 7936 bytes).

- FRAM tags (ferroelectric random access memory, non-volatile) with a 2 or 8 Kbyte memory size can guarantee 10¹⁰ read / write operations.
- EEPROM tags (electrically erasable programmable read only memory, non-volatile) can ensure an unlimited number of read operations and 10⁴ or 10⁵ write operations.

The following approximate values apply to the data retention time of the memories. The values may vary according to the type of chip.

- 1 year at 85 °C
- 10 years at 55 °C
- 120 years at 25 °C

Electrical fields have no effect on the data retention time as they are normally too low frequency to delete the memory.



5.4.3 Setup of the HF Tags

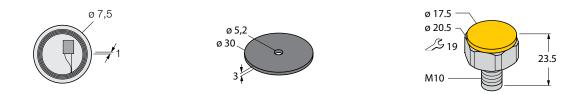


Fig. 17: HF tags (examples)

Tags for a wide range of applications are available. Other properties of the tags include:

Types for direct mounting on metal

Types for particularly large temperature ranges, also high temperatures (-40... +240 °C)

- Type for use in autoclaves (pressurized water vapor)
- Types as (printable) label (adhesive or inlay) in foil thickness

5.4.4 Operating Principle

An RFID tag is a mobile data memory consisting of a memory chip and a coupling element (coil or antenna). It can be written or read without contact in an RFID system. Tags with EEPROM and FRAM memories are available. Tags provide information on the object to which they are fitted, e.g. a unique identification number, batch number or specific production data. Prior to use, the tag is written with a worldwide uniquely assigned number, e.g. for UHF tags compliant with the EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2 standard (ISO18000-6C) and for HF tags according to ISO 15693.

BL ident[®] tags are passive, i.e. they operate without the use of a battery and are powered by the magnetic or electromagnetic field generated by the read/write head. If the tag enters the transmission field of the read/write head, it is activated for writing and reading the data. To do this, the tag does not generate its own field but simply changes the field of the read/write head by modulating the load. For this a load resistor is switched on and off in time with the data to be transmitted, thus changing the mutual inductance of the HF tag or the properties of the wave reflected by the UHF tag. These changes are detected and evaluated by the read/write head.

The Turck tags can be written to and read from without contact by a number of Turck read/ write heads. This requires the read/write heads and the tags to operate in the same frequency range. The detection ranges of the devices – depending on power and frequency – vary from a few millimeters to several meters. The specified maximum read/write distances only represent typical values under laboratory conditions without allowing for the effect of materials. The achievable distances may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids).

5.4.5 User Data Areas of Tags

The tags are provided with different chip types. The user data areas of the tags are described in the following table.

Chip type	User data	a area		Access	Bytes per
	First block	Last block	Total memory [Byte]		block
NXP SL2 SLI	0x00	0x1B	112	read/write	4
NXP SL2 SLI-S	0x00	0x27	160	read/write	4
NXP SL2 SLI-L	0x00	0x07	32	read/write	4
Fujitsu MB89R118 Fujitsu MB89R118B	0x00	0xF9	2000	read/write	8
Fujitsu MB89R112	0x00	0xFF	8192	read/write	32
TI Tag-it HFI Plus	0x00	0x3F	256	read/write	4
TI Tag-it HFI	0x00	0x07	32	read/write	4
infineon SRF55V02P	0x00	0x37	224	read/write	4
infineon SRF55V10P	0x00	0xF7	992	read/write	4
EM4233	0x00	0x33	208	read/write	4
EM4233 SLIC	0x00	0x1F	128	read/write	4



5.4.6 Available Device Types

Turck can also supply customized tag solutions on request.

Dimension drawing 0.7,5 0.9,5 0.

Туре	TW-R7.5-B128	TW-R9.5-B128	TW-R9.5-K2
ldent no.	7030231	7030252	7030558
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	128	128	2048
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	FRAM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	Fujitsu MB89R118
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ¹⁰
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	0.5
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	0.5
Degree of protection	IP67	IP68	IP68
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+85	-25+85
Storage temperature range	-	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+85	-40+85	-40+85
Special features	Small design	Small design	Small design







Туре	TW-R10-M-B146	TW-R12-M-B146	TW-R16-B128
ldent no.	7030545	7030500	6900501
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	146	146	128
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	EM4233SLIC	EM4233SLIC	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP68	IP68	IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+85	-40+85	-25+85
Storage temperature range –		-	160 °C (1x35 h) 220 °C (1x30 s)
Storage temperature [°C] -40+85		-40+85	-25+120
Special features	Tag is designed for direct mounting on/in metal. A recommendation for adhesives that meet the FD and EU requirements for accidental contact with food can be requested from Turck. This recom- mendation does release the user from an examination regarding suitability for the application.	gned for directTag is designed for directExtended temperationon/in metal.mounting on/in metal.rangeendation forA recommendation forrangethat meet theadhesives that meet therequirementsrequirementsFDA and EU requirementsrequirementsthat contact withfor accidental contact withfor accidental contact withfrom Turck. This recom-from Turck. This recom-a does release theuser from an examinationsuitability for theregarding suitability for the	









Туре	TW-R16-B128-Ex	TW-R16-K2	TW-R20-B128
ldent no.	7030241	30241 7030410 6900502	
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic, PA6, black	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic, PPS	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	128	2048	128
Memory type	EEPROM	FRAM	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	Fujitsu MB89R118	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ¹⁰	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	0.5	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	0.5	3
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K IP69	
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25… +85 ℃	-25+85	-25+85
Storage temperature range	160 °C, 1x35 h	160 °C (1x35 h) 220 °C (1x30 s)	140 °C (1x100 h)
Storage temperature [°C]	220 °C, 1x30 s	-25+120	-45+85
Special features	-25+120 °C	Extended temperature range	-
Approvals	extended temperature range, ATEX	ATEX category II 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category II 2 D, Ex Zone 21	-







Туре	TW-R20-B128-Ex	TW-R20-K2	TW-R20-K2-Ex	
ldent no.	7030242	6900505	7030245	
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56	
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic	
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic	
Memory size [Byte]	128	2048	2048	
Memory type	EEPROM	FRAM	FRAM	
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	Fujitsu MB89R118	Fujitsu MB89R118	
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited	
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹⁰	
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	0.5	0.5	
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	0.5	0.5	
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K	IP69K	
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+85	-25+85	
Storage temperature range	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	
Storage temperature [°C]	-45+85	-45+85	-45+85	
Special features	ATEX	-	ATEX	
Approvals		_	ATEX category ll 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category ll 2 D, Ex Zone 21	





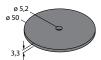




Туре	TW-R30-B128	TW-R30-B128-Ex	TW-R30-K2
ldent no.	6900503	7030243	6900506
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	128	128	2048
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	FRAM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	Fujitsu MB89R118
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ¹⁰
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	0.5
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	0.5
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K	IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+85	-25+85
Storage temperature range	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)
Storage temperature [°C]	-45+85	-45+85	-45+85
Special features	-	ATEX	-
Approvals	-	ATEX category II 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category II 2 D, Ex Zone 21	-



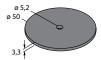


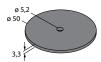


Туре	TW-R30-K2-Ex TW-R30-K9 TW-R50-B128		TW-R50-B128
ldent no.	7030246 7030565		6900504
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic, PA6	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic, PA6, black	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	2048	9216	128
Memory type	FRAM	FRAM	EEPROM
Chip type	Fujitsu MB89R118	Fujitsu MB89R112	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2
Number of read operations	unlimited	10^12	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹²	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	0.5	0.5	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	0.5	0.5	3
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K	IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-20 +85 °C	-25+85
Storage temperature range	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	-	140 °C (1 × 100 h)
Storage temperature [°C]	-45+85	-55…+125 ℃	-45+85
Special features	ATEX	-	-
Approvals	ATEX category II 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category II 2 D, Ex Zone 21	-	-









Туре	TW-R50-B128-Ex TW-R50-K2 TW-R50		TW-R50-K2-Ex
ldent no.	7030244	6900507	7030247
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	128	2048	2048
Memory type	EEPROM	FRAM	FRAM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	Fujitsu MB89R118	Fujitsu MB89R118
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹⁰
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	0.5	0.5
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	0.5	0.5
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K	IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+85	-25+85
Storage temperature range	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)	140 °C (1 × 100 h)
Storage temperature [°C]	-45+85	-45+85	-45+85
Special features	ATEX	-	ATEX
Approvals	ATEX category II 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category II 2 D, Ex Zone 21	-	ATEX category II 2 G, Ex Zone 1 ATEX category II 2 D, Ex Zone 21

ø 29,9 ø 29,9 ø 49,9 TW-R30-M-B128 TW-R30-M-K2 TW-R50-M-B128 Туре Ident no. 7030210 7030206 7030209 **Operating frequency [MHz]** 13.56 13.56 13.56 Material of active face Plastic Plastic Plastic Housing material Plastic Plastic Plastic Memory size [Byte] 128 2048 128 Memory type EEPROM FRAM EEPROM Chip type NXP I-Code SLI/SL2 Fujitsu MB89R118 NXP I-Code SLI/SL2 Number of read operations unlimited unlimited unlimited Number of write operations 10⁵ 10¹⁰ 10⁵ 2 Typical read time [ms/byte] 2 0.5 3 0.5 3 Typical write time [ms/byte] IP68 **Degree of protection** IP68 IP68 Ambient temperature [°C] -25 ...+85 -25 ...+85 -25 ...+85 140 °C (1 × 100 h) 140 °C (1 × 100 h) 140 °C (1 × 100 h) Storage temperature range Storage temperature [°C] -45...+85 -45...+85 -45...+85 Special features _ _ _ Approvals



ø 49,9 ø 79,9 ø 79,9 TW-R50-M-K2 TW-R80-M-B128 TW-R80-M-K2 Туре Ident no. 7030229 7030207 7030205 13.56 13.56 **Operating frequency [MHz]** 13.56 Material of active face Plastic Plastic Plastic Housing material Plastic Plastic Plastic 2048 128 2048 Memory size [Byte] Memory type FRAM EEPROM FRAM Chip type Fujitsu MB89R118 NXP I-Code SLI/SL2 Fujitsu MB89R118 Number of read operations unlimited unlimited unlimited Number of write operations 10¹⁰ 10⁵ 10¹⁰ 2 Typical read time [ms/byte] 0.5 0.5 0.5 3 0.5 Typical write time [ms/byte] IP68 IP68 IP68 **Degree of protection** Ambient temperature [°C] -25 ...+85 -25 ...+85 -25 ...+85 140 °C (1 × 100 h) 140 °C (1 × 100 h) Storage temperature range 140 °C (1 × 100 h) Storage temperature [°C] -45...+85 -45...+85 -45...+85







Туре	TW-R4-22-B128 TW-L86-54-C-B128		TW-BD10X1.5-19-B128
ldent no.	7030237	6900479	6901384
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Glass	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Glass	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	128	128	128
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP68	IP67	IP68
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+50	-25+85
Storage temperature range	90 °C (1 × 1000 h) – – 120 °C (1 × 100 h) –		-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+140	-25+50	-45+85
Special features	Glass tag, suitable for use in autoclave applications	-	









Туре	TW-BS10X1.5-19-K2	TW-BV10X1.5-19-K2	TW-Q51WH-HT-B128
ldent no.	6901380	6901382	7030661
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic, PPS, black
Housing material	Metal/plastic	Metal/plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	2048	2048	128
Memory type	FRAM	FRAM	EEPROM
Chip type	Fujitsu MB89R118	Fujitsu MB89R118	NXP I-Code SLI-X
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	Unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ¹⁰ 10 ¹⁰		10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	0.5 0.5		2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	0.5 0.5		3
Degree of protection	IP68	IP68	IP68
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+85	-25+85	-25+85 °C
Storage temperature range	-	-	200 °C, 60 minutes 220 °C, 45 minutes 240 °C, 30 minutes
Storage temperature [°C]	-45+85	-45+85	-55+185 °C
Special features	Screw tag, screw fitting in metal possible	Screw tag, screw fitting in metal possible	High temperature







Туре	TW-L18-18-F-B128 TW-L19-F-B128		TW-L36-18-F-B128	
ldent no.	7030634	7030660	7030659	
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56	13.56	
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic	
Housing material	Plastic, PET	Plastic, PET	Plastic, PET	
Memory size [Byte]	128	128	128	
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM	
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI-X	NXP I-Code SLI-X	NXP I-Code SLI-X	
Number of read operations	Unlimited	Unlimited	unlimited	
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2	
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3	
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40	IP40	
Ambient temperature [°C]	-20 +70 °C	-20 +70 °C	-20 +70 °C	
Storage temperature range	-	_	-	
Storage temperature [°C]	-20 +70 °C	°C -20 +70 °C -20 +70		
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	el, self-adhesive Smart label, self-adhesive Smart la		







Туре	TW-L50-50-P-B128	TW-L81-49-P-B128
ldent no.	7030635	7030260
Operating frequency [MHz]	13.56	13.56
Material of active face	Paper	Paper
Housing material	-	-
Memory size [Byte]	128	128
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP I-Code SLI-X	NXP I-Code SLI/SL2
Number of read operations	Unlimited	Unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40 +85 °C	-20+70 °C
Storage temperature range	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40 +85 °C	-20+70 °C
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive

5.4.7 Accessories

Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
5.7 51 0 83 15.25	TH-Q14L60	7030377	Metal clip with retaining magnets, mount- ing accessory for the TWxxx-Q14L60-M- B110 tag
e 30 10	DS-R30	6900512	The spacer disc enables the indirect mounting of the tag on metal
e 3.0 e 50	DS-R50	6900386	The spacer disc enables the indirect mounting of the tag on metal
a 50 a 49.4 a 45.5 a 64.5 a 64.8	MF-R50	6901151	The flange enables the TW-R50-M-B128 (-K2) tag to be mounted on or in metal.
e 80 e 79.4 e 4.5 e 96 e 100 e 84.8	MF-R80	6901152	The flange enables the TW-R80-M-B128 (-K2) tag to be mounted on or in metal.
0.30 0.22.4 0.45 0.45 0.65 0.50 1 0.34,8	MF-R30	6901150	The flange enables the TW-R30-M-B128 (-K2) tag to be mounted on or in metal.
145 049 049	TH-Q51T-HT	7030540	Holder with M5 threaded sleeve for screw fixing Q51 tags. The use of the 4.5 mm locking pin ensures that the tag is protected from being rotated. Suitable for mounting on metal. Suitable for repeated use at high temperatures. Only suitable for one-off mounting (snap fitting of tag in bracket). Using the bracket produces a 12 mm gap between the metal and the tag.



TH-Q51S-HT 7030541	Bracket with cotter pin fastening for Q51 tag. The use of the 4.5 mm locking pin ensures that tag is protected from being rotated. Suitable for mounting on metal. Suitable for repeated use at high tempera- tures. Only suitable for one-off mounting (snap fitting of tag in bracket). Using the bracket produces a 12 mm gap between the metal and the tag.
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5.5 UHF Read/Write Heads

5.5.1 Type Code

Т	Ν	LR		_	Q8	0 –	H1	147	-	*	/	/ C5	3							
Т	N	LR	•••	Rea	d/w	rite	head		-	Q8	0	Hou	ising		-	-	H1	147	Connector	type -
				blar 865 866 902 840 920 902 915 917	nk 1 8 9 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3.56 365 366 340.5 220.5 02 015 017 017 ong r	uency MHz 868 M 928 M 924 907,5 928 M 920.8 920.8 ange long r	1Hz 1Hz .5 MH .5 MH .5 MH MHz 1Hz MHz	z &			- Hou: CK40 EM1 EM3 M18 M30 Q08 Q14	sing D 8WD 0WD	rectangular 40 x 40 x 65 mm, variable orientation of active face thread M18, stainless st wash down (IP69K) thread M30, stainless st wash down (IP69K) thread M18 thread M30 rectangular, 32 x 20 x 8 mm rectangular 55.5 x 30 x 14 mm rectangular,					- Connector	F pigtail (150 mm) with male connector M12 connector M12 x 1 connector M12 x 1, lateral
				mou B N Turo	u ntir f r r	iush i ion-fl noun	nditio moun	table				Q80		68 x 42,5 x 42,5 mm, active face on top, wash down (IP69K) rectangular, 114 x 80 x 40 mm rectangular, 400 x 80 x 25 mm rectangular, 83 x 102 x 40 mm, wash down (IP69K)						
													5L200 5 0	rectangular, 120 x 130 x 60 mm rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm rectangular, 175 x 200 x 60 mm rectangular, 370 x 350 x 20 mm ring shaped, 180 x 120 x 32 mm						
*	• Ap	•	r als als (op roval fo						/	C5 3		Specia C53	with Tl		log	IJ				



5.5.2 Features of the UHF Read/Write Heads

- Robust read/write heads in industrial design
- Read/write distances up to several meters (depending on ambient conditions)
- Compact design for restricted mounting requirements
- 5.5.3 Setup of the UHF Read/Write Heads

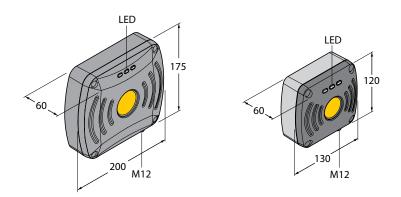


Fig. 18: Design of the BL ident® UHF read/write heads (Q175, Q120 designs)

5.5.4 Operating Principle

The read/write heads are used for contactless data exchange with tags. For this the controller sends commands and data via the interface to the read/write head and receives the corresponding response data from the read/write head. The reading of the IDs of all RFID tags in the read area or the writing of an RFID tag with a specific production date are examples of typical commands. To communicate with the tag, the data of the read/write head is coded and transferred via an electromagnetic field, which at the same time supplies the tags with power.

A read/write head contains a transmitter and a receiver, an interface to the interface and a coupling element (coil and dipole antenna) for communicating with the tag. Inductive coupling is used with devices for the HF range and electromagnetic wave propagation is used for the UHF range as the transmission procedure between read/write head and tag.



Fig. 19: HF RFID (left) and UHF RFID (right) operating principles

The coupling element of the read/write head generates an alternating electromagnetic field (HF) and electromagnetic waves (UHF). This produces a transmission window as a so-called air interface in which the data exchange with the tag takes place. The size of the transmission window depends on the combination of read/write head and tags, and with UHF on the relevant ambient conditions.

Each read/write head can communicate with a number of tags. This requires the read/write head and the tag to operate in the same frequency range. The detection ranges of the devices – depending on power and frequency – vary from a few millimeters to several meters. The specified maximum read/write distances only represent typical values under laboratory conditions without allowing for the effect of materials. The achievable distances may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids).

5.5.5 Firmware Status

The following table describes the current firmware versions of the UHF read/write heads.

Read/write head	Firmware version
TNQ175 L200-H1147 TNQ120L130 L200-H1174	FW 1.52

Date: 04/2017



5.5.6 Operating and Indication Elements

The devices are equipped with three LEDs to display the device status. The display functions can be configured for the specific application via the DTM. The LEDs have the following display functions as the factory default setting:

LED	Color	Status	Meaning
1 (operating status)	Green	Off	No operating voltage present
		Illuminated	Operating voltage is connected
		Goes out after 0.2 s	Tag detected
2 (radio field status)	Yellow	Off	Radio field is switched off
		Illuminated	Radio field is switched on
3 (error)	Red	Off	No internal error
		Illuminated	Internal error detected

5.5.7 Available Device Types

Dimension drawing







Туре	TN865-Q175L200-H1147	TN902-Q175L200-H1147	TN840/920-Q175L200- H1147
ldent no.	7030452	7030457	7030466
Operating frequency [MHz]	865868	902928	920925
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum
Housing length [mm]	200	200	200
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+50	-25+50	-25+50







Туре	TN917-Q175L200-H1147	TN866-Q175L200-H1147	TN902/915-Q175L200- H1147
ldent no.	7030513	7030669	7030668
Operating frequency [MHz]	917920.8	866867.6	902907.5 and 915926
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum
Housing length [mm]	200	200	200
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+50	-25+50	-25+50









Туре	TN865-Q120L130-H1147	TN902-Q120L130-H1147	TN840/920-Q120L130- H1147
ldent no.	7030520	7030535	7030536
Operating frequency [MHz]	865868	902928	920925
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Aluminum	Aluminum	Aluminum
Housing length [mm]	130	130	130
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+50	-25+50	-25+50







Туре	TN917-Q120L130-H1147	TN866-Q120L130-H1147	TN902/915-Q120L130- H1147
ldent no.	7030537	7030671	7030670
Operating frequency [MHz]	917920.8	866867.5	902907.5 and 915926
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Mounting conditions	non-flush	non-flush	non-flush
Housing material	Aluminum	non-flush	non-flush
Housing length [mm]	130	130	130
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-25+50	-25+50	-25+50

5.5.8 Combination of UHF Read/Write Heads and Tags

The UHF read/write heads form a transmission zone for which the size depends on the combination of read/write head and tag. The listed maximum read/write distances only represent typical values under laboratory conditions without the effect of materials.

The achievable distances may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal). For this reason, the application must be tested in all cases under real conditions (particularly with read and write operations in motion).



Maximum Ranges of the UHF Read/Write Heads (Depending on Application Region)

								5	1-1-		- 5	- /	
M on metal etc. [m] L in air etc. [m]	Read/write head	TN865-Q120L130-H1147 (Europe) 7030520	TN902-Q120L130-H1147 (USA) 7030535	TN840/920-Q120L130-H1147 (China) 7030536	TN917-Q120L130-H1147 (Korea) 7030537	TN866-Q120L130-H1147 (Russia) 7030671	TN902/915-Q120L130-H1147 (Brazil) 7030670	TN865-Q175L200-H1147 (Europe) 7030452	TN902-Q175L200-H1147 (USA) 7030457	TN840/920-Q175L200-H1147 (China) 7030466	TN917-Q175L200-H1147 (Korea) 7030513	TN866-Q175L200-H1147 (Russia) 7030669	TN902/915-Q175L200-H1147 (Brazil) 7030668
TW-865-868-Q14L60-M-B110 7030376	M L	2.7 0.7	-	-	-			3.9 1.0	-	-	-		
TW865-868-R50-B110 7030257	M L	1.4 0.6						1.8 0.8	-	-	-		
TW865-868-L80-20-T-B44 7030484	М	-	-	-	_			-	_	_	_		
TW902-928-R50-B110	M	2.1	- 1.8	2.0	2.2			3.0 -	2.6	2.8	2.9		
7030404 TW860-960-Q22L77-B-B112	M	-	0.6 -	0.7	0.6 -			-	0.9	1.0 _	0.9		
7030458 TW860-960-Q27L97-M-B112	L M	3.9 4.5	3.7 4.9	3.7 5.4	3.7 5.2			5.5 5.9	5.2 6.8	5.2 7.7	5.2 7.4		
7030464	L	3.1	4.9	5.6	5.4			4.4	6.8	7.9	7.7		
TW860-960-L97-15-F-B44 7030524	M L	– 5.7	– 5.1	– 5.1	- 4.9			– 8.1	– 7.2	– 7.2	– 6.9		
TW860-960-L43-21-F-B38 7030592	M L	- 1.3	- 1.6	-	-			- 2.0	- 2.4	- 1.2	- 2.4		
TW860-960-L73-17-F-B40 7030593	M L	- 1.6	- 2.9	-	-			- 2.3	- 4.1	- 4.6	- 4.6		
TW860-960-L97-27-F-B44 7030618	M L	- 4.0	- 4.4	-	-			- 5.6	- 6.4	- 3.7	- 7.2		
TW860-960-L97-27-P-B44 7030619	M L	- 4.0	- 4.4	_	_			- 5.6	- 6.4	- 3.7	- 7.2		
TW860-960-L73-17-P-B40 7030620	M L	- 1.6	- 2.9	-	-			- 2.3	- 4.1	- 4.6	- 4.6		
TW860-960-L54-34-F-B38 7030621	M L	- 2.8	- 2.3	-	-			- 4.7	- 3.3	- 3.3	- 3.3		
TW860-960-L54-34-P-B38 7030622	M L	- 2.8	- 2.3	-	-			- 4.7	- 3.3	- 3.3	- 3.3		
TW860-960-L43-21-P-B38 7030623	M L	- 1.3	- 1.6	-	-			- 2.0	- 2.4	- 1.2	- 2.4		
TW860-960-L53-53-F-B44 7030624	M L	- 2.4	- 2.4					- 3.9	- 3.4	- 3.4	- 3.4		
TW-865-928-Q20L58-B110 7030375	M	2.2	1.7	1.7 1.7	1.6 1.5			3.1 2.2	2.3	2.4 2.4	2.3		
TW865-928-L76-18-21-F-M-B110 7030380	M	3.7 1.6	3.2 2.2	2.7 1.8	3.0 2.1			5.2 2.3	4.5 3.1	3.8 5.2	4.2		
	-												

5.5.9 Accessories

Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
	RH-Q240L280/Q280L640	7030296	Arm bracket for UHF read/write heads



UHF Tags 5.6

Type Code 5.6.1

T W Q51 - M - HT	- B128 - Ex	
T W Data carrier	- Q51 Housing	- M Features -
 Working frequency blank 13.56 MHz 865-868 865868 MHz 865-928 865928 MHz 860-960 860960 MHz 902-928 902928 MHz Data carrier, memory access W read/write R read only Turck RFID-System BL ident* 	 Housing BD10X1.5-19 screw housing, plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm BS10X1.5-19 screw housing, metal/plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm BV10X1.5-19 screw housing, stainless steel/plastic, M10 x 1.5, wrench size 19 mm I inlay & dimensions L label & dimensions QL rectangular & diameter Q51 rectangular & lateral length: 51 mm R round & diameter 	 Features C cheque card format F foil data carrier M for direct mounting on metal MF for direct mounting on metal, foil shielded P paper data carrier
HT High temperature (optional)	- B128 Memory capacity total	- Ex Approvals
High temperature	— Memory capacity total (size)	Approvals

- High temperature HT High temperature

B... ... Byte K... ... kByte

- Approvals

Ex Approval for Ex-Area

5.6.2 Features of the UHF Tags

- EEPROM tag with up to approx. 138 byte memory
- High temperature tags for use at -40...+240 °C, depending on ambient conditions
- Autoclave tags for use in pressurized hot water vapor at 121 °C
- Tags for direct mounting on metal
- Open and globally applicable standards (ISO 18000-6C, EPC Global Class1 Gen2)
- Optimized for small housing dimensions or high data transmission ranges
- Round, flat tags
- Smart label tags

Memory Module

Tags are available with an EEPROM memory. The memory size of the Turck tags is between 28 bytes and 138 bytes (up to 110 bytes of user data).

EEPROM (electrically erasable programmable read only memory) tags can ensure an unlimited number of read operations and up to 10⁵ write cycles.

Polarization of the Antenna

UHF tags normally have similar reception characteristics to a dipole antenna with a linear polarization. Depending on how the tag is fitted, horizontal, vertical or mixed polarization is used.



5.6.3 Setup of the UHF Tags

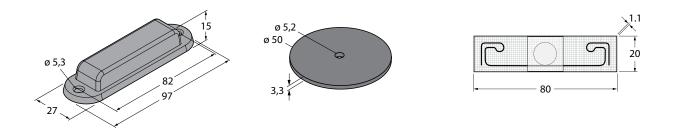


Fig. 20: UHF tags (examples)

Tags for a wide range of applications are available. Other properties of the tags include:

- Types for direct mounting on metal
- Types for particularly large temperature ranges, also high temperatures (-40... +240 °C)
- Type for use in autoclaves (pressurized steam up to +121 °C)
- Types as (printable) label (adhesive or inlay) in foil thickness

5.6.4 Operating Principle

An RFID tag is a mobile data memory consisting of a memory chip and a coupling element (coil or antenna). It can be written or read without contact in an RFID system. Tags with EEPROM and FRAM memories are available. Tags provide information on the object to which they are fitted, e.g. a unique identification number, batch number or specific production data. Prior to use, the tag is written with a worldwide uniquely assigned number, e.g. for UHF tags compliant with the EPCglobal Class 1 Gen 2 standard (ISO18000-6C) and for HF tags according to ISO 15693.

Turck tags are passive, i.e. they operate without the use of a battery and are powered by the magnetic or electromagnetic field generated by the read/write head. If the tag enters the transmission field of the read/write head, it is activated for writing and reading the data. To do this, the tag does not generate its own field but simply changes the field of the read/write head by modulating the load. For this a load resistor is switched on and off in time with the data to be transmitted, thus changing the mutual inductance of the HF tag or the properties of the wave reflected by the UHF tag. These changes are detected and evaluated by the read/write head.

The tags can be written to and read from without contact by a number of read/write heads. This requires the read/write heads and the tags to operate in the same frequency range. The detection ranges of the devices – depending on power and frequency – vary from a few millimeters to several meters. The specified maximum read/write distances only represent typical values under laboratory conditions without allowing for the effect of materials. The achievable distances may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids).

5.6.5 User Data Areas of Tags

The UHF tag memory is divided into four logical banks in accordance with ISO 18000-6C (also called "domains") and can consist of several blocks. Each block contains 2 bytes.

NOTICE

Incorrect writing to the tag Possible malfunction of the tags

- Proceed with care when writing to the reserved area (bank address = 00) or to the first four bytes of the UII memory (bank address = 01).
- Bank 00_{bin} Reserved area: This bank contains the passwords for securing the memory and for deactivating the tag. The passwords for deactivating are stored in the memory addresses 00_{hex} to 1F_{hex}. The passwords for access protection are stored in the memory addresses 20_{hex} to 3F_{hex}. Memory access to this reserved area is normally executed with separate protocol commands.
- Bank 01_{bin} EPC (electronic product code) or UII (unique item identifier): This bank contains the essential identification data of the transponder. The 16-bit checksum (CRC) is located in the first data word (from address 00_{hex}). The second data word (= 2 bytes) contains specific tag control information (protocol control byte, from address 10_{hex}). The actual data area of the UIIs starts at address 20_{hex}. The tags are identified in the BL ident[®] system by means of the first eight bytes of the data area, i.e. from address 04hex to 0Chex.
- Bank 10_{bin}-TID (tag identification): This area contains one of three values for determining the class identification (E0_{hex}, E2_{hex} or E3_{hex}) in accordance with ISO/IEC 15963, contained in the memory addresses 00_{hex} to 07_{hex}. If the class is ID E0_{hex}, the TID contains a 48-bit serial number.
- Bank 11_{bin} user area: This area is optional and contains a varying memory range for use as required by the user.

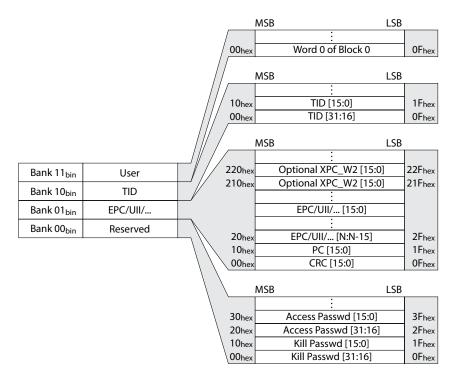


Fig. 21: Memory organization of the UHF tags



Turck offers BL ident® tags for the UHF range with the following chip types:

- EEPROM NXP U code
- EEPROM Impinj Monza[®]
- EEPROM Alien Higgs[®]



The number of banks for the different chip types varies. The Impinj Monza[®] 5 therefore only has three areas (the user area is not provided), whilst the NXP-G2XM contains all four areas.

Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 3 Chip

The type Impinj Monza[®] 3 UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 12 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
10	TID	101F	2	0001 + model number
		000F	2	fixed = 111000100000000
01	UII	207F	12	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 4D Chip

The type Impinj Monza[®] 4D UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	001F	4	freely usable
10	TID	305F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		101F	2	Manufacturer ID + model number
		000F	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	UII	209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 4E Chip

The type Impinj Monza[®] 4E UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 62 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags:

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	007F	16	freely usable
10	TID	305F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		101F	2	Manufacturer ID + model number
		000F	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	UII	2020F	62	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 4QT Chip – Private Mode

The type Impinj Monza[®] 4QT UHF tags in private mode are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes and a freely available user area of 64 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.



NOTE

Further information on the "public" and "private" modes are provided in the data sheet of the ICs used.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	001FF	64	freely usable
10	TID	60BF	12	UII "public"
		305F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		101F	2	Manufacturer ID + model number
		000F	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	Ull private	209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory



Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 4QT Chip – Public Mode



The following specifications for the Impinj Monza 4QT in public mode are only for information purposes since public mode is not supported by the BL ident[®] system.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
10	TID	101F	2	Manufacturer ID + model number
		000F	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	Ull "public"	207F	12	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with Impinj Monza® 5 Chip

The type Impinj Monza[®] 5 UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
10	TID	305F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		101F	2	Model number
		000F	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	UII	209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with Alien Higgs® 3 Chip

The type Alien Higgs[®] 3 UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 12 bytes and a freely available user area of 64 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	001FF	64	freely usable
10	TID	60BF	12	reserved
		205F	8	Serial number
		101F	2	Model number
		000F	2	Manufacturer ID
01	UII	207F	12	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of the Tags with Alien Higgs® 4 Chip

The UHF tags with Chip Alien Higgs[®] 4 are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	007F	16	freely usable
10	TID	60BF	12	reserved
		205F	8	Serial number
		101F	2	Model number
		000F	2	Manufacturer ID
01	UII	209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory



Overview of UHF Tags with NXP U-Code G2XM/G2XL Chip

The type NXP U-Code G2XM/G2XL UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 30 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	001FF	64	freely usable (only with NXP U-Code G2XM;) NXP U-Code G2XL has 0 bytes)
10	TID	203F	4	Serial number
		101F	2	Model number
		000F	2	Manufacturer ID, fixed 11100010
01	UII	2010F	30	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

Overview of UHF Tags with NXP U-Code G2IM Chip

The type NXP U-Code G2IM tags are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes, a freely available user area of 64 bytes and a user TID of 14 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
11	User	0027F	64	freely usable
10	TID	60CF	14	User TID, freely usable
		305F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		141F	2	Model number
		0813	2	fixed 00000000110
		0007	1	Manufacturer ID, fixed 11100010
01	UII	209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory

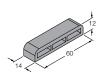
Overview of UHF Tags with NXP U-Code G2IL Chip

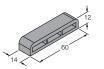
The type NXP U-Code G2IL UHF tags are provided with a UII memory area of 16 bytes. The following table describes the data structure of the tags.

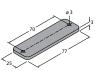
Bank address [bin.]	Bank name	Memory address [hex.]	No. of bytes	Remark
10	TID	203F	6	Serial number
		202F	2	extended TID header
		141F	2	Model number
		0013	2	11100010 + manufacturer ID
01	UII	20020F	2	Configuration word
		209F	16	UII
		101F	2	Protocol control bits
		000F	2	Checksum CRC-16
00	Reserved	203F	4	Password for memory access
		001F	4	Password to deactivate the memory



5.6.6 Available Device Types







Туре	TW865-868-Q14L60-M- B110	TW902-928-Q14L60-M- B110	TW860-960-Q25L77-B- B112
ldent no.	7030376	7030408	7030458
Operating frequency [MHz]	865868	902928	860960
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Memory size [Byte]	110	110	112
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP U-Code G2XM	NXP U-Code G2XM	Alien Higgs 3
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁴	10 ⁴	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP67	IP67	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-35+85	-35+85	-40+70
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-35+85	-35+85	-40+70
Special features	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal, suitable of outdoor applications	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal, suitable of outdoor applications	-
Mechanical features	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal	Flexible design for fixing on bent or irregular surfaces







Туре	TW860-960-Q27L97-M- B112	TW865-868-R50-B110	TW902-928-R50-B110
ldent no.	7030464	7030257	7030404
Operating frequency [MHz]	860960	865868	902928
Material of active face	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
Housing length [mm]	97	-	-
Memory size [Byte]	112	110	110
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	Impinj Monza 4QT	NXP U-Code G2XM	NXP U-Code G2XM
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁴	10 ⁴
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP69K	IP69K	IP69K
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+80	-20+85	-20+85
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	140 °C (1x100 h)	140 °C (1x100 h)
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+80	-40+90	-40+90
Special features	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal, suitable for outdoor applications	-	-
Mechanical features	Suitable for direct mount- ing on metal	-	-





Туре	TW865-928-Q20L58-B110
ldent no.	7030375
Operating frequency [MHz]	865928
Material of active face	Plastic
Housing material	Plastic
Housing length [mm]	58
Memory size [Byte]	110
Memory type	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP U-Code G2XM
Number of read operations	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁴
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3
Degree of protection	IP67
Ambient temperature [°C]	-30+70
Storage temperature range [°C]	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-30+70
Special features	-
Mechanical features	Fixing via metal loop







Туре	TW860-960-L97-27-F-B44	TW860-960-L97-27-P-B44	TW860-960-L73-17-P-B40
ldent no.	7030618	7030619	7030620
Operating frequency [MHz]	860960	860960	860960
Memory size [Byte]	44	44	40
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	Impinj Monza 4D	Impinj Monza 4D	Impinj Monza 5
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40	IP40
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+80	-40+80	-40+80
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+85	-40+85	-40+85
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive



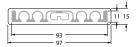






Туре	TW860-960-L54-34-F-B38	TW860-960-L54-34-P-B38	TW860-960-L43-21-P-B38
ldent no.	7030621	7030622	7030623
Operating frequency [MHz]	860960	860960	860960
Memory size [Byte]	38	38	38
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	NXP U-Code G2iL	NXP U-Code G2iL	NXP U-Code G2iL
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40	IP40
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+80	-40+80	-40+80
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+85	-40+85	-40+85
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive







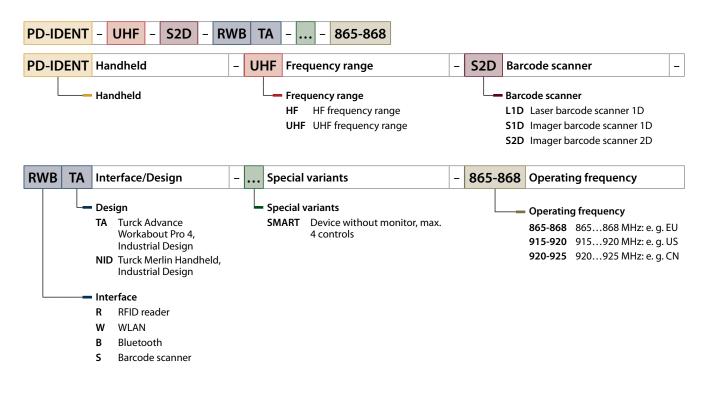
Туре	TW860-960-L53-53-F-B44	TW860-960-L97-15-F-B44	TW860-960-L73-17-F-B40
ldent no.	7030624	7030524	7030593
Operating frequency [MHz]	860960	860960	860960
Memory size [Byte]	44	44	40
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM
Chip type	Impinj Monza 4D	Impinj Monza 4D	Impinj Monza 5
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁵
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40	IP40
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+80	-10+85	-40+80
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	-	-
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+85	-	-40+85
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive



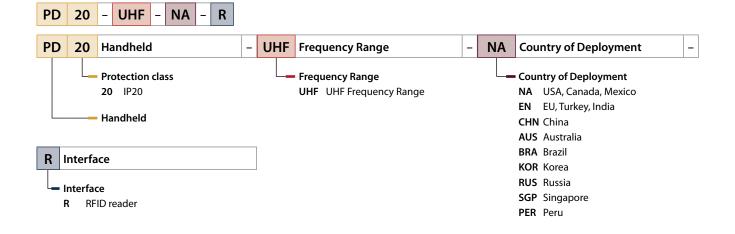
Dimension drawing				
Туре	TW860-960-L43-21-F-B38	TW865-868-L80-20-T-B44	TW860-960-L110-70-C-HT- B138	
Ident no.	7030592	7030484	7030412	
Operating frequency [MHz]	860960	865868	860960	
Memory size [Byte]	38	44	138	
Memory type	EEPROM	EEPROM	EEPROM	
Chip type	NXP U-Code G2iL	Impinj Monza 4D	NXP U-Code G2iM	
Number of read operations	unlimited	unlimited	unlimited	
Number of write operations	10 ⁵	10 ⁵	10 ⁴	
Typical read time [ms/byte]	2	2	2	
Typical write time [ms/byte]	3	3	3	
Degree of protection	IP40	IP40	-	
Ambient temperature [°C]	-40+80	-20+65	-25+50	
Storage temperature range [°C]	-	180 °C (up to 5 bar pressure and up to 10 min.)	-	
Storage temperature [°C]	-40+85	-	-25+230	
Special features	Smart label, self-adhesive	Smart label, self-adhesive	High temperature	

- 5.7 Handhelds
- 5.7.1 Type Code

PD ident Handhelds



PD20 handhelds





5.7.2 Features of the TA Handheld

- Available with HF or UHF antenna
- Mobile access to the data of a tag
- Suitable for indoor and outdoor use
- Alphanumeric keypad and touch screen display
- RFID and barcode combinable in one device
- Turck application software for reading and writing data
- Custom application software on request.
- Communication with other systems and databases
- Operating system: Windows CE
- IP65 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m

5.7.3 Features of SMART Handhelds

- Simple data acquisition
- Only 3 buttons
- Data transmission to iPhone and Android devices
- Combinable with barcode scanner

5.7.4 Features of the NID Handheld

- Handheld with cross dipole UHF antenna
- 2 W ERP RF power (1 W module) for a very large for read/write range
- Software-controlled antenna polarization (horizontal, vertical or cross polarized)
- 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes)
- Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system
- IP54 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m

5.7.5 Features of the PD20 Handheld

- Handheld with UHF antenna
- Connection to the host device via audio port
- = incl. Turck RFID app (iOS, Android) for reading and writing of data

5.7.6 Setup of the Handhelds



Fig. 22: Handhelds (examples)

Turck offers different industrially robust mobile handheld for the mobile reading and writing of tags. The handhelds are available for the HF and UHF range.

5.7.7 TA Handhelds Operating Principle

TA handhelds enable tags to be read and written from any location. The read data is displayed on a touch screen. They can be edited via the handheld and written to a tag.

The handhelds are available for the following interfaces:

- Bluetooth
- Wifi
- RS232
- USB

Optional features:

- Barcode scanner (also for data matrix codes)
- Customized software solutions



5.7.8 Operating/Indication Elements of TA Handhelds

The handhelds are provided with a 3.7" touch screen display as well as an alphanumeric keypad (55 keys).

5.7.9 Functions and Operating Modes of TA Handhelds

Turck Application Software

- Language selection: German, English, French, Spanish, Italian
- Support of different tag types
- Multi-tag detection and tag selection
- = Full addressing of the memory for reading and writing
- Support for ASCII, hexadecimal and decimal data formats

Turck application software for HF handhelds



Fig. 23: BL ident® TA-HF software

Turck application software fo	or UHF handhelds			
TURCK	EPC	Count	Memory Area:	PC 💌
BL ident® Software TA-UHF Language:			Start Byte: 0 Bytes: 1	HEX 🔻
English Save read data to: VFlash Disk/TURCK file.bt			Byte 0 1 0000-0003 00 00 0004-0007 00 00 0008-0011 00 00	2 3 00 00 00 00 00 00
Battery: 100% C UHF Settings				
Inventory/Selection Tag EPCs	Tags: 0 Start	Clear		
Read/Write next Tag	Tag Info	UHF Settings	Read	Write
Software Version 1.2.1 © Hans Turck GmbH & Co. KG	Home	Read/Write Tag	Home	Inventory Tag EPCs



5.7.10 Customized Software Solutions

Custom application	software available on request.
TURC	TURCK
AFI: 00	Reading before rain test
Read AFI Write AFI	Read barcode to start
LockAFI	Battery: 100% C 2016-11-08 13:14:55 C
Battery: 0% C	Menu
Gel. Zähler: 2/4	te Pallet: > UID: E00801D7E5554373
Zähler-Nr.: ATE4532143	Charge No.: 4325235
Vorletzter: 12345678 am 24.08 Letzter: 23455678 am 25.09	Order No.: 100321032
Aktuell: 31232433	User: John Q. Public
am 25.08	
Schreiben erfolgreich Lesen Schreib Lade Liste Übertrage Erweitert Exit	Timestamp: 10-09-2014 Reading successful en Read Write

Fig. 25: Examples of customized software solutions



5.7.11 Available Device Types

Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
	PD-IDENT-HF-RWBTA	7030601	 Handheld with HF antenna Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-HF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several knocks from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Incl. stylus holder, docking station with power supply unit, USB cable Optional on request: Software development kit (SDK)
	PD-IDENT-HF-S2D-RWBTA	7030602	 Handheld with HF antenna 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-HF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several knocks from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Incl. pistol grip, docking station with power supply unit, USB cable Optional on request: Software development kit (SDK)
	PD-IDENT-HF-L1D-RBUP- SMART	7030564	 Handheld with HF antenna Keypad function (HID) for wireless transmission of the read data via Bluetooth (also to IOS devices) or USB Bidirectional communication with Android devices With Barcode 1D laser scanner Only three keys for easy operation OEM configuration tool Incl. power supply unit, battery, Bluetooth, USB transceiver and fixing clip
	PD-IDENT-UHF-RWBTA-865- 868	7030636	 Handheld with UHF antenna Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several knocks from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Incl. stylus holder, docking station with power supply unit, USB cable
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D-RWB- TA-865-868	7030637	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several knocks from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Incl. pistol grip, docking station with power supply unit, USB cable

Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
	PD-IDENT-UHF-RWBTA-902- 928	7030642	 Handheld with UHF antenna Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m Incl. PD-IDENT-TA-4400 battery, PD-IDENT-TA-DOCK docking station with power supply unit and USB cable, operator stylus with PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS-HOLDER-KIT holder
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D-RWB- TA-902-928	7030643	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m Incl. pistol grip, PD-IDENT-TA-4400 battery, PD-IDENT-TA-DOCK docking station with power supply unit and USB cable, operator stylus with PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS-HOLDER-KIT holder
	PD-IDENT-UHF-RWBTA-920- 925	7030644	 Handheld with UHF antenna Windows Embedded CE 6.0 (CN) operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF (EN/CN) software for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m Incl. PD-IDENT-TA-4400 battery, PD-IDENT-TA-DOCK docking station with power supply unit and USB cable, operator stylus with PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS-HOLDER-KIT holder
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D-RWB- TA-920-925	7030645	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 (CN) operating system Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF (EN/CN) software for reading and writing tags Custom application software on request With Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth wireless interface Degree of protection IP65 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m Incl. pistol grip, PD-IDENT-TA-4400 battery, PD-IDENT-TA-DOCK docking station with power supply unit and USB cable, operator stylus with PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS-HOLDER-KIT holder
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D- RWBTNID-865-868	7030691	 Handheld with cross dipole UHF antenna 2W ERP RF power (1 W module) for a very large for read/ write range Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Software-controlled antenna polarization, horizontal, vertical or cross polarized 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system IP54 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D- RWBTNIP-917-920	7030692	 Handheld with cross dipole UHF antenna 1W ERP RF power (500 mW module) for a very large for read/write range Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Software-controlled antenna polarization, horizontal, vertical or cross polarized 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system IP54 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m



Dimension drawing	Туре	ldent no.	Description
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D- RWBTNIP-902-928	7030707	 Handheld with cross dipole UHF antenna 1W ERP RF power (500 mW module) for a very large for read/write range Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Software-controlled antenna polarization, horizontal, vertical or cross polarized 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system IP54 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m
	PD-IDENT-UHF-S2D- RWBTNIP-920-925	7030708	 Handheld with cross dipole UHF antenna 1W ERP RF power (500 mW module) for a very large for read/write range Incl. Turck RFID TA-UHF software (DE/EN/FR/IT/ES) for reading and writing tags Software-controlled antenna polarization, horizontal, vertical or cross polarized 2D barcode scanner (reads 1D and 2D barcodes) Windows Embedded CE 6.0 operating system IP54 and drop protection up to a height of 1.5 m
	PD20-UHF-NA-R	100000996	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2W ERP RF power for a very large for read/write range Connection to the host device via audio port incl. Turck RFID app (iOS, Android) for reading and writing of data Custom application software on request Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and wireless interface via connected host device Degree of protection IP20 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Permanent 1800 mAh lithium ion battery, approx. 2 hours of active scanning Incl. Micro-B USB channel and power supply unit
	PD20-UHF-EU-R	100000995	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2W ERP RF power for a very large for read/write range Connection to the host device via audio port incl. Turck RFID app (iOS, Android) for reading and writing of data Custom application software on request Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and wireless interface via connected host device Degree of protection IP20 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Permanent 1800 mAh lithium ion battery, approx. 2 hours of active scanning Incl. Micro-B USB channel and power supply unit
	PD20-UHF-CHN-R	100000997	 Handheld with UHF antenna 2W ERP RF power for a very large for read/write range Connection to the host device via audio port incl. Turck RFID app (iOS, Android) for reading and writing of data Custom application software on request Wifi 802.11a/b/g/n and wireless interface via connected host device Degree of protection IP20 Withstands several falls from a height of 1.5 m on smooth concrete Permanent 1800 mAh lithium ion battery, approx. 2 hours of active scanning Incl. Micro-B USB channel and power supply unit

5.7.12 Accessories

Туре	ldent no.	Description
PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS-HOLDER-KIT	7030549	Stylus holder
PD-IDENT-TA-STYLUS	7030550	Spare styluses (5 pce)
PD-IDENT-TA-RS232	7030554	RS232 adapter cable for directly connecting the TA hand- held to a device with an RS232 interface
PD-IDENT-TA-POWERSUPPLY	7030597	Power supply
PD-IDENT-TA-POUCH	7030548	Carrying bag for the TW and TA handhelds without pistol grip
PD-IDENT-TA-DOCK	7030596	Docking station incl. power supply unit
PD-IDENT-TA-4400	7030518	Spare battery 4400 mAh
PD-IDENT-SMART-1050	100000954	Spare battery 1050 mAh
PD-IDENT-NI-DOCK	7030712	Docking station incl. power supply unit
PD-IDENT-NID	100000816	Spare battery 2600 mAh



5.8 Connection Technology

5.8.1 Type Code

RK4.5T - 5 / S2503		
RK4.5T Connector type	- 5 Cable length	/ S2503 Connector quality
Connector type	Cable length	- Connector quality
RK4.5T female straight; 5-pin	0.3 0.3 m	S2503 economic version:
WK4.5T female angled; 5-pin	2 2 m	cable: UL 20549; cable jacket:
	5 5 m	PUR, black; qualified for drag chain use, oil-resistant, flexible
	10 10 m	
	25 25 m	
	50 50 m	

5.8.2 Features

- Pre-assembled fieldbus and connection cables
- Connection accessories for bus and power supply
- Pre-assembled cables for connecting interface and read/write head
- Connection and extension cordsets for the food sector
- Cable length to the read/write head up to 50 m

5.8.3 Connection Technology Design

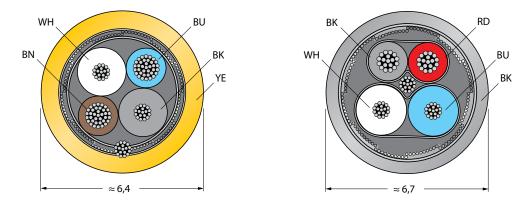
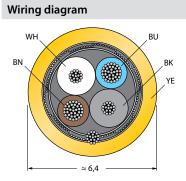


Fig. 26: Wiring diagrams of RFID cables, standard type (left), economy type (right)

5.8.4 Available Device Types

Standard Type



Technical data					
iechnical data					
4-pole, AWG 224 / AWG 22 Sheathing material: PUR, color: yellow halogen free, LABS free					
Shield: Aluminum foil, tinned plat	ed copper braid				
Sheath diameter: 6.4 mm					
Suitable for trailing applications, o	pil resistant, highly flexible				
Cable UL Style 20963					
Cable type	S2500				
Cable sheath	PUR, yellow				
Cable diameter	Ø 6.4 mm				
Shielding	Yes				
Core cross section	2 x 0.2 mm ²				
DC resistance (loop)	103 Ω /km				
Core cross section	2 x 0.34 mm ²				
Suitable for trailing cables	Yes				
Halogen free	Yes				
Connectors	Male/female connector, M12 x 1, straight/angled				
Types	RK4.5T, RS4.5T, WK4.5T				
Number of poles	5				
Contacts	Metal, CuZn, gold-plated				
Contact carrier	Plastic, CuZn, black				
Grip body	Plastic, TPU, black				
Coupling nut/screw	Metal, CuZn-Ni, nickel-plated				
Protection class	IP67				
Rated voltage	30 V				
Ambient temperature					
at rest	-40 90 ℃				

-25 ... 90 °C

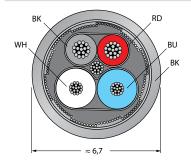
when moving



Dimension drawing	Cable length [m]	ldent no.	Туре
	100	8036048	KABEL-BLIDENT-100M
	2	8035244	RK4.5T-2/S2500
	5	6699206	RK4.5T-5/S2500
	10	6699207	RK4.5T-10/S2500
	25	6638421	RK4.5T-25/S2500
	50	6699422	RK4.5T-50/S2500
	0.3	6699210	RK4.5T-0.3-RS4.5T/S2500
	2	6699200	RK4.5T-2-RS4.5T/S2500
	5	6699201	RK4.5T-5-RS4.5T/S2500
	10	6699202	RK4.5T-10-RS4.5T/S2500
	25	6699211	RK4.5T-25-RS4.5T/S2500
	50	8035246	RK4.5T-50-RS4.5T/S2500
	2	8035245	WK4.5T-2/S2500
	5	6699208	WK4.5T-5/S2500
	10	6699209	WK4.5T-10/S2500
	25	6699423	WK4.5T-25/S2500
	50	6699424	WK4.5T-50/S2500
	2	6699203	WK4.5T-2-RS4.5T/S2500
9 15 MI2 x 1	5	6699204	WK4.5T-5-RS4.5T/S2500
	10	6699205	WK4.5T-10-RS4.5T/S2500
48.5	25	6638425	WK4.5T-25-RS4.5T/S2500
	50	6638426	WK4.5T-50-RS4.5T/S2500

ECO Version

Wiring diagram



Technical data

4-pole, AWG 19/24 (data cable), AWG 19/22 (power supply cable) Sheathing material: PUR, black halogen free, LABS free Shield: Aluminum foil, tinned plated copper braid Sheath diameter: 6.7 mm Suitable for trailing applications, oil resistant, highly flexible Cable UL Style 20549				
Cable type	\$2503			
Cable sheath	PUR, black			
Cable diameter	Ø 6.7 mm			
Shielding	Yes			
Core cross section	2 x 0.25 mm ²			
DC resistance (loop)	164 Ω /km			
Core cross section	2 x 0.34 mm ²			
Suitable for trailing cables	Yes			
Connectors	Male/female connector, M12 x 1, straight/angled			
Types	RK4.5T, RS4.5T, WK4.5T			
Number of poles	5			
Contacts	Metal, CuZn, gold-plated			
Contact carrier	Plastic, CuZn, black			
Grip body	Plastic, TPU, black			
Coupling nut/screw	Metal, CuZn-Ni, nickel-plated			
Protection class	IP67			
Rated voltage	300 V			
Ambient temperature				
at rest	-50 80 °C			
when moving	-25 80 °C			

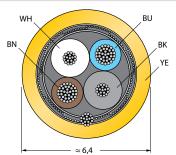


Dimension drawing	Cable length [m]	ldent no.	Туре
	100	7030351	KABEL-E-BLIDENT-100M
	2	7030341	RK4.5T-2/S2503
	5	7030342	RK4.5T-5/S2503
	10	7030343	RK4.5T-10/S2503
42	25	7030344	RK4.5T-25/S2503
	50	7030345	RK4.5T-50/S2503
	2	7030331	RK4.5T-2-RS4.5T/S2503
	5	7030332	RK4.5T-5-RS4.5T/S2503
	10	7030333	RK4.5T-10-RS4.5T/S2503
	25	7030334	RK4.5T-25-RS4.5T/S2503
	50	7030335	RK4.5T-50-RS4.5T/S2503
	2	7030346	WK4.5T-2/S2503
	5	7030347	WK4.5T-5/S2503
	10	7030348	WK4.5T-10/S2503
	25	7030349	WK4.5T-25/S2503
	50	7030350	WK4.5T-50/S2503
	2	7030336	WK4.5T-2-RS4.5T/S2503
M12x1 - 015 e15 M12x1	5	7030337	WK4.5T-5-RS4.5T/S2503
	10	7030338	WK4.5T-10-RS4.5T/S2503
485	25	7030339	WK4.5T-25-RS4.5T/S2503
	50	7030340	WK4.5T-50-RS4.5T/S2503

Versions for the Food Sector

Wiring diagram





lechnical data	
Degree of protection IP67/IP6	nd alkali cleaning agents and disinfectants 9K thanks to cleaning agent resistant PVC free plastics
Cable type	FB
Cable sheath	PP, yellow
Cable diameter	Ø 6.4 mm
Core cross section	0.25 mm ²
Connectors	Female connector, M12 x 1, straight/angled
Types	RK4.5T, WK4.5T
Number of poles	5
Contacts	Metal, CuZn, gold-plated
Contact carrier	Plastic, CuZn, black
Grip body	Plastic, PP, white
Coupling nut/screw	Stainless steel, 1.4404
Current carrying capacity	4 A
Protection class	IP67, IP69K (screwed)
Rated voltage	max. 250 V
Ambient temperature	
when moving	-25 90 ℃

Dimension drawing	Cable length [m]	ldent no.	Туре
	5	7030281	FB-RK4.5T-5/S2500
	10	7030282	FB-RK4.5T-10/S2500
	25	7030283	FB-RK4.5T-25/S2500
	50	7030284	FB-RK4.5T-50/S2500
	5	7030285	FB-WK4.5T-5/S2500
	10	7030286	FB-WK4.5T-10/S2500
	25	7030287	FB-WK4.5T-25/S2500
	50	7030288	FB-WK4.5T-50/S2500



5.9 BL ident[®] HF Simulator

The BL ident[®] Simulator enables you to simulate your individual application, combine different read/write heads and tags, and make the correct pre-selection for a system.

The simulator can be accessed as an online application at the following address: http://pdb.turck.de/en/DE/rfid/simulator

The Simulator enables you to set application parameters for speed, range and data capacity and change the values. This shows the possibilities and limits of the particular combination of read/write heads and tags.

As well as simulating the application, the Simulator also shows the relevant data sheets and documents. The application draws on the data of the Turck product database and thus always supplies the most up-to-date data.



NOTE

The maximum read/write distance and the length of the transmission zone only represent typical values under laboratory conditions. The achievable distances may vary by up to 50 % due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids).

- The application must be tested particularly for read and write operations with tags in motion.
- ► Keep the recommended distance of tag to the read/write head.

In this way you ensure reliable read/write operations in the sensing range despite any deviations.



Fig. 27: BL ident® Simulator

6 Planning and Preparing the Use of a BL ident[®] System

The following information provides help in selecting the appropriate BL ident[®] system components for your application. General selection criteria include:

- Mechanical dimensions
- Distance of tags to read/write heads for read and write operations
- Tolerances in the mechanical guidance
- Static and/or dynamic transfer of data
- Data volume to be transferred
- Speed of dynamic read and write operations (on the fly)
- Use in explosion hazardous areas
- Effects and interference from materials
- Ambient conditions such as hazardous areas, humidity, temperature, effect of chemicals etc.

Important criteria for selecting read/write heads:

- Mechanical dimensions
- Required transmission zone
- Size of the tag used

Important criteria for selecting interfaces:

- Degree of protection
- Fieldbus
- Number of channels

6.1 Clarify Requirements of HF Applications

6.1.1 Transmission Frequency

The BL ident[®] HF system operates at a transmission frequency of 13.56 MHz between the tags and the read/write heads.

HF RFID systems are largely insensitive to electromagnetic interference and can be run parallel to UHF RFID systems in an installation.

6.1.2 Lifespan of the Tags

The passive tags do not require any batteries. Their lifespan is defined by the number of possible read/write operations.

FRAM tags with 2K memory allow 10¹⁰ read and write operations each.

FRAM tags with 8K memory allow 10¹² read and write operations each.

■ EEPROM tags ensure an unlimited number of read operations and 10⁴ or 10⁵ write operations.

6.1.3 Degree of Protection

Read/write heads with a high mechanical degree of protection (e.g. IP67/IP69K) are available for harsh industrial conditions or wash-down applications. Temperature-resistant tags up to 240°C are available for the high temperature range.

The interfaces for connecting a fieldbus system are offered in degrees of protection IP20 and IP67. The BL ident[®] product range also includes the appropriate connection cables in a suitable degree of protection.



6.1.4 Compatibility

Controller Systems

The BL ident[®] system is compatible with several different fieldbus controller systems. The modular design allows the system to be adapted to the selected fieldbus system. This enables it to be integrated easily in existing applications.

The BL ident® system supports the following fieldbus controller systems:

- PROFIBUS-DP
- DeviceNet[™]
- CANopen
- Modbus TCP
- EtherNet/IP™
- PROFINET
- EtherCAT[®]

BL ident[®] systems can be integrated into (existing) fieldbus systems. This makes it possible to network multiple BL ident[®] systems.

The guidelines for the maximum expansion of the fieldbus system used apply. Further information is provided in the startup manual (see also chapter "Other documents").

Interoperability

A combination with systems of other suppliers is always possible thanks to international standards as well as standard technologies for the RFID sector.

The TURCK RFID system is optimized for the combination of BL ident[®] read/write heads, tags and interface modules. Different performance characteristics must be expected when combined with the devices of other manufacturers.

6.1.5 Transmission Zone and Read/Write Distance

The read/write head generates an alternating inductive field in the HF band. The recommended read/write distance depends on the combination of tag and read/write head. The distribution of the alternating field depends on the type of antennas in the tag and the read/write head.

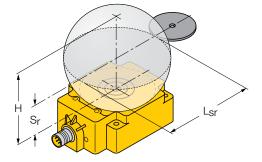


Fig. 28: Transmission zone in the HF range

A data exchange is only possible in the transmission zone. The L_{Sr} (length of the transmission zone) and S_r (recommended read/write distance) are used to identify the transmission zone more precisely. The width of the transmission zone is reduced the greater the distance is between the tag and the read/write head, and is reduced to a point at limit distance H. The greater the distance, the less data can be transferred or the speed at which the read/write head is moved past must be reduced.

Length of the HF Transmission Zone and Width Offset

The length of the transmission zone L_{Sr} depends on the combination of tag and read/write head.

The width offset is particularly important for the tolerance of a mechanical track guidance. An illustration of this dependency is shown in the BL ident[®] Simulator at www.turck.com.

6.1.6 Minimum Distance of Tag and Read/Write Head

With BL ident[®] a minimum distance between the tag and the read/write head is not necessary.

6.1.7 Permissible Motion Direction and Alignment of the Tags

The tags can move over the read/write head in any direction of movement if they are aligned parallel to the read/write head. The TW-R...-M-B146 and TW-R4-22-B128 tags must be aligned to the read/write head in order to achieve the maximum transmission zone.

6.1.8 Reading and Writing in Static Mode

In static mode, data exchange is possible up to the area of limit distance H (see Fig. 28) if the tag is positioned precisely over the read/write head.

6.1.9 Reading and Writing in Dynamic Mode (on the Fly)

In dynamic mode the tag moves past the read/write head. A data exchange is only possible in the transmission zone.



6.1.10 Read Time/Write Time

The tag must be located in the sensing range of the read/write head for a specific time in order for all the required data to be read and written reliably. This read or write time depends on the following factors:

- Command type (write or read)
- Memory type of the tag (EEPROM or FRAM)
- Data volume
- Increase in sensing range (resulting from the combination of the type of read/write head and the tag, see chapter "Operating data")

Write and read operations can be disturbed by the following factors:

- Electromagnetic interference (see chapter "Ensuring electromagnetic compatibility")
- Damping of the electromagnetic field (range reduction)

The following sections show the time required for reading or writing a specific data volume. The write-read time required depends on the memory type of the tag.

Turck offers BL ident® tags for the HF range with the following memory types:

- EEPROM-I-Code SL2
- FRAM

EEPROM Tags

The EEPROM tag is divided into 4 byte data blocks.

The start address and length of the read/written bytes can be selected as required within the user data range.

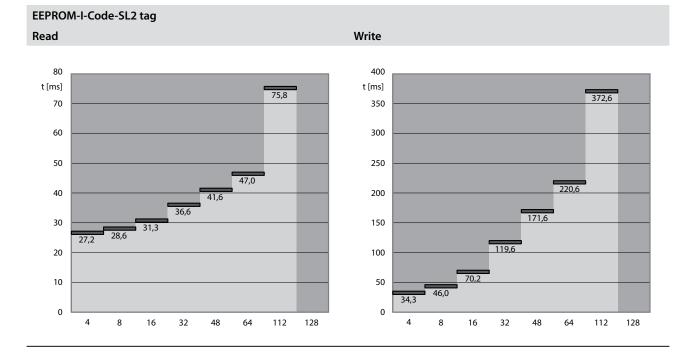
Access to the user data range is only possible in blocks. This has an effect on the required read or write time: For example, no time saving is made if less than 4 bytes are to be read. The start addresses of the blocks are 0, 4, 8, 12...

Example: If 5 is selected as a start address and the length of the bytes to be read is 4, two blocks are processed.



NOTE

- Only enter multiples of 4 as the start address and the length of the bytes to be read/ written. The start address and the length of the read/written bytes are attributes of the write and read commands.
- When selecting the data memory range, give preference to the lower addresses.



The following diagrams apply if the instructions for time-critical applications are observed

Fig. 29: Dwell times for reading and writing of EEPROM-I-Code-SL2 tags

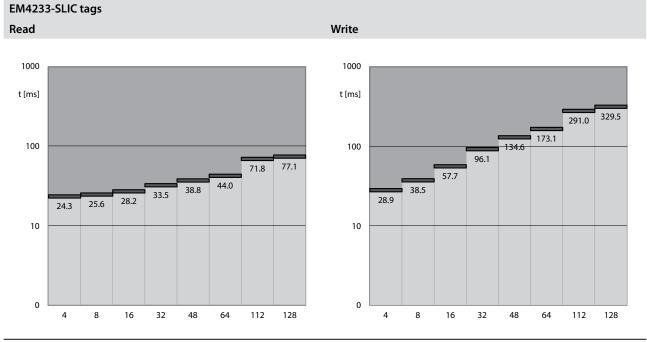


Fig. 30: Dwell times for reading and writing of EM4233SLIC tags



FRAM Tags

The FRAM tag is divided into 8 byte data blocks.

The start address and length of the read/written bytes can be selected as required within the user data range.

Access to the user data range is only possible in blocks. This has an effect on the required read or write time: For example, no time saving is made if less than 8 bytes are to be read. The start addresses of the blocks are 8, 16, 24, 32...

Example: If 19 is selected as a start address and the length of the bytes to be read is 4, two blocks are processed.

- Only enter multiples of 4 as the start address and the length of the bytes to be read/ written. The start address and the length of the read/written bytes are attributes of the write and read commands.
- When selecting the data memory range, give preference to the lower addresses.

The following diagrams apply if the instructions for time-critical applications are observed.

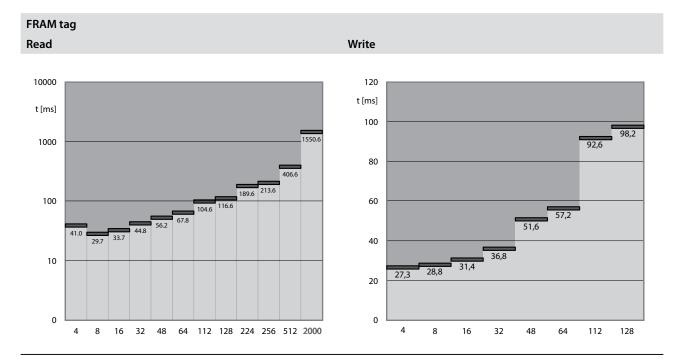


Fig. 31: Dwell times for reading and writing of FRAM tags

Planning and Preparing the Use of a BL ident® System

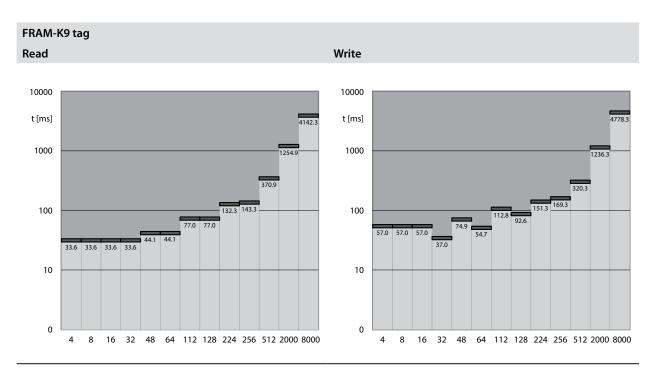


Fig. 32: Dwell times for reading and writing of FRAM-K9 tags

6.1.11 Passing Speed

The speed at which the tag can move past the read/write head depends on the combination of read/write head and tag and the data volume to be processed. Specific values for maximum speed and data volume can therefore only be given as examples.

The application parameters for Speed, Data capacity and Range can be changed for test purposes with the Turck BL ident[®] Simulator (available online at www.turck.com).

The processing time of the overall system must be taken into account as well as the data processing time in the read/write head. The time required for forwarding and processing the data in the overall installation can vary from application to application.

If your application is designed for a fast succession of tags, it may be necessary to reduce the speed at which the tags are moved past the read/write head.



6.1.12 Read/Write Distance

The achievable read/write distances depend on the relevant combination of tag and read/write head as well as the ambient conditions.

The possible read/write distance in the application depends on the following factors:

Data volume to be read

Passing speed

The HF read/write heads can achieve a range up to 1000 mm.



A test of the application under actual conditions is therefore always required. The maximum read/write distance is only an idealized value under laboratory conditions.

The following properties may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids):

- The achievable read/write distances may be reduced.
- The parameters for the achievable passing speed (read and write operations on the fly) and the maximum transmittable data volume also vary depending on the actual transmission in the relevant application.
- The recommended distance of tag to read/write head must be observed in order to ensure reliable read/write operations in the sensing range despite any deviations.
 The "recommended" and "maximum distance" entries are shown in the chapter "Combination of UHF read/write heads and tags".

6.1.13 Dwell Time of the Tag

The dwell time T_d is the time in which the tag is in the transmission range of the read/write head on passing. During this time the read/write head and tag can exchange data with each other. The dwell time T_d is calculated as follows:

 $T_d = L_{Sr} / V_{TAG}$

L_{sr}: Length of the continuously running transmission zone

V_{TAG}: Speed of the tag in dynamic operation

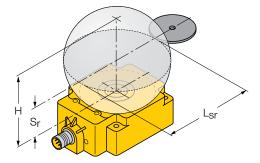


Fig. 33: Transmission zone in the HF range

In static operation, the dwell time must be at least as long as the communication between tag and read/write head.

In dynamic mode, the dwell time is determined by the system environment. The dwell time must be adapted to the transferred data volume.

The shorter the dwell time, the less the transferred data volume.

6.1.14 Calculating the Max. Quantity of User Data in Single Mode

The calculation of the maximum quantity of user data depends on the combination of tag and read/write head used.

Example:

A transport system moves pallets fitted with tags at a max. speed of $V_{TAG} = 1.0$ m/s in dynamic operation.

The following RFID components were selected:

- Read/write head: TB-M18-H1147
- Tag: TW-R30-K2

L = Length of the transmission zone (see operating data)

Calculate the dwell time of the tag: $t_v = L \times 0.8 / V_{TAG} = 0.018 \text{ m} / 1.0 \text{ m/s} = 0.018 \text{ s} = 18 \text{ ms}$

Calculate max. user data (n_{max}) for read or write operations: $t_v / t_{Bvte} = 18 \text{ ms} / 0.5 \text{ ms} = 36 \text{ bytes} => n_{max} = 36 \text{ bytes}$

When the tag passes a maximum of 36 bytes can be read or written.

NOTE

The BL ident[®] Simulator at www.turck.com enables you to illustrate different operating states in dynamic operation.

6.1.15 Minimum Distance between Two Tags in Single Mode

The minimum distance between two tags in static mode depends on the size of the transmission zone.

The minimum distance between two tags in dynamic mode depends on the following factors: Size of the transmission zone

- Data volume
- Bus cycle time



Appropriate tests to determine the minimum distance of successive tags must be carried out before startup.

6.1.16 Minimum Distance between Two Tags in Multiple Access

If the tags are located close together, it may not always be possible to ensure successful read/ write operation.

Select as large a distance between tags as possible if you wish to access multiple tags located simultaneously in the transmission zone (bulk detection).

Information about the expected performance must be determined by carrying out a function test under the specific application conditions.

6.2 Clarifying the Requirements of UHF Applications

6.2.1 Transmission Frequency

The Turck BL ident[®] UHF system operates at nationally specified transmission frequencies between the tags and read/write heads. These national frequencies for UHF are required due to the frequency ranges individually specified by the national regulation bodies.

The operating frequency of the devices in the UHF band is for example 865...868 MHz for Europe and 902...928 MHz for the USA. The BL ident[®] read/write heads in the UHF band can therefore only be used in the countries they are intended for and must not be put into operation outside of these regions. As the BL ident[®] UHF tags are passive, and therefore do not radiate their own radio waves, these are suitable for use worldwide.

Turck offers different tag variants that are specially designed and optimized for national frequency bands in order to achieve as large a communication range as possible. Wide-band multi-range tags for international use are also available as an alternative.

The various Turck read/write heads support the following transmission frequencies:

865...868 MHz (e.g. for Europe)

866...868 MHz (e.g. for Russia)

- 902...928 MHz (e.g. for USA and Canada)
- 920...925 MHz (e.g. for China)
- 902...907.5 MHz and 915...928 MHz (e.g. Brazil)
- 917...920.8 MHz (e.g. for Korea)

The relevant national specifications for UHF such as frequency range, output and the status of any national regulations can be obtained from the Internet at: http://www.gs1.org/

For more detailed information please contact the regulation authorities of the country where you wish to use the UHF RFID system.

HF RFID systems can be run parallel to UHF RFID systems in an installation.

6.2.2 Lifespan of the Tags

The passive tags do not require any batteries. Their lifespan is defined by the number of possible read/write operations.

= EEPROM tags ensure an unlimited number of read operations and 10⁴ or 10⁵ write operations.

6.2.3 Degree of Protection

Read/write heads with a high mechanical degree of protection (e.g. IP67/IP69K) are available for harsh industrial conditions or wash-down applications. Temperature-resistant tags up to 240°C are available for the high temperature range.

The interfaces for connecting a fieldbus system are offered in degrees of protection IP20 and IP67. The BL ident[®] product range also includes the appropriate connection cables in a suitable degree of protection.

6.2.4 Compatibility

Controller Systems

The BL ident[®] system is compatible with several different fieldbus controller systems. The modular design allows the system to be adapted to the selected fieldbus system. This enables it to be integrated easily in existing applications.

The BL ident[®] system supports the following fieldbus controller systems:

- PROFIBUS-DP
- DeviceNet[™]
- CANopen
- Modbus TCP
- EtherNet/IP[™]
- PROFINET
- EtherCAT[®]

BL ident[®] systems can be integrated into (existing) fieldbus systems. This makes it possible to network multiple BL ident[®] systems.

The guidelines for the maximum expansion of the fieldbus system used apply. Further information is provided in the startup manual (see also chapter "Other documents").

Interoperability

A combination with systems of other suppliers is always possible thanks to international standards as well as standard technologies for the RFID sector.

The Turck RFID system is optimized for the combination of BL ident[®] read/write heads, tags and interface modules. Different performance characteristics must be expected when combined with the devices of other manufacturers.



6.2.5 Transmission Zone and Read/Write Distance

UHF technology makes use of the properties of an electromagnetic wave for data transmission. The recommended read/write distances depend on the combination of tag and read/write head, as well as the physical conditions of the surroundings. The distribution of the alternating electromagnetic field depends on the type of antennas in the tag and the read/write head, as well as the layout and characteristics of the physical environment (e.g. reflecting obstacles).

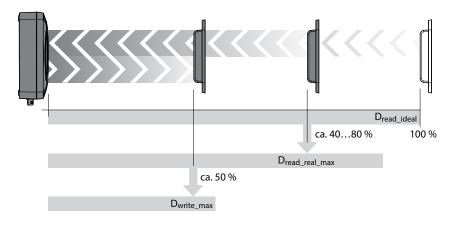
UHF Transmission Zone

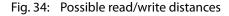
A data exchange is only possible in the transmission zone. The size of the transmission zone depends on the combination of tag and read/write head. The shape and extent of the transmission zone are primarily determined by environmental factors, such as obstacles in the physical surroundings of the read/write head and the tag. Metallic objects or objects with a high permittivity in particular change the size and extent of the UHF transmission zone with reflected and transmitted radio waves. Obstacles that are not located directly in the connection line between tag and read/write head, but for example at the side or rear, also cause a change in the transmission zone.

The transmission zone can take on a more or less jagged shape – with fading inside it. The optimum reliability of the application can be ensured by planning sufficient reserve in transmission distances and access times.

Planning Reserve Transmission Distances

Starting from the maximum possible read distance D_{read_ideal} for a particular combination of read/write head and tag, only approx. 40 ... 80 % of the maximum possible distance D_{read_ideal} may actually be used for read operations, depending on the mounting conditions in actual applications. The possible distance for write operations may be even less, e.g. only 50 % of the maximum possible read distance D_{read_ideal} .





NOTE

Range tests in real conditions must be carried out in all cases.

6.2.6 Minimum Distance of Tag and Read/Write Head

With BL ident[®] a minimum distance between the tag and the read/write head is not necessary.

6.2.7 Permissible Motion Direction and Alignment of the Tags

The tags can move over the read/write head in any direction of movement if they are aligned parallel to the read/write head.

6.2.8 Reading and Writing in Static Mode with UHF

Individual Access

In static mode with UHF, the tag can be located at a read/write distance of several meters if it is placed in a fixed position precisely in front of the read/write head.

Multiple Access

UHF RFID systems in static mode enable the reading of a large number of tags. Due to the inhomogeneous UHF transmission zone, several attempts may be necessary to achieve a complete data transmission. Tags may not even be detected in this mode if they are located in a dead zone.

6.2.9 Reading and Writing in Dynamic Mode (on the Fly) with UHF

In dynamic mode the tag moves past the read/write head at a specific transverse speed according to the configuration. A data exchange is only possible in the transmission zone. The BL ident[®] UHF system in dynamic mode enables the reading of a large number of tags. Due to the inhomogeneous UHF transmission zone, several attempts may be necessary to achieve a complete data transmission. An additional time reserve for detecting all tags must therefore be included in planning.

6.2.10 Read Time/Write Time

The tag must be located in the sensing range of the read/write head for a specific time in order for all the required data to be read and written reliably. This read or write time depends on the following factors:

- Command type (write or read)
- Memory type of the tag (EEPROM or FRAM)
- Data volume
- Homogeneity of the electromagnetic field with UHF (interruption of the communication with moving tags due to field reflections and interference; interaction of radio waves with the environment)

The acquisition of data may be disturbed by the following factors:

- Electromagnetic interference
- Interference may cause the cancellation of the waves and fading.



6.2.11 Passing Speed

The speed at which the tag can move past the read/write head depends on the data volume to be processed, the combination of read/write head and tag, as well as the spatial conditions of the environment. Specific values for maximum speed and data volume can therefore only be given as examples.

The UHF system normally offers a higher read speed than the HF system. Many tags are detected simultaneously (bulk detection), fast moving tags are detected reliably.

The processing time of the overall configuration of the ID system must be taken into account as well as the data processing time in the read/write head. The time required for forwarding and processing the data in the overall installation can vary from application to application. If your application is designed for a rapid succession of tags, it may be necessary to reduce the speed at which the tags are moved past the read/write head.

6.2.12 Read/Write Distance

The achievable read/write distances depend on the relevant combination of tag and read/write head as well as the ambient conditions.

The possible read/write distance in the application depends on the following factors:

- Transmission output of the read/write head: The higher the transmission output of the read/ write head, the greater the read/write distance.
- Size and design of the tag: The larger the antenna of the tag, the greater the energy consumption and therefore the greater the read/write distance
- Absorption factor of materials in the spatial environment: The greater the absorption of the electromagnetic waves, the smaller the read/write read distance.
- Reflective properties of the environment: In an environment with a lot of reflective materials (e.g. in rooms with reflective surfaces, machines, concrete walls) the read/write distance can be considerably greater than in an environment with low reflective properties. Overreaches are just as possible as fading.
- Tag frequency tuning: Tags for which the frequency is optimized for a specific region (e.g. 865...868 MHz frequency band for Europe) offer in this region higher read/write distances than tags designed with a broad frequency band.

The UHF read/write heads typically have a sensing range of several meters.

NOTE

A test under actual conditions is therefore always required. The maximum read/write distance is only an idealized value under laboratory conditions.

The following properties may be different due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the effect of materials (particularly metal and liquids):

- The achievable read/write distances may be reduced.
- The parameters for the achievable passing speed (read and write operations on the fly) and the maximum transmittable data volume also vary depending on the actual transmission in the relevant application.
- The recommended distance of tag to read/write head must be observed in order to ensure reliable read/write operations in the sensing range despite any deviations. The "recommended" and "maximum distance" entries are shown in the chapter "Com-

bination of UHF read/write heads and tags".

The write distance depends on the tag used and its mounting conditions. Depending on the application, the write distance is sometimes 30...50 % of the maximum read distance.

NOTE

Do not carry out write operations close to the limit of the transmission zone.

6.2.13 Dwell Time of the Tag

The dwell time T_d is the time in which the tag is in the transmission range of the read/write head on passing. During this time the read/write head and tag can exchange data with each other. In static operation, the dwell time must be at least as long as the communication between tag and read/write head. If communication is fault-free, the dwell time can be as long as required. If the tag is located in a dead zone due to interference, the dwell time is zero.

In dynamic mode, the dwell time is determined by the system environment. The dwell time must be adapted to the transferred data volume. The shorter the dwell time, the less the transferred data volume.

Communication in UHF RFID between the read/write head and the tag can fail on account of fading. Several transfer attempts may therefore be necessary to establish communication due to the inhomogeneous UHF field. When planning the dwell time, additional time must therefore be reserved for any repeat attempts.



The number of automatic retries can be set via the offline parameters of the higherlevel controller (PLC).

6.2.14 Minimum Distance between two Tags in Single Mode

The minimum distance between two tags in dynamic mode depends on the following factors:

- Data volume
- Bus cycle time



NOTE

Appropriate tests to determine the minimum distance of successive tags must be carried out before startup.



6.2.15 Requirements for Multiple Access

Multiple access means a read/write head can communicate with several tags at the same time. All tags must therefore be located in the transmission zone at the same time.

In multiple access the tags are distinguished by the read/write head by means of their UII/EPC. The read/write head can thus address a tag selectively by means of its specific UII/EPC. The tags must have different UIIs/EPCs for multiple access. If the tags have the same UII/EPC, these must be individually written with different UIIs/EPCs for applications with multi-access. If the tags are located close together, it may not always be possible to ensure successful read/ write operation.

Select as large a distance between tags as possible if you wish to access multiple tags located simultaneously in the transmission zone (bulk detection). The minimum distance between the tags is 50 mm.

Information about the expected performance must be determined by carrying out a function test under the specified application conditions.

6.2.16 Interaction with Several Read/Write Heads

In applications with several read/write heads run in parallel there is a risk that the tags are detected by different read/write heads at the same time. The detection of a tag by several read/ write heads at the same time occurs particularly if the read/write heads transmit on the same channel (on the same frequency).

The BL ident[®] system uses different processes in order to ensure that a tag is only detected by the appropriate read/write head. These processes vary according to the application region: ■ Europe: Adaptive frequency agility according to ETSI 302 208 V1.2

China, USA, Korea: Frequency hopping procedure according to FCC Rules Part 15

Adaptive Frequency Agility

With adaptive frequency agility the read/write head checks prior to transmission the four adjacent channels of the current transmit channel. The read/write head transmits if two adjacent channels above and two adjacent channels below the transmission channel are free. The read/ write head transmits for a maximum of 4 s on one channel. If the adjacent channels are not free, the read/write head interrupts the transmission for 100 ms or jumps immediately to a free channel.

Frequency Hopping Procedure

With the frequency hopping procedure, the read/write head changes its transmit channel in a random or programmed sequence (FHSS – frequency hopping spread spectrum). The probability that two read/write heads are operating on the same frequency is reduced by the number of transmission channels:

Region	Number of transmission channels
USA, Canada, Brazil	50
China	16
Korea	6

Preventing Interaction when Using Several Read/Write Heads

Besides adaptive frequency agility and the frequency hopping procedure, the following are ways of preventing the interaction between read/write heads:

Observe the minimum distances of the antennas between each other

The minimum distance between two read/write heads using the same frequency depends on the maximum radiant power and the alignment of the antenna.

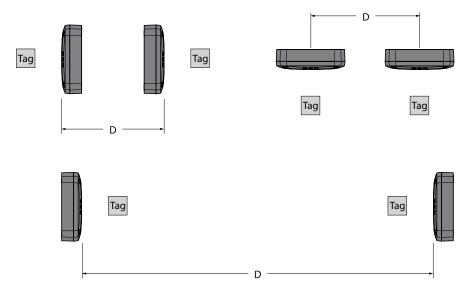


Fig. 35: Antenna alignment

Antenna alignment	Minimum distance D for TNQ175L200-H1147 with ERP = 1 W	Minimum distance D for TNQ120L130-H1147 with ERP = 0.5 W
Back to back	0.5 m	0.25 m
Side by side	1 m	0.5 m
Front to front	2.5 m	1.25 m



NOTE

The stated values do not take into account the effect of the tags.



Using Dense Reader Mode (DRM) (only for Use in Europe)

Dense Reader Mode (DRM) enables several read/write heads using the same transmission frequency and in close proximity to operate fault-free. The read/write head transmits on four transmission channels in compliance with ETSI EN 302 208 V1.2.1 and EPC Global. The response of the tag appears on the associated channels. Due to the large difference in signal levels between the transmit channels and the adjacent channels, Dense Reader mode offers significant benefits when a frequency is reused.



NOTE

When the read/write heads are used in Europe, the use of DRM filters is advantageous if several read/write heads are operated in a narrow space. The DRM filters can be switched on manually with the DTM for the read/write head.

Synchronizing Read/Write Heads through a Higher-Level Controller

Interference can be kept to a minimum if only one read/write head is always active for a minimum period. The read/write heads can be synchronized by the higher-level controller. The TDMA procedure should be used for the transmission.

Triggering Read/Write Heads

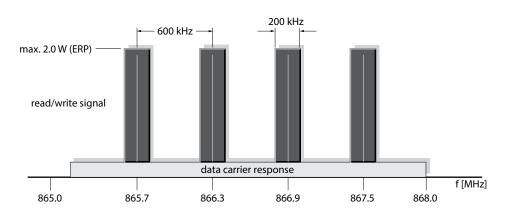
If read/write heads are triggered, the transmission field is only switched on if communication with the tag is required. If a tag is located in the detection range of the read/write head, the transmission field can be switched on, for example, by means of an additional sensor.

Creating a Channel Assignment Plan

Turck recommends the creation of a channel assignment plan for RFID applications which use adaptive frequency agility. If several read/write heads transmit on the same channel, they must be located as far apart as possible. The adaptive frequency agility is not available in all regions.

Region	Selective frequency selection (fixed frequency)	Adaptive Frequency Agility
Europe (ETSI)	allowed	allowed
Russia	allowed	allowed
USA/Canada	not allowed	not allowed
China	not allowed	not allowed
Korea	not allowed	not allowed
Brazil	not allowed	not allowed

Tuning Frequency Ranges and Channels



The following frequency ranges and channels are used for different regions.

Fig. 36: Frequency ranges in Europe, adaptive frequency agility

NOTE When using the read/write heads in Europe, use the four available channels equally.

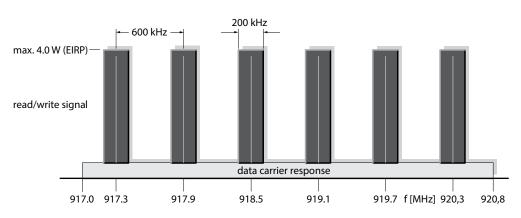


Fig. 37: Frequency ranges in Korea, Frequency hopping procedure

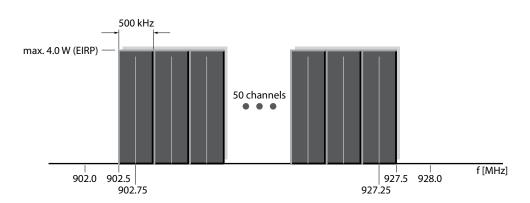


Fig. 38: Frequency ranges in the USA, Frequency hopping procedure



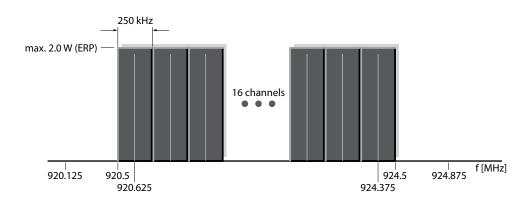


Fig. 39: Frequency ranges in China, Frequency hopping procedure

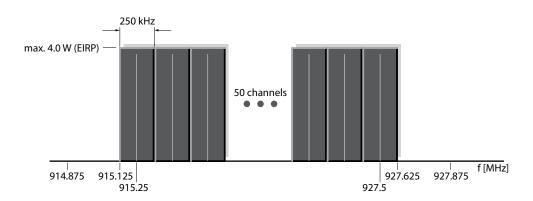


Fig. 40: Frequency ranges in Brazil, frequency hopping procedure

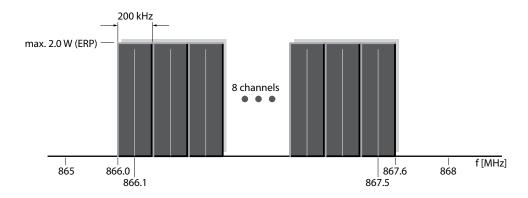


Fig. 41: Frequency ranges in Russia, adaptive frequency agility

Setting the Transmission Output and other Read/Write Head Parameters

In order to prevent mutual interference between components, read/write head parameters such as the transmission output can be set via the DTM.

Using Mechanical Shielding

Mechanical shielding (e.g. mesh grills) reduce interference, such as the faulty and unintended detection of tags positioned further away from the read/write head.



6.3 Effect on UHF RFID Systems

6.3.1 Electromagnetic Waves – Reflections and Interference

Electromagnetic waves in the UHF range behave and are propagated in a similar way to light waves. They are reflected on large objects such as ceilings, floors, walls, windows and interfere with each other. Interference may cause the following effects:

- Amplification of the waves and thus an increased read distance
- Cancellation of waves leading to fading

Real environments always contain several reflective objects which cause the interference of electromagnetic waves. It is therefore difficult to determine in advance the propagation paths and field strength of the electromagnetic waves for a particular location.



Range tests in real conditions must be carried out in all cases.

6.3.2 Reducing the Effect of Reflections and Interference

Reducing Transmission Output

- A reduced transmission output can keep interference to a minimum.
- Set the transmission output of the read/write head so that it is sufficient for a detection rate of 100 %.
- Synchronize read/write heads through a higher-level controller.
- Synchronize read/write heads using a higher-level controller in order to minimize interference.

6.3.3 Effect of Liquids and Non-Metallic Substances

Non-metallic substances and bodies as well as liquids can absorb UHF radiation. This can affect the field or cause the cancellation of the electromagnetic field depending on the size of a body and distance to the UHF radiation source.

Liquids and aqueous substances, ice, carbon have a higher RF attenuation in the UHF band. The electromagnetic radiation is partly reflected and absorbed.

Oil and petroleum based liquids cause a slight RFI attenuation in the UHF band. Electromagnetic waves penetrate these oil and petroleum based liquids and are only slightly attenuated.

6.3.4 Effect of Third Party Components

The performance of the UHF system greatly depends on the electromagnetic environment of the read/write heads. Although the requirements for electromagnetic compatibility are defined in the RED Directive, different components nevertheless produce mutual interference.

Reflections and Interference through Third-Party Components

Electromagnetic fields of the UHF read/write heads are weakened by absorbing materials and reflected by conductive materials. If electromagnetic fields are reflected, the reflecting fields and the fields of the read/write heads produce overlays (interference).

Third Party Components in the Same Frequency Band

UHF read/write heads can be severely affected by the transmission frequency of other components.

Third party components in the same frequency band

Third party components may transmit in frequency bands with adjacent bands which overlap the frequency band of the read/write head.

This may decrease the signal-to-interference ratio, thus reducing the performance of the RFID system.



6.4 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

6.4.1 Electromagnetic Compatibility – Definition

The electronic elements of an installation are exposed to different types of interference. This is due, for example, to the increasing density of installed components, the increasing amount of power electronics connected and the faster switching speeds involved. The higher the degree of automation, the greater the risk of mutual interference.

EMC is defined in the EU Directive 2014/30/EC as follows:

"Electromagnetic compatibility' means the ability of equipment to function satisfactorily in its electromagnetic environment without introducing intolerable electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment in that environment."

Interference sources arise through the combination of RFID with other parts of the overall system of an installation. When designing an installation it is therefore necessary to take precautionary measures to ensure EMC.

The RFI suppression of an installation as well as the observance of national specifications and regulations is the responsibility of the plant owner. The interference immunity of an installation mostly requires the implementation of several measures. Measures that are implemented when the system is installed can save later modifications and the need for fault rectification.

6.4.2 Cause of Electromagnetic Interference

Electromagnetic interference can only occur in an installation if the following elements are present:

- Interference source (emitter of interference, e.g. motor)
- Coupling (by which interference caused by the interference source reaches the interference sink, e.g. connection cable)
- Interference sink (recipient of interference, e.g. read/write head)

Interference cannot occur if one of these elements is missing, even if the interference source has strong interference emissions.

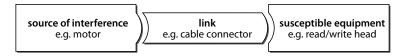


Fig. 42: Interference components

A system often has several interference sources and interference sinks. An interference sink can be an interference source at the same time and interact with other interference sources and sinks.

6.4.3 Basic Measures for Ensuring EMC

Measures to ensure EMC act at different locations (interference components) in order to reduce the effect on the interference sink as much as possible. The following describes a number of measures to ensure EMC.



Fig. 43: Mutual interference of the interference components and EMC measures

It is particularly important to know the coupling paths involved in order to implement the appropriate counter measures.

Analyzing coupling Paths

Interference coupling is possible on the following four coupling paths:

- Galvanic coupling
- Capacitive coupling
- Inductive coupling
- Radiative coupling

The radiated interference on the coupling paths has different causes:

- Connection cables:
 - Incorrect or unfavorable wiring
 - Missing or incorrectly connected shield
 - Unfavorably located connection cables
- Control cabinet or housing:
 - Missing or incorrectly wired equipotential bonding
 - Missing or incorrect grounding
 - Unfavorably located arrangement
 - Insecurely mounted modules
 - Unfavorable control cabinet layout

In practice the coupling paths are often very complex and considerable experience is needed to analyze them. However, interference sources and interference sinks can be easily identified by measuring their emissions and appropriate countermeasures taken.

Shielding the Housing

- > Install the device in a cabinet or a housing in order to protect it from external interference.
- > Integrate the cabinet or housing in the chassis ground.
- > Use partition plates to shield electromagnetic fields arising from inductances from the device.

Install a Ground Connection with a Large Contact Area

- Connect passive metal parts to the chassis ground using an HF low impedance connection across a large contact area.
- > Connect passive metal parts and the central ground point with a large area connection.
- Incorporate the shield ground in the chassis grounding system (connect the shield ground to the chassis ground across a large contact area).



Planning the Cabling

- > Divide the cabling into cable groups.
- ► Route cable groups separately.
- > Always route power cables and data cables in separate ducts or bundles.
- ➤ Always introduce cables from one side and at only level into the cabinet.
- ➤ Route the data cables as close as possible to chassis surfaces.
- > Twist the feed and return conductors of separately installed cables.
- Route the data cables between the read/write heads and the interface modules through the routing for the bus cable.

Shielding the Cables

- ➤ Shield the data transmission cables.
- > Connect the shield of the data transmission cables at both ends.
- ➤ Shield the analog cables.
- > Shield the analog cables at one end (e.g. on the drive unit).
- > Connect the cable shields to the shielding bus over a large contact area at the cabinet entry.
- > Fasten the cable shields with a low impedance contact using clamps.
- > Feed the connected shield through to the module without interruption.
- ► Use braided shields.
- ► Do not use foil shields.

Line and Signal Filters

- ► Use line filters with metal housings.
- Connect the filter housing to the cabinet chassis using an HF low impedance connection across a large contact area.
- > Do not fix the filter housing to painted surfaces.
- > Fasten the filter at the control cabinet entry or in the direction of the interference source.

Install Devices in a Control Cabinet

Magnetic and electrical fields and electromagnetic waves can be kept away from the interference sink by using a metal housing. The easier the induced interference current can flow, the greater the intrinsic weakening of the interference field.

- ➤ Connect all housing sections with a low impedance connection.
- If the control cabinet panels are insulated from each other, an HF connection can be established using ribbon cables and HF terminals or HF paste.

Interference can be prevented through optimum control cabinet design. In this case the following applies as a general rule: The effect of the interference decreases as the distance between the interference source and interference sink increases.

- > Install the interference source and the interference sink as far apart as possible.
- ➤ Install shielding plates to further decrease the interference.
- > Signal cables should have a minimum clearance from power cables or load cables of 10 cm.
- > Install correctly dimensioned line filters to avoid external interference via the network.
- ► Fit line filters directly at the cabinet entry.

Preventing Interference Sources

- Prevent the installation of interference sources that particularly occur with switched inductances.
- Relays, contactors, fluorescent lights in the control cabinet and valves are particular sources of interference.
- Possible interference can be prevented through the use of RC circuits, free-wheeling diodes etc.
- This also prevents stray inductive interference in the cables installed parallel to the coil cables.

Potential Equalization

Potential differences between different parts of a plant can arise due to the different design of the plant sections and different voltage levels. Equalizing currents then flow across the signal cables. Equipotential bonding prevents the occurrence of potential differences. Equipotential bonding should not be confused with the protective grounding. Protective grounding prevents the occurrence of excessive shock voltages in the event of equipment faults.

- ➤ Create a proper potential equalization:
- ➤ Use potential equalization cables with a 10 mm² cross section.
- Keep the distance between the signal cable and the associated equipotential bonding conductor as short as possible (antenna effect).
- > Use a fine-stranded conductor (better high-frequency conductivity).
- ➤ When connecting to the central equipotential bonding strip (EBS), combine the power components and non-power components.
- Route the potential equalization cables of the individual modules directly to the central equipotential bonding strip.

Shielding Cables

Signal cables must be shielded in order to prevent the coupling of interference. The best shielding is achieved by installing the cables in steel tubes. However, the use of cables with braided shields is normally enough. An incorrectly connected shield has no shielding effect.

- ► Ensure correct shield connection.
- Provide the shield with a large-area connection since interference signals are frequently within a range > 10 kHz.
- Connect the shielding bus to the control cabinet housing using a low impedance connection across a large area.
- > Fit the shielding bus as close as possible to the cable entry.
- Strip the cable and connect the cables clamped to the shielding bus with an HF clamp or using cable ties.
- > Connect the shielding bus with the protective ground (PE).
- ➤ If intermediate connectors are used that do not have a suitable shield connection, route the shield by fixing cable clamps at the point of interruption.



Possible Disturbance Factors and Countermeasures in RFID Applications 6.4.4

Problem	Measures
The use of switched-mode power supply units may cause radiated interference via the current supply.	Use a stabilized power supply unit.
Interference via the serial connection cable.	Improve the cable shielding. Ground the read/write head.
Use of another RFID read/write head causes HF interference via the antenna.	Position the antennas further apart from each other. Otherwise, change the alignment of antennas to each other. Install suitable damping materials between the antennas. Reduce the power of the read/write heads.
Two radio frequency systems in the same frequency band. HF interference via the antenna.	Change the channel if the national radio regulations allow.

7 Maintenance

> Always keep the firmware of the system components up to date. Contact Turck for firmware updates.

8 Repair

The system must not be repaired by the user. Decommission the device if it is faulty. Observe our return acceptance conditions when returning the device to Turck.

Returning Devices 8.1

If a device has to be returned, bear in mind that only devices with a decontamination declaration will be accepted. This is available for download at http://www.turck.de/en/retoure-service-6079.php and must be completely filled in, and affixed securely and weather-proof to the outside of the packaging.

Disposal 9



The devices must be disposed of correctly and must not be included in normal household garbage.

10 EC Conformity/Approvals

10.1 Interfaces

Туре	ldent no.	CE	UL	ATEX	IECEx	FM	TR-CU
BL20-GW-DPV1	6827234	x	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-E-GW-DP	6827250	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-GWBR-DNET	6827168	х	x	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-E-GW-DN	6827301	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-E-GW-CO	6827252	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-GW-EN	6827237	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-PG-EN	6827249	х	x	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-GW-EN-IP	6827247	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-PG-EN-IP	6827248	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-E-GW-PN	6827377	х	x	-	-	-	x
BL20-E-GW-EC	6827380	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-GW-DN	6827183	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-GW-DPV1	6827232	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-GW-EN	6827214	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-GW-EN-PN	6827228	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-GW-PN-AC	6827345	х					
BL67-PG-DP	6827240	х	х	-	-	-	х
BL67-PG-EN	6827241	х	х	-	-	-	х
BLCDN-2M12S-2FRID-S	6811002	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDN-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	6811049	x	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDN-4M12L-2RFID-S-2RFID-S	6811055	x	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-A	6811166	х	x	_	-	-	-
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8DI-PD	6811173	x	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-A-8XSG-PD	6811174	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDP-2M12MT-2RFID-S	6811177	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8DI-PD	6811178	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCDP-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-PD	6811179	x	х	-	-	-	-
BLCCO-2M12S-2RFID-S	6811300	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCCO-6M12LT-2RFID-S-8XSG-P	6811303	х	х	-	-	-	-
BLCEN-2M12MT-2RFID-S	6811450	x	х	-	-	-	-
BLCEN-2M12MT-2RFID-A	6811484	х	х	-	-	-	-
BL67-2RFID-A	6827225	x	х	-	-	_	Ex
BL67-2RFID-S	6827305	x	х	-	-	-	Ex
BL20-2RFID-A	6827233	х	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL20-2RFID-S	6827306	x	х	Zone 2	х	х	Ex
BL67-B-2M12	6827186	x	х	-	-	-	Ex
BL20-S4T-SBBS	6827046	-					



10.2 HF Read/Write Heads

Туре	ldent no.	CE	UL	ссс	ATEX	FCC	IC	FDA
TB-M18-H1147	7030001	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TN-M18-H1147	7030002	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TB-M30-H1147	7030003	х	х	х	_	х	х	_
TN-M30-H1147	7030004	х	х	х	_	х	х	_
TN-CK40-H1147	7030006	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TN-Q80-H1147	7030007	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TN-S32XL-H1147	7030008	х	х	х	-	-	_	-
TNLR-Q80L400-H1147	7030204	х	-	х	-	х	х	-
TB-EM30WD-H1147	7030221	х	х	х	-	х	х	х
TN-EM30WD-H1147	7030222	х	х	х	-	x	х	х
TN-EM18WD-H1147	7030223	х	х	х	-	х	х	х
TB-EM18WD-H1147	7030224	х	х	х	-	х	х	х
TNLR-Q80-H1147	7030230	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TNLR-Q80L400-H1147L	7030234	х	-	х	-	х	х	-
TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T	7030235	х	х	-	-	х	х	-
HT-IDENT-H1147	7030236	х	-	-	-	-	-	-
TNLR-Q80-H1147-EX	7030303	x	-	х	x	x	x	-
TB-EM18WD-H1147-EX	7030381	х	-	х	х	-	-	-
TN-EM18WD-H1147-EX	7030382	х	-	х	х	-	-	-
TB-EM30WD-H1147-EX	7030385	x	-	x	x	-	-	-
TN-EM30WD-H1147-EX	7030386	x	-	x	х	-	-	-
TNSLR-Q80WD-H1147	7030418	х	х	х	-	х	х	-
TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147	7030424	x	x	x	-	х	x	-
TNSLR-Q350-H1147	7030454	x	х	x	-	x	x	-
TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T	7030553	х	-	-	-	х	х	-
TN-M18-H1147/C53	7030728	x	х	-	-	х	-	-
TB-M18-H1147/C53	7030729	x	х	-	-	x	-	-
TN-M30-H1147/C53	7030730	х	х	-	-	х	-	-
TB-M30-H1147/C53	7030731	х	х	-	-	х	-	-
TN-CK40-H1147/C53	7030732	x	х	-	-	х	-	-
TNSLR-Q42TWD-H1147/C53	7030733	х	х	-	-	х	-	-
TB-Q08-0.15-RS4.47T/C53	7030778	x	-	-	-	х	-	-
TN-Q14-0.15-RS4.47T/C53	7030779	х	x	x	_	x	_	

10.3 UHF Read/Write Heads

Туре	ldent no.	CE	UL	FCC	IC	RTA	KCC	ANATEL	MPTRF
TN865-Q175L200-H1147	7030452	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TN865-Q120L130-H1147	7030520	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TN840/920-Q120L130-H1147	7030536	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	-
TN840/920-Q175L200-H1147	7030466	_	_	_	-	х	-	-	-
TN902-Q120L130-H1147	7030535	-	х	х	х	-	-	-	-
TN902-Q175L200-H1147	7030457	-	х	x	x	-	-	-	-
TN917-Q120L130-H1147	7030537	_	-	-	-	-	х	-	-
TN917-Q175L200-H1147	7030513	-	_	_	-	-	х	-	-
TN866-Q120L130-H1147	7030671	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	х
TN866-Q175L200-H1147	7030669	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	х
TN902/915-Q120L130-H1147	7030670	-	_	_	-	_	_	х	-
TN902/915-Q175L200-H1147	7030668	-	-	-	-	-	-	х	-



11 Glossary

AIDA

AIDA (Automation Initiative of German Automobile Manufacturers) is the name of the association of leading automobile manufacturers, which aims to establish a uniform standard for production processes in the sector.

Air interface

The air interface is the RFID transmission zone resulting from the combination of tag and read/ write head. The air interface makes it possible to exchange information and supply the tags with power (only with passive tags).

Antenna, active

An antenna normally consists of a coil which is used as a transmitting and receiving unit. The radio signals are transmitted between the read/write head and the tag via the antenna. An active antenna is integrated in the electronics of the read/write head.

Anti-collision procedures

Anti-collision procedures are processes for the detection of multiple tags in the air interface of a read/write head. To avoid a possible collision when receiving data, the tags are not addressed exactly at the same time but in very rapid succession or via different frequencies within the frequency band.

BL compact

BL compact is the name of a compact I/O system from Turck with IP67 protection. BL stands for Bus Link.

BL ident®

BL ident[®] stands for "Bus Link Identification" and is the name of the modular RFID system from Turck.

BL20

BL 20 is the name of a compact I/O system from Turck with IP20 protection. BL stands for Bus Link.

BL67

BL 67 is the name of a modular I/O system from Turck with IP67 protection. BL stands here for Bus Link.

Bulk detection

Bulk detection denotes the simultaneous detection (write/read) of multiple tags with a read/ write head. The read operations are carried out directly in succession. Each tag must only be detected once. Possible processes for this are, for example, the anti-collision procedure.

Bus

A bus is a group of signal conductors for the transfer of data and control information between different components (e.g. CPU, memory, I/O level) according to a defined protocol. A bus can be composed of a number of parallel cables for data transfer, addressing, control and power supply.

Class 1 DP master

A class 1 DP master (DPM1) is a central controller of a PROFIBUS-DP system, which exchanges information with the remote slaves cyclically in a fixed telegram cycle. The DPV1 functions (acyclical transmission of user data) can be used as an additional option. Typical devices are PLCs or PCs.

Class 2 DP master

Class 2 DP masters (DPM2) are used exclusively to transmit acyclical user data in a PROFIBUS-DP system and are used for tasks such as commissioning, maintenance and diagnostics in order to configure connected components. Typical devices include engineering or operating devices. A class 2 DP master does not have to be permanently connected to the bus system.

Configuring (modular fieldbus stations)

The configuration of a fieldbus station describes the systematic arrangement of the electronic modules according to their functions within a station.

Closed-loop system

In a closed-loop RFID system, the tags fitted to a workpiece carrier, container or a pallet do not leave the internal production process or intralogistic area of the company.

CODESYS

CODESYS (Controller Development System) is a development environment and programming system in accordance with IEC 61131-3 for PLCs and programmable automation components.

CPU

A CPU (central processing unit) is the processor of a computer which is the central element for handling all important computing processes.

Data retention

Data retention denotes the lifespan of the data on a tag in years, depending on the ambient temperature and other environmental factors.

Data carrier

see tag



Degree of protection

The degree of protection to IEC/EN 60529 and DIN 40050-9 defines the protection of device housings from contact and the penetration of foreign objects and water. The most typical degrees of protection for Turck devices are

- IP20: protection from solid foreign bodies with Ø > 50 mm; no protection from water (only use in the switch cabinet)
- IP65: full protection from dust and protection from water jets
- IP67: full protection from dust and protection from water with intermittent immersion
- IP69K: full protection from dust and protection from water with high pressure/steam cleaning

DPV1

DPV1 is an enhanced functionality of PROFIBUS-DP which allows the acyclical transfer of user data with acyclical communication functions in addition to the cyclical process data. The acyclical services are conducted at the same time and in addition to the cyclical process data transmission with lower priority.

DTM

DTM stands for Device Type Manager and denotes the application independent driver for computer-programmed devices and communication devices within an FDT defined frame application (such as PACTware[™]). The DTM includes:

- User interface for the device
- Device logic and parameterization

EAN

The EAN (European Article Number) is the previous designation (discontinued since 2009) for the internationally standardized global trade item number, GTIN.

EEPROM

An EEPROM (electrically erasable programmable read only memory) is a non-volatile electronic memory module, which is provided to ensure that data stored on it can only be read and not electronically deleted and reprogrammed.

EIRP – effective isotropic radiated power

EIRP denotes the radiated power including antenna gain. The EIRP value of antenna gain is based on an isotropic radiator.

Electronic module

The electronic modules provide the different functions of the Turck modular I/O systems in a fieldbus station, and are independent of the particular fieldbus used. The electronic modules are fitted to the base modules and form with them a functional unit. The electronic module remains independent of the wiring and can thus be replaced at any time with an electronic module of the same product series with the same functions. Possible functions:

- Digital inputs and outputs
- Analog inputs and outputs
- Technology modules such as RFID
- Power supply

EMC

By electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) is meant the ability of an electrical device to operate satisfactorily in an electromagnetic environment without adversely affecting or being adversely affected by other electrical equipment.

EPC

The electronic product code (EPC) is an internationally used key and coding system for the unique identification of products, packaging and product types through the individual allocation of serial numbers.

ERP - effective radiated power

ERP denotes the radiated power including antenna gain. The ERP value of antenna gain is based on a half-wave dipole.

FDT

FDT stands for Field Device Tool and describes the interface definition between the specific device DTMs used and the frame application (such as PACTware[™]). The FDT includes: ■ Standard user environment for all DTMs

- User management
- Management of the used DTMs
- Network configuration

Fieldbus

A fieldbus connects the stations in the field (such as sensors and actuators) in order to communicate with the process components (such as PLC, SCADA, industrial PC). A fieldbus typically offers a high transmission security and a real-time behavior. Fieldbus systems can be exposed to severe external conditions and are primarily used in industry.

FRAM

An FRAM or Ferro RAM (ferroelectric random access memory) is a non-volatile electronic memory module based on crystals with ferroelectric properties, which can be read or written. The key features of the FRAM memories are the low power consumption, short write times and a high degree of data reliability.

Function block

A function block is a self-contained program which provides different status, input and output bits as well as routines. Several designated instances of a function block can be created.

Gateway

By gateway is meant the hardware and software which connects different networks with different protocols (protocol converters). For this all the information of a telegram apart from the user data is converted from the source protocol to the destination protocol. In the modular Turck I/O systems, the gateway is the head of the particular fieldbus station and forms the interface between the fieldbus and the field level.



Gateway, programmable

The gateways which can be programmed with CODESYS according to IEC 61131-3 can be used as a PLC to independently control applications or act as a subordinate instance in the network for faster remote signal processing. Programmable gateways are thus used to relieve the load of the central controller of a network.

GSD

The GSD file (general station description, previously "device master file") describes the properties of the devices which are used in PROFIBUS-DP. The GSD file is a text file and is supplied in different languages. Configuration tools require the device information in order to complete the configuration and commissioning. The GSD file normally contains general information (e.g. vendor name and version) and with modular devices the communication features (e.g. module designations, texts for diagnostic messages, parameter options, parameter names).

ΗF

HF stands for high frequency technology and denotes the RFID applications using the frequency band around 13.56 MHz. The HF frequency band is defined by the international ISO 15693 standard.

IEC 61131

IEC standard (International Electrotechnical Commission) 61131 is an internationally recognized standard for programmable controllers, which specifies aspects such as the functional features, requirements and programming language of a PLC.

Initialization (memory media)

When a memory is initialized, the memory space is reserved and filled with initial values (such as variables, code, buffer, ...) required for the execution of tasks.

Inlay tags

An inlay is an RFID microchip and an antenna which are attached to a foil. These RFID inlays are further processed into a smart label for use as an RFID tag. Inlays are normally used as RFID tags before the conversion or the respraying process.

Interface set (BL ident®)

The interface sets of the BL ident[®] system are fieldbus stations with a permanently defined scope. They have a modular design and are each provided with a gateway and one of up to four RFID modules or as a compact module of the BL compact or TBEN system. The interface sets are available with up to 16 channels and for the simultaneous use of up to eight read/write heads. The gateway or compact station used depends on the fieldbus in use and the performance range of the RFID modules.

I/O system

An I/O system is the collection and distribution point for digital information or analog signals on the field level. With point-to-point wiring, the signals of the field instrumentation are collected on a remote I/O station in the plant, transferred to a digital protocol and fed via a bus cable to the controller.

ISO 15693

The ISO 15693 standard is a worldwide ISO standard which specifies the physical properties of the RFID tag (e.g. dimensions, load, UV and X-radiation, maximum temperature), the air interface (e.g. carrier frequency, modularization, transmission output, data rates, coding), the initialization as well as the anti-collision protocol and the transmission protocol.

ISO 18000-6C

The ISO 18000 6C standard is compatible with EPC Global Class 1 Generation 2 (also called UHF Gen 2) and defines the physical and logical requirements for a transmission process between a passive tag and a read/write head in the UHF frequency band.

Item level tagging

The identification of all goods at item level with tags is known as item level tagging.

LSB

LSB stands for "Least significant bit"; in a digital signal of a specific length, the bit that represents the lowest value.

MSB

MSB stands for "Most significant bit"; in a digital signal of a specific length, the bit that represents the highest value.

Open-loop system

In an open-loop RFID system the tags are fitted on each product (item level tagging) and leave the company after the internal production or intralogistics process.

Operating frequency

The operating frequency describes the frequency band which is used to exchange information between the tag and the read/write head. The frequency bands of the RFID applications are precisely specified for every technology and there are additional national restrictions on the operating frequency used.

PACTware™

PACTware[™] stands for "Process Automation Configuration Tool" and is an open and manufacturer-independent operator interface for the plant-wide operation of devices, systems and communication components. The connection between the PACTware[™] operator interface and the specific device DTM is implemented via an FDT interface. PACTware[™] enables the devices of an installation to be configured and operated simply, quickly and efficiently, as well as diagnosed if required.



PIB (Proxy Ident Block)

The Proxy Ident Function Block (PIB) is based on a specification of the PNO (PROFIBUS user organization). In this profile manufacturers and suppliers have set communication conventions between an industrial controller and an identification system. The result is a standardized interface which guarantees interoperability between systems of different manufacturers. The uniform communication mechanism between field device and function block in the controller guarantees end-to-end data consistency. The PIB also provides a number of status bits and commands. Besides the interoperability, the benefits are the fast implementation of the system in the central controller, rapid project implementation and investment protection. The BLident[®] modular RFID system from Turck is based on an open standard. A PIB function block for the Siemens S7 controller series is provided as well as a function block based on CODESYS, which can be operated, for example, in the programmable gateways of BL20/BL67 modular I/O systems.

Polarization (RFID)

Polarization describes the alignment of an electromagnetic wave. This is either linear or circulation polarization. Linearly polarized waves can be aligned vertically or horizontally depending on the alignment of the antenna. This may be a problem for RFID systems in which tags are fastened to goods as labels, as it mostly cannot be determined precisely how the antenna of the tag is aligned to the field. The solution is the radiation of circularly polarized electromagnetic waves. For this two antennas are arranged vertically to each other and one antenna is triggered with a 90° out of phase signal. Polarization is either left-hand or right-hand circular polarization (LHCP and RHCP).

(Protective) ground

In electrical engineering, the name given to a conductive area with an electrical potential of zero at any point. The electrical potential of the ground may not equal zero in the area around grounding devices, in which case this is called the "reference ground".

Reading device

See read/write head

Read rate

The read rate is the maximum speed at which a tag is read. The read rate is defined in bits or bytes per second.

Read distance

The read distance is the maximum distance at which a read/write head can read data from a tag. With HF technology the read distance is virtually identical to the write distance; With UHF technology the read distance is normally greater than the write distance.

Read/write head

A read/write head transmits via radio signal data from a controller to a tag and reads the data stored on the tag and forwards this to a controller. The core element of the Turck read/write heads is an active antenna.

RFID

RFID stands for radio frequency identification, and describes the contactless or non-visual identification of objects using electromagnetic waves. For this data can be read as well as stored.

RFID/UHF read/write distance

The achievable read/write distances depend on the relevant combination of tag and read/write head. The possible read/write distance depends on the data volume to be written and read as well as the speed at which the tag moves past the read/write head. The UHF read/write heads normally have a read/write distance of several meters.

Note: The maximum read/write distance of several meters is only an idealized value under laboratory conditions. The achievable distances may be reduced due to component tolerances, mounting location in the application, ambient conditions and the influence of materials (particularly metal and liquids). The parameters for achievable passing speed (read and write operations on the fly) and the maximum transmittable data volume also vary depending on the actual transmission in the relevant application. Depending on the tag, the maximum write distance can be considerably less (e.g. 50%) than the maximum read distance.

A test under actual conditions is therefore always required. All UHF read/write heads of the BL ident[®] system are suitable for single and multiple access to tags.

Smart label tags

Smart label tags are particularly inexpensive flat tags made of foil. The smart label tags are available in different variants, which can be stuck or printed etc., and are frequently used as disposable tags.

Tag

A tag is a mobile data memory consisting of a memory chip and an antenna which can be written or read in an RFID system without contact. The tag receives the incoming signals and responds to the signals "independently".

Tag, active

Active tags have their own internal energy source; the energy is used for the active transmission of information and to supply the internal memory.

Tag, passive

Passive tags have no independent power supply and take their power for transmitting information and for writing in the internal memory from the alternating electromagnetic field, which is generated by the read/write head. This type of tag is mainly used in the Turck BL ident[®] system.

Tagging

Tagging denotes the fitting of an object with a tag.

TBEN

TBEN denotes Turck's compact RFID and I/O modules with an Ethernet interfaces with degree of protection IP67/IP68/IP69K.



Tracking and tracing

Tracking and tracing denotes the tracking and tracing of movable objects in intralogistics or logistics. The process provides information on where goods are located at a specific time. Tracking denotes the location of a specific object at a defined time.

Tracing indicates events involving the materials, semi-finished goods and end products on their journey through the production and logistics chain.

Transponder

See tag

Transmission frequencies of Turck BL ident®/UHF

The Turck BL ident[®] system operates at nationally specified transmission frequencies in the UHF range of (865...928 MHz) between the tags and read/write heads. UHF systems in this frequency band achieve a higher read/write distance than HF systems, typically several meters. The national frequencies for UHF are required due to the frequency ranges individually specified by the national regulation bodies. The BL ident[®] read/write heads in the UHF band can therefore only be used in the countries they are intended for and must not be put into operation outside of these regions.

As the BL ident[®] UHF tags are passive, and therefore do not radiate their own radio waves, these are suitable for use worldwide. Turck offers different tag variants that are specially designed and optimized for national frequency bands in order to achieve as large a communication range as possible. Wide-band multi-range tags for international use are also available as an alternative.

The various Turck read/write heads support the following transmission frequencies:

- 865...868 MHz (e.g. for Europe)
- 902...928 MHz (e.g. for USA and Canada)
- 920...925 MHz (e.g. for China)
- 902...907.5 MHz and 915...928 MHz (e.g. Brazil)
- 917...920.8 MHz (e.g. for Korea)

The relevant national specifications for UHF such as frequency range, output and the status of any national regulations can be obtained from the Internet at: http://www.gs1.org

For more detailed information please contact the relevant authorities of the country where you wish to use the UHF RFID system.

Transmission zone (RFID)

see Air interface

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UHF
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UHF stands for ultra high frequency technology and denotes the RFID applications using the frequency bands between in the range 865...928 MHz. The requirements for the frequency and are defined in ISO 18000-6C, the specification of the frequency bands is made nationally by the relevant national authorities and is retained by the EPC.

- The frequency ranges covered by Turck products are:
- 865…868 MHz: Europe
- 866...868 MHz: Russia
- 902...928 MHz: North and South America, except Brazil
- 902...907.5 MHz and 915...928 MHz: Brazil
- 920...925 MHz: China
- 917...920.8 MHz: South Korea

Wink command

A Wink command enables the identification of stations on an Ethernet network. If a gateway is an Ethernet station and receives a Wink command, it responds with an optical signal (e.g. flashing LED).

Write distance

The write distance denotes the maximum distance that a read/write head can bridge to store data on a tag. With HF technology the write distance is virtually identical to the read distance; With UHF technology the write distance is normally less than the read distance.





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